

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 147, 207)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 147, 207) contains.

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Color

R_YB(136, 147, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8895CF
RGB	136, 149, 207
RGB Percent	53%, 58%, 81%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4156, 0.1882
CMYK	0.34, 0.28, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	229°, 43%, 67%
HSV	229°, 34%, 81%
XYZ	32.1659, 31.2394, 63.3660
YIQ	151.7250, -26.3660, 15.2820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

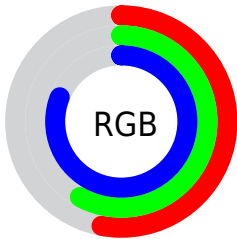
Format	Color
RYB	136, 147, 207
Decimal	8951247
CIELab	62.71, 9.17, -31.27
CIELCh	63, 32.591, 286.345
Yxy	31.2394, 0.2537, 0.2464
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287141327 (0xFF8895CF)
YUV	151.7250, 27.2506, -13.7908
Hunter-Lab	55.8922, 4.9152, -28.0935

Details

The RYB color **136, 147, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **152, 207, 136**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191, 201, 255**, and **83, 95, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115, 129, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 165, 207**.

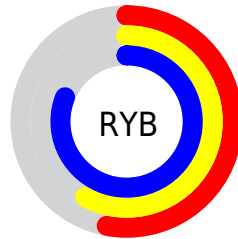
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (58%)

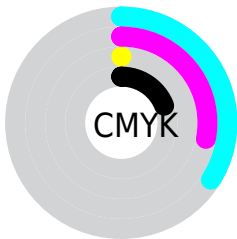
Blue (81%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (81%)

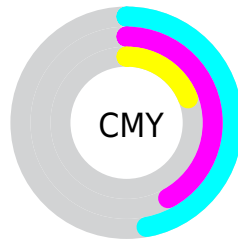


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 147, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 147, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 147, 207


255, 255, 255

 191, 201, 255

 219, 228, 255

 248, 252, 255

 136, 147, 207

 109, 121, 179

 83, 96, 152

 57, 71, 126

 31, 47, 101

 0, 23, 77

 0, 6, 54

 0, 2, 32

 0, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

■ 136, 147, 207

■ 136, 147, 207

■ 115, 129, 207

■ 157, 165, 207

■ 95, 112, 207

■ 177, 182, 207

■ 74, 94, 207

■ 198, 200, 207

■ 53, 77, 207

■ 209, 219, 207

■ 33, 59, 207

■ 214, 240, 207

■ 12, 42, 207

■ 213, 255, 207

■ 0, 32, 207

■ 207, 255, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89, 133, 207



136, 147, 207



175, 139, 192

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 147, 207



202, 145, 111



87, 135, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 147, 207



152, 207, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111, 162, 150



136, 147, 207



163, 183, 96

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 147, 207



209, 130, 137



95, 155, 95



51, 109, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 147, 207



193, 133, 175



95, 155, 95



99, 145, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 147, 207



230, 233, 255



136, 175, 207



112, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 147, 207



150, 167, 255



158, 136, 207



94, 96, 105



0, 26, 168



0, 6, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 136, 149



255, 150, 170



136, 207, 158



105, 94, 96



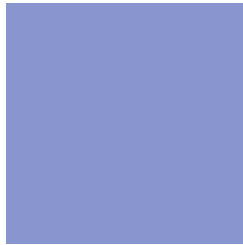
168, 0, 31



41, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 147, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

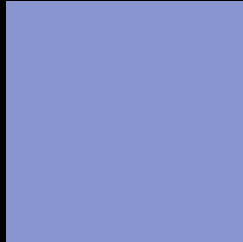
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 147, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

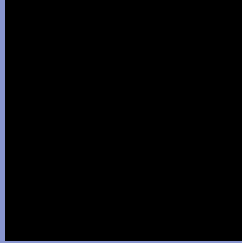
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 136, 147, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 147, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 147, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
136, 147, 207

Protanopia
134, 146, 207

Deuteranopia
135, 147, 207



Tritanopia
127, 144, 169

Trichromacy



Original Color
136, 147, 207

Protanomaly
135, 147, 207

Deuteranomaly
135, 147, 207

Tritanomaly
130, 146, 183

Monochromacy



Original Color
136, 147, 207

Achromatopsia
152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly
146, 150, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 136, 149, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(136, 149, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 149, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 149, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 149, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 147, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 149, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 149, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 149, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 149, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 149, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 149,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 147, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 149, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
149, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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