

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 159, 198)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 159, 198) contains.

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Color

R_YB(136, 159, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88ADC6
RGB	136, 173, 198
RGB Percent	53%, 68%, 78%
CMY	0.4667, 0.3233, 0.2235
CMYK	0.31, 0.13, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	205°, 35%, 65%
HSV	205°, 31%, 78%
XYZ	35.2065, 39.0317, 59.1044
YIQ	164.7870, -30.0770, -0.0690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

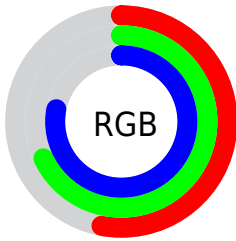
Format	Color
R _{YB}	136, 159, 198
Decimal	8957382
CIE _{Lab}	68.77, -6.32, -16.99
CIE _{LCh}	69, 18.124, 249.590
Yxy	39.0317, 0.2640, 0.2927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287147462 (0xFF88ADC6)
YUV	164.7870, 16.3740, -25.2462
Hunter-Lab	62.4753, -8.7424, -12.3581

Details

The RYB color **136, 159, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **198, 178, 136**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191, 214, 255**, and **84, 107, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116, 146, 198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156, 172, 198**.

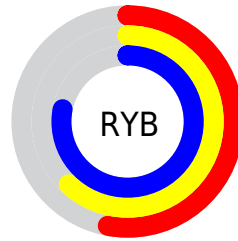
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (68%)

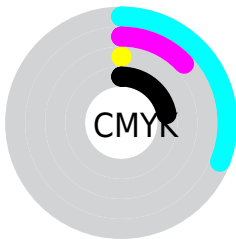
Blue (78%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (78%)

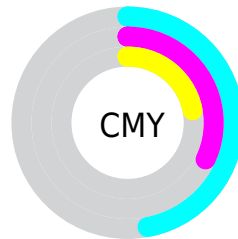


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 159, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 159, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 159, 198


255, 255, 255


 191, 214, 255

 219, 237, 255


 248, 252, 255

 136, 159, 198


 110, 133, 171

 84, 107, 144

 59, 82, 118

 33, 57, 94


 2, 30, 70

 0, 18, 48

 0, 1, 27

 0, 0, 0

 136, 159, 198

 136, 159, 198

■ 116, 146, 198

■ 156, 172, 198

■ 96, 134, 198

■ 176, 184, 198

■ 77, 122, 198

■ 195, 196, 198

■ 57, 109, 198

■ 215, 210, 198

■ 37, 97, 198

■ 235, 223, 198

■ 17, 84, 198

■ 255, 237, 198

■ 0, 74, 198

■ 246, 255, 198

■ 222, 255, 198

■ 209, 255, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 153, 188



136, 159, 198



156, 165, 200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 159, 198



202, 156, 163



142, 173, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 159, 198



198, 178, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 175, 136



136, 159, 198



200, 160, 148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 159, 198



194, 158, 180



191, 185, 138



139, 164, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 159, 198



171, 164, 196



191, 185, 138



139, 172, 148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 159, 198



232, 241, 255



136, 180, 198



113, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



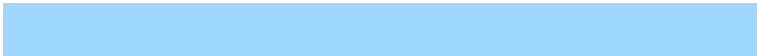
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 159, 198



158, 194, 255



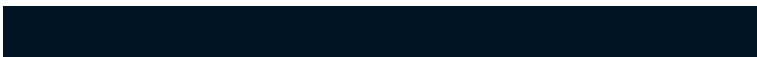
136, 141, 198



90, 93, 99



0, 60, 163



0, 13, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 136, 173



255, 158, 215



143, 198, 136



99, 90, 95



163, 0, 96



36, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 159, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

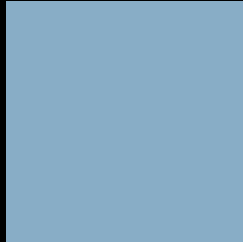
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 159, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

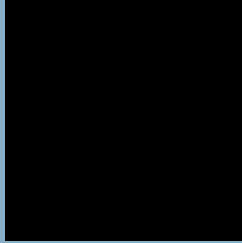
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

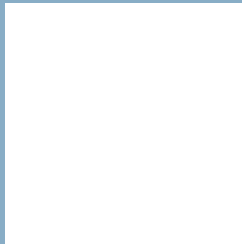
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 136, 159, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 159, 198.

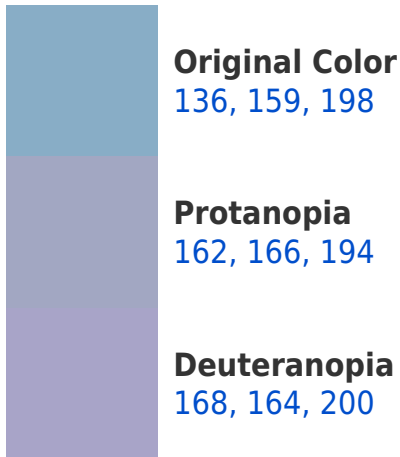


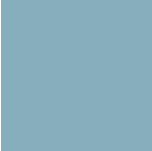
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 159, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
134, 157, 188

Trichromacy



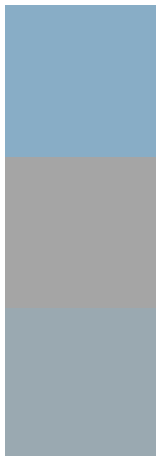
Original Color
136, 159, 198

Protanomaly
153, 164, 195

Deuteranomaly
156, 165, 199

Tritanomaly
135, 158, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color
136, 159, 198

Achromatopsia
165, 165, 165

Achromatomaly
154, 163, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 136, 159, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 173, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 173, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 173, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 173, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 159, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 173, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 173, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 173, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 173, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 173, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 173,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 159, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 173, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
173, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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