

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 162, 124)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 162, 124) contains.

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Color

R_YB(136, 162, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2997C
RGB	162, 153, 124
RGB Percent	64%, 60%, 49%
CMY	0.3647, 0.4005, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.23, 0.36
HSL	46°, 17%, 56%
HSV	46°, 23%, 64%
XYZ	29.9100, 31.8798, 23.6458
YIQ	152.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

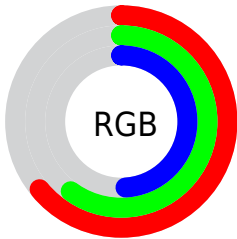
Format	Color
RYB	136, 162, 124
Decimal	10656124
CIELab	63.24, -1.47, 16.41
CIELCh	63, 16.477, 95.136
Yxy	31.8798, 0.3501, 0.3731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288846204 (0xFFA2997C)
YUV	152.3850, -13.9938, 8.4324
Hunter-Lab	56.4622, -4.2513, 14.6935

Details

The RYB color **136, 162, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **124, 131, 162**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 217, 177**, and **85, 110, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 162, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 162, 140**.

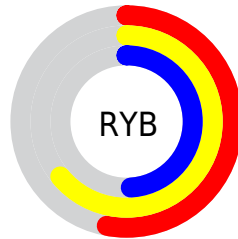
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (60%)

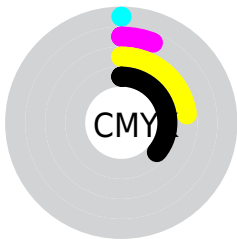
Blue (49%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (49%)

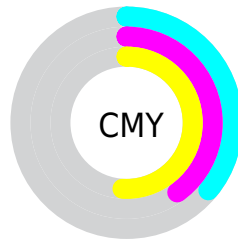


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 162, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 162, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 162, 124


255, 255, 255

 190, 217, 177


 219, 246, 204

 232, 255, 232

 136, 162, 124

 111, 136, 99

 85, 110, 75

 61, 85, 52

 40, 62, 31

 15, 40, 8


 2, 14, 0

 0, 0, 0

 136, 162, 124

 125, 162, 108

 136, 162, 124

 146, 162, 140

■ 114, 162, 92

■ 157, 162, 156

■ 103, 162, 75

■ 162, 164, 173

■ 92, 162, 59

■ 162, 167, 189

■ 81, 162, 43

■ 162, 170, 205

■ 69, 162, 27

■ 162, 173, 221

■ 58, 162, 11

■ 162, 177, 237

■ 51, 162, 0

■ 162, 180, 254

■ 162, 182, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 164, 127



136, 162, 124



129, 157, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 162, 124



114, 139, 169



174, 144, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 162, 124



124, 131, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159, 149, 177



136, 162, 124



123, 145, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 162, 124



117, 141, 162



140, 151, 182



183, 143, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 162, 124



134, 158, 160



140, 151, 182



170, 146, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 162, 124



202, 212, 197



162, 124, 133



102, 107, 99



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 162, 124



172, 212, 152



124, 162, 133



76, 82, 73



46, 145, 0



5, 18, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 131, 162



152, 164, 212



133, 124, 162



73, 75, 82



0, 28, 145



0, 3, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 162, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 162, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

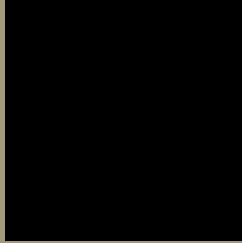
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 136, 162, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 162, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 136, 162, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

136, 162, 124

Protanopia

136, 162, 124

Deuteranopia

178, 163, 125



Tritanopia
166, 148, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color

136, 162, 124

Protanomaly

136, 162, 124

Deuteranomaly

170, 172, 125

Tritanomaly

165, 151, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color

136, 162, 124

Achromatopsia

152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly

148, 156, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 136, 162, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(162, 153, 124) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 153, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 153, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 153, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 162, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 153, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 153, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 153, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 153, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 153, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 153,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 162, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 153, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
153, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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