

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 6, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 6, 206) contains.

RYB(136, 6, 206)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(136, 6, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8806CE
RGB	136, 6, 206
RGB Percent	53%, 2%, 81%
CMY	0.4667, 0.9765, 0.1922
CMYK	0.34, 0.97, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	279°, 94%, 42%
HSV	279°, 97%, 81%
XYZ	21.3590, 9.8207, 59.1624
YIQ	67.6700, 13.2800, 89.7600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

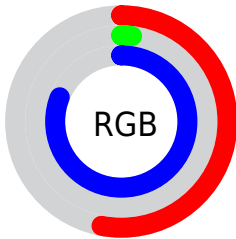
Format	Color
RYB	136, 6, 206
Decimal	8914638
CIELab	37.52, 73.30, -70.93
CIElCh	38, 101.999, 315.942
Yxy	9.8207, 0.2364, 0.1087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287104718 (0xFF8806CE)
YUV	67.6700, 68.1967, 59.9254
Hunter-Lab	31.3380, 66.8186, -89.9956

Details

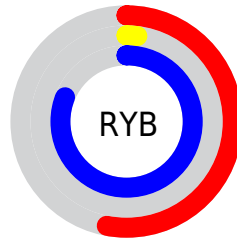
The RYB color **136, 6, 206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900CC**, and the color name is **french violet**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **6, 206, 136**, and the grayscale version is **67, 67, 67**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195, 82, 255**, and **76, 0, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134, 0, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 27, 206**.

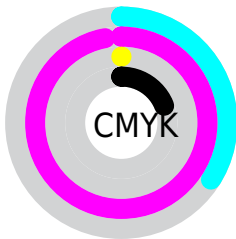
Distribution



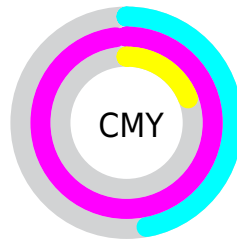
- Red (53%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 6, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 6, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 136, 6, 206

 136, 6, 206


255, 255, 255

 106, 0, 178

 195, 82, 255

 76, 0, 150

 226, 110, 255

 43, 0, 124

 255, 139, 255

 0, 0, 98

 255, 167, 255

 0, 0, 73

 255, 196, 255

 0, 4, 49

 255, 226, 255

 0, 1, 27

 0, 0, 0

 136, 6, 206

 136, 6, 206

■ 134, 0, 206

■ 143, 27, 206

■ 150, 47, 206

■ 158, 68, 206

■ 165, 88, 206

■ 172, 109, 206

■ 179, 130, 206

■ 186, 150, 206

■ 194, 171, 206

■ 201, 191, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 65, 253



136, 6, 206



207, 0, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 6, 206



137, 139, 0



0, 62, 132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 6, 206



6, 206, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 82, 114



136, 6, 206



0, 98, 32

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 6, 206



192, 0, 0



0, 110, 110



0, 75, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 6, 206



220, 0, 77



0, 110, 110



0, 61, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 6, 206



229, 181, 255



6, 58, 206



112, 83, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 6, 206



166, 0, 255



206, 6, 176



98, 92, 102



108, 0, 166



25, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 6, 76



255, 0, 89



6, 180, 206



102, 92, 95



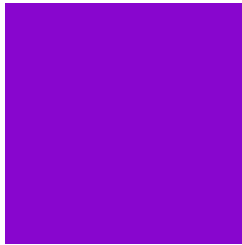
166, 0, 58



38, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 6, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

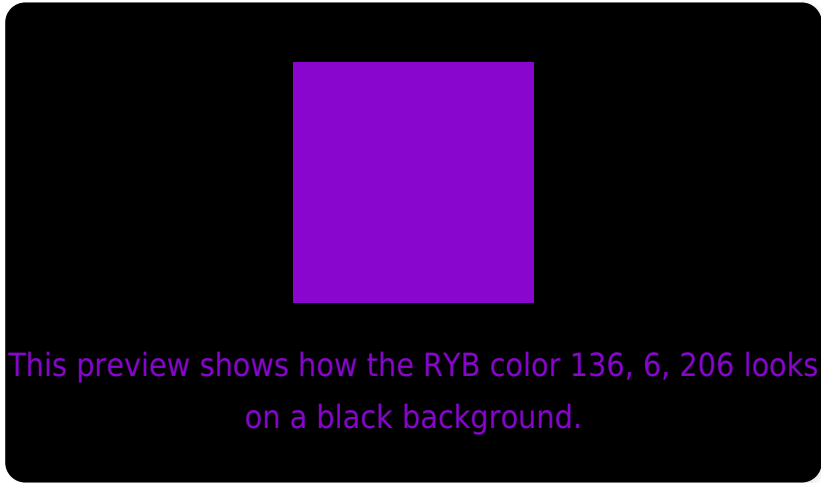
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

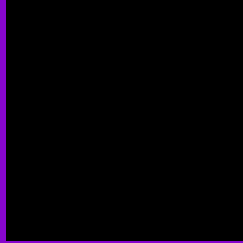
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 136, 6, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 136, 6, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 136, 6, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
136, 6, 206

Protanopia
0, 59, 183

Deuteranopia
0, 58, 158



Tritanopia
114, 81, 87

Trichromacy



Original Color

136, 6, 206



Protanomaly

49, 57, 191



Deuteranomaly

49, 60, 175



Tritanomaly

122, 54, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

136, 6, 206



Achromatopsia

68, 68, 68



Achromatomaly

93, 45, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 136, 6, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 6, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 6, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 6, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 6, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 6, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 6, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 6, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 6, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 6, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 6, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 6,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 6, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 6, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 6,  
206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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