

Converting Colors

`RYB(136, 98, 129)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(136, 98, 129) contains.

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Color

R_YB(136, 98, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886281
RGB	136, 98, 129
RGB Percent	53%, 38%, 51%
CMY	0.4667, 0.6157, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.05, 0.47
HSL	311°, 16%, 46%
HSV	311°, 28%, 53%
XYZ	18.4835, 15.5546, 22.7970
YIQ	112.8960, 12.6970, 17.6970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

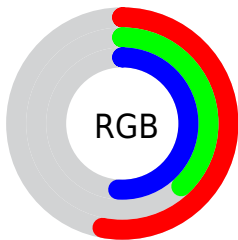
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 98, 129
Decimal	8938113
CIE _{Lab}	46.38, 20.78, -11.20
CIE _{LCh}	46, 23.607, 331.677
Yxy	15.5546, 0.3252, 0.2737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287128193 (0xFF886281)
YUV	112.8960, 7.9393, 20.2622
Hunter-Lab	39.4393, 14.6364, -6.6638

Details

The RYB color **136, 98, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **98, 130, 136**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190, 149, 182**, and **86, 51, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 84, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 112, 132**.

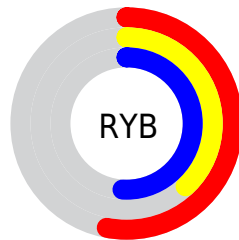
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (38%)

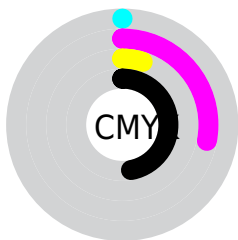
Blue (51%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (51%)

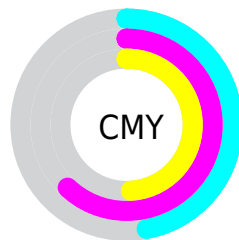


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 136, 98, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 136, 98, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



136, 98, 129



136, 98, 129

255, 255, 255



110, 74, 104



190, 149, 182



86, 51, 80



218, 176, 209



62, 29, 57



246, 203, 238



39, 7, 35



255, 232, 255



8, 0, 12



0, 0, 0



136, 98, 129



136, 98, 129



136, 84, 126



136, 112, 132



136, 71, 124



136, 125, 134

■ 136, 57, 121

■ 136, 138, 139

■ 136, 44, 119

■ 136, 149, 152

■ 136, 30, 116

■ 136, 161, 166

■ 136, 16, 114

■ 136, 173, 180

■ 136, 3, 111

■ 136, 184, 193

■ 136, 0, 111

■ 136, 196, 207

■ 136, 207, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 104, 144



136, 98, 129



148, 95, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136, 98, 129



87, 122, 70



42, 83, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136, 98, 129



98, 130, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55, 91, 121



136, 98, 129



76, 115, 90

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136, 98, 129



139, 120, 76



78, 109, 119



56, 92, 144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136, 98, 129



149, 96, 96



78, 109, 119



44, 83, 124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136, 98, 129



176, 162, 173



105, 98, 136



89, 80, 88



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136, 98, 129



176, 116, 165



136, 98, 110



69, 62, 68



133, 0, 108



5, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136, 98, 129



176, 116, 165



98, 121, 136



69, 62, 68



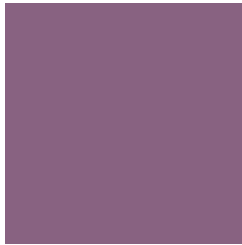
133, 0, 108



5, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 98, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

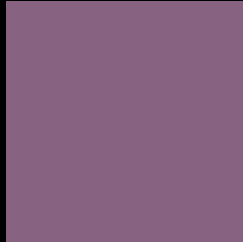
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 136, 98, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

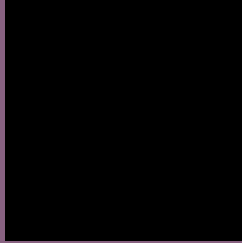
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 136, 98, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 136, 98, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 136, 98, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
136, 98, 129

Protanopia
104, 108, 137

Deuteranopia
113, 107, 127



Tritanopia
133, 102, 109

Trichromacy



Original Color

136, 98, 129

Protanomaly

116, 105, 134

Deuteranomaly

121, 104, 128

Tritanomaly

134, 101, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

136, 98, 129

Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly

121, 108, 119

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 136, 98, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(136, 98, 129) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 98, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 98, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 98, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 136, 98, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 98, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 98, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 98, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 98, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 98, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 98, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 136, 98, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 98, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 98,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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