

Converting Colors

`RYB(138, 133, 180)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(138, 133, 180) contains.

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Color

R_YB(138, 133, 180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A85B4
RGB	138, 133, 180
RGB Percent	54%, 52%, 71%
CMY	0.4588, 0.4784, 0.2941
CMYK	0.23, 0.26, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	246°, 24%, 61%
HSV	246°, 26%, 71%
XYZ	27.1070, 25.4736, 46.6682
YIQ	139.8530, -12.1070, 15.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

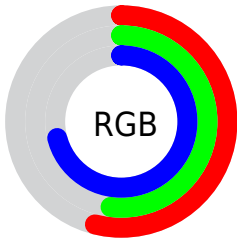
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 133, 180
Decimal	9078196
CIE _{Lab}	57.53, 12.16, -24.01
CIE _{LCh}	58, 26.915, 296.860
Yxy	25.4736, 0.2731, 0.2567
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287268276 (0xFF8A85B4)
YUV	139.8530, 19.7925, -1.6251
Hunter-Lab	50.4714, 7.5431, -19.4923

Details

The RYB color **138, 133, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **133, 180, 138**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192, 186, 236**, and **87, 84, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 115, 180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 151, 180**.

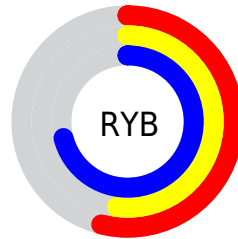
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (52%)

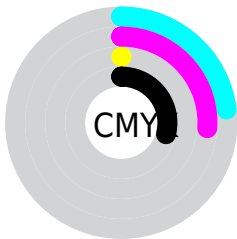
Blue (71%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (71%)

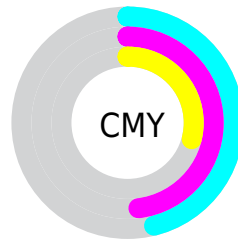


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 138, 133, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 138, 133, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 138, 133, 180

255, 255, 255

■ 192, 186, 236

■ 220, 214, 255

■ 249, 242, 255

■ 138, 133, 180

■ 112, 108, 153

■ 87, 84, 127

■ 63, 60, 102

■ 39, 39, 78

■ 16, 19, 55

■ 0, 1, 33

■ 0, 0, 6

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 138, 133, 180

■ 138, 133, 180

122, 115, 180

154, 151, 180

106, 97, 180

170, 169, 180

90, 79, 180

180, 187, 181

74, 61, 180

180, 205, 183

58, 43, 180

180, 223, 185

41, 25, 180

180, 241, 186

25, 7, 180

180, 255, 184

19, 0, 180

180, 255, 180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103, 129, 185



138, 133, 180



166, 125, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 133, 180



175, 145, 100



78, 119, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 133, 180



133, 180, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105, 142, 148



138, 133, 180



122, 157, 91

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 133, 180



185, 122, 118



96, 143, 107



60, 107, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 133, 180



178, 122, 150



96, 143, 107



87, 126, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 133, 180



218, 216, 235



133, 155, 180



107, 106, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 133, 180



170, 162, 235



161, 133, 180



81, 80, 89



16, 0, 153



3, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 133, 175



235, 162, 227



133, 180, 161



89, 80, 88



153, 0, 137



26, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 133, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

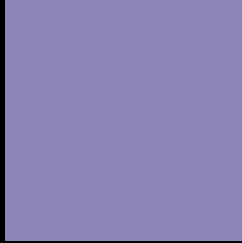
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 133, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

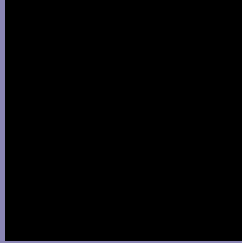
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 138, 133, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 133, 180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 133, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

138, 133, 180

Protanopia

125, 134, 183

Deuteranopia

129, 135, 179



Tritanopia
132, 137, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color
138, 133, 180

Protanomaly
130, 135, 182

Deuteranomaly
132, 135, 179

Tritanomaly
134, 137, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color
138, 133, 180

Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly
139, 137, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 138, 133, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 133, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 133, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 133, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 133, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 138, 133, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 133, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 133, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 133, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 133, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 133, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 133,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 138, 133, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 133, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
133, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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