

Converting Colors

`RYB(138, 157, 82)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(138, 157, 82) contains.

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Color

R_YB(138, 157, 82)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D7D52
RGB	157, 125, 82
RGB Percent	62%, 49%, 32%
CMY	0.3843, 0.5100, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.48, 0.38
HSL	34°, 31%, 47%
HSV	34°, 48%, 62%
XYZ	22.7535, 22.4291, 11.1126
YIQ	129.6660, 32.8750, -6.5890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

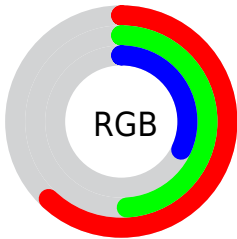
Format	Color
RYB	138, 157, 82
Decimal	10321234
CIELab	54.48, 6.67, 28.05
CIELCh	54, 28.833, 76.624
Yxy	22.4291, 0.4042, 0.3984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288511314 (0xFF9D7D52)
YUV	129.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719
Hunter-Lab	47.3593, 2.8804, 19.2394

Details

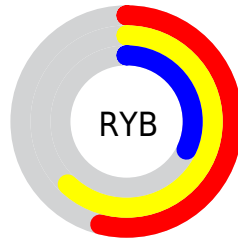
The RYB color **138, 157, 82** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **82, 104, 157**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 213, 132**, and **84, 104, 36** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134, 157, 66**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 157, 98**.

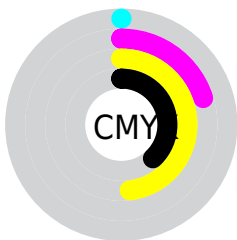
Distribution



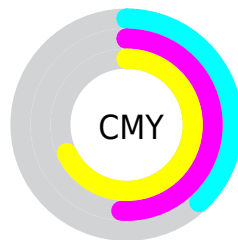
- Red (62%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 138, 157, 82 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 138, 157, 82 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



138, 157, 82



138, 157, 82

255, 255, 255



109, 130, 58



197, 213, 132



84, 104, 36



224, 242, 158



52, 78, 14



217, 255, 185



37, 54, 0



213, 255, 213



30, 15, 0



242, 255, 242



0, 0, 0



138, 157, 82



138, 157, 82



134, 157, 66



141, 157, 98



129, 157, 51



146, 157, 113

■ 126, 157, 35

■ 150, 157, 129

■ 122, 157, 19

■ 154, 157, 145

■ 119, 157, 3

■ 157, 158, 161

■ 117, 157, 0

■ 157, 163, 176

■ 157, 168, 192

■ 157, 172, 208

■ 157, 177, 223

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 125, 95



138, 157, 82



82, 133, 82

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 157, 82



45, 95, 144



151, 119, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 157, 82



82, 104, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117, 126, 178



138, 157, 82



42, 97, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 157, 82



74, 116, 143



77, 114, 178



172, 112, 143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 157, 82



90, 138, 113



77, 114, 178



141, 122, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 157, 82



195, 204, 175



157, 82, 115



97, 102, 85



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 157, 82



176, 204, 88



82, 157, 87



76, 79, 71



106, 143, 0



10, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 104, 157



88, 122, 204



87, 82, 157



71, 74, 79



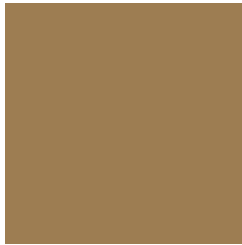
0, 43, 143



0, 5, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 157, 82 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 157, 82 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

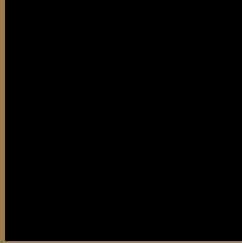
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 138, 157, 82 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 157, 82.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 157, 82.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


138, 157, 82

Protanopia

98, 142, 84

Deuteranopia

140, 158, 82



Tritanopia
161, 119, 128

Trichromacy



Original Color
138, 157, 82

Protanomaly
108, 147, 83

Deuteranomaly
140, 158, 82

Tritanomaly
160, 124, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color
138, 157, 82

Achromatopsia
130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly
135, 140, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 138, 157, 82 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 125, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 125, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 125, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 125, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 138, 157, 82 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 125, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 125, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 125, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 125, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 125, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 125,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 138, 157, 82 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 125, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
125, 82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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