

Converting Colors

`RYB(138, 169, 193)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(138, 169, 193) contains.

RYB(138, 169, 193)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(138, 169, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AC1B5
RGB	138, 193, 181
RGB Percent	54%, 76%, 71%
CMY	0.4588, 0.2431, 0.2918
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.06, 0.24
HSL	166°, 31%, 65%
HSV	166°, 28%, 76%
XYZ	37.8487, 46.8622, 50.5413
YIQ	175.1870, -28.9280, -15.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

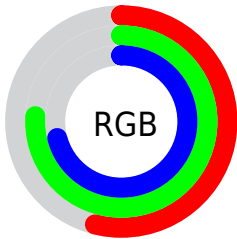
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 169, 193
Decimal	9093557
CIE _{Lab}	74.10, -20.52, 0.49
CIE _{LCh}	74, 20.522, 178.625
Yxy	46.8622, 0.2798, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287283637 (0xFF8AC1B5)
YUV	175.1870, 2.8658, -32.6130
Hunter-Lab	68.4560, -21.1069, 4.1452

Details

The RYB color **138, 169, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **193, 138, 150**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193, 225, 250**, and **86, 116, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **119, 161, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 177, 193**.

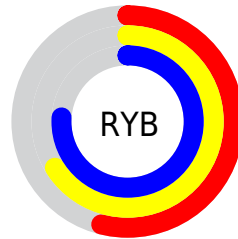
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (76%)

Blue (71%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (76%)

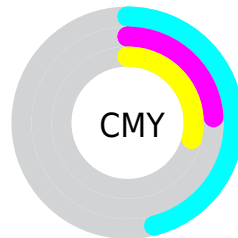


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 138, 169, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 138, 169, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 138, 169, 193


255, 255, 255


 193, 225, 250

 221, 238, 255

 250, 253, 255

 138, 169, 193

 112, 142, 166


 86, 116, 139

 61, 91, 114

 35, 65, 89


 5, 37, 65

 0, 24, 43

 0, 15, 23


 0, 0, 0


 138, 169, 193


 138, 169, 193

 119, 161, 193


 157, 177, 193

 99, 152, 193


 177, 186, 193


 80, 144, 193


 196, 193, 194

 61, 135, 193

 215, 193, 198

 41, 127, 193

 234, 193, 202

 22, 119, 193

 254, 193, 207

 3, 110, 193

 255, 193, 211

 0, 109, 193

 255, 193, 215

 255, 193, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 186, 191



138, 169, 193



131, 163, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 169, 193



184, 178, 215



213, 188, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 169, 193



193, 138, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 170, 165



138, 169, 193



206, 172, 202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 169, 193



159, 177, 219



219, 169, 184



170, 198, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 169, 193



134, 167, 210



219, 169, 184



217, 180, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 169, 193



227, 240, 250



138, 193, 180



111, 119, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 169, 193



165, 213, 250



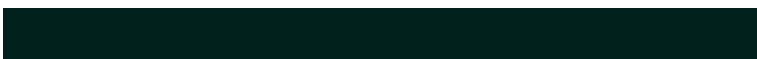
138, 161, 193



87, 93, 97



0, 91, 161



0, 18, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 138, 150



250, 165, 184



193, 159, 138



97, 87, 89



161, 0, 36



33, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 169, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

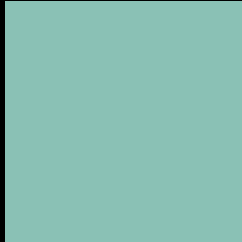
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 169, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

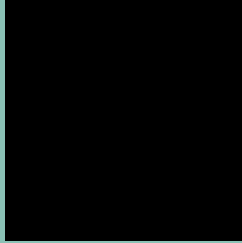
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

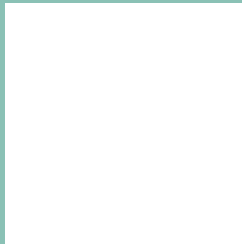
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 138, 169, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 169, 193.



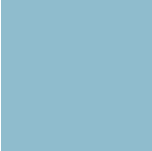
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 169, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

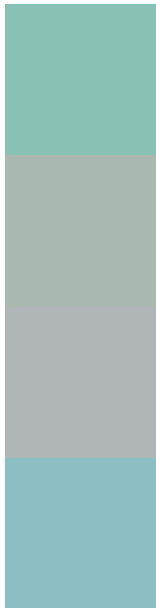
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
143, 169, 205

Trichromacy



Original Color
138, 169, 193

Protanomaly
169, 180, 185

Deuteranomaly
176, 179, 183

Tritanomaly
141, 167, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color
138, 169, 193

Achromatopsia
175, 175, 175

Achromatomaly
162, 173, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 138, 169, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 193, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 193, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 193, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 193, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 138, 169, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 193, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 193, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 193, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 193, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 193, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 193,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 138, 169, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 193, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
193, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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