

Converting Colors

`RYB(138, 95, 253)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(138, 95, 253) contains.

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Color

R_YB(138, 95, 253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A5FFD
RGB	138, 95, 253
RGB Percent	54%, 37%, 99%
CMY	0.4588, 0.6275, 0.0078
CMYK	0.45, 0.62, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	256°, 98%, 68%
HSV	256°, 62%, 99%
XYZ	32.3031, 20.6795, 95.2175
YIQ	125.8690, -25.0900, 58.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

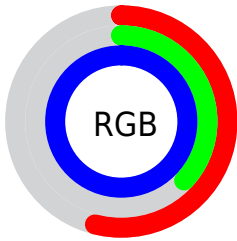
Format	Color
RYB	138, 95, 253
Decimal	9068541
CIELab	52.60, 53.25, -72.99
CIELCh	53, 90.348, 306.116
Yxy	20.6795, 0.2180, 0.1395
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287258621 (0xFF8A5FFD)
YUV	125.8690, 62.6756, 10.6389
Hunter-Lab	45.4748, 47.2169, -92.3122

Details

The RYB color **138, 95, 253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **95, 253, 138**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 147, 255**, and **76, 45, 195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 70, 253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156, 120, 253**.

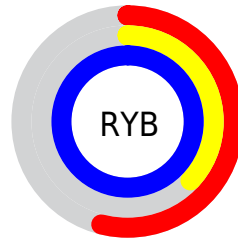
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (37%)

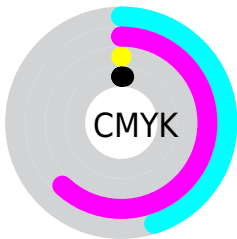
Blue (99%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (99%)

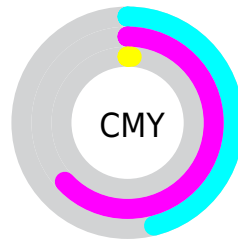


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (46%)
















Magenta (63%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 138, 95, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 138, 95, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 138, 95, 253	 138, 95, 253
255, 255, 255	 108, 70, 224
 198, 147, 255	 76, 45, 195
 228, 175, 255	 39, 19, 167
 255, 203, 255	 0, 0, 140
 255, 231, 255	 0, 0, 114
	 0, 0, 88
	 0, 6, 64
	 0, 3, 41
	 0, 1, 19

■ 138, 95, 253

■ 138, 95, 253

■ 120, 70, 253

■ 156, 120, 253

■ 101, 44, 253

■ 175, 146, 253

■ 83, 19, 253

■ 193, 171, 253

■ 69, 0, 253

■ 212, 196, 253

■ 230, 222, 253

■ 248, 247, 253

253, 255, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 87, 255



138, 95, 253



226, 26, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138, 95, 253



201, 184, 0



0, 83, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138, 95, 253



95, 253, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 111, 153



138, 95, 253



12, 139, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138, 95, 253



243, 39, 37



0, 145, 99



0, 91, 216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138, 95, 253



251, 0, 139



0, 145, 99



0, 90, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138, 95, 253



220, 207, 255



95, 162, 253



106, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138, 95, 253



116, 64, 255



216, 95, 253



118, 115, 128



52, 0, 191



17, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 95, 210



255, 64, 203



95, 253, 216



128, 115, 124



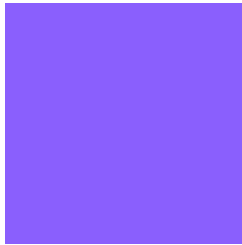
191, 0, 139



64, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 95, 253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

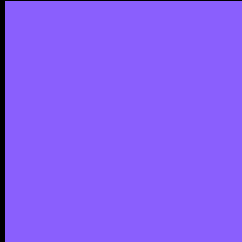
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 138, 95, 253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

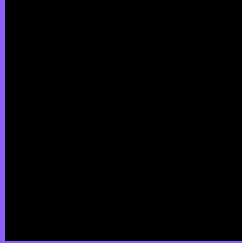
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 138, 95, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 95, 253.

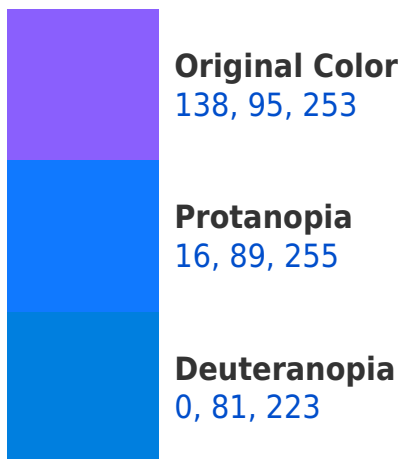


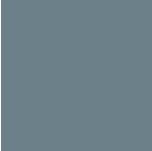
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 138, 95, 253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
108, 120, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color
138, 95, 253



Protanomaly
60, 101, 254



Deuteranomaly
50, 99, 234



Tritanomaly
119, 116, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color
138, 95, 253



Achromatopsia
126, 126, 126



Achromatomaly
130, 115, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 138, 95, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 95, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 95, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 95, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 95, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 138, 95, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 95, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 95, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 95, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 95, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 95, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 95,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 138, 95, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 95, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 95,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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