

Converting Colors

`RYB(139, 0, 143)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(139, 0, 143) contains.

RYB(139, 0, 143)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(139, 0, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B008F
RGB	139, 0, 143
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 56%
CMY	0.4549, 1.0000, 0.4392
CMYK	0.03, 1.00, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	298°, 100%, 28%
HSV	298°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	15.6054, 7.4721, 26.6064
YIQ	57.8630, 36.9410, 73.9410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

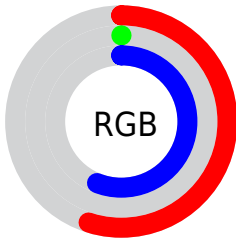
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 0, 143
Decimal	9109647
CIE _{Lab}	32.86, 63.19, -40.80
CIE _{LCh}	33, 75.218, 327.153
Yxy	7.4721, 0.3141, 0.1504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287299727 (0xFF8B008F)
YUV	57.8630, 41.9725, 71.1571
Hunter-Lab	27.3352, 54.0672, -38.5745

Details

The RYB color **139, 0, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **0, 143, 139**, and the grayscale version is **57, 57, 57**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 76, 197**, and **84, 0, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 0, 143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139, 14, 143**.

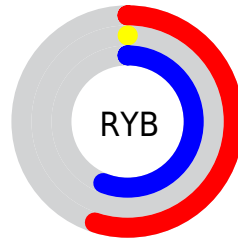
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (0%)

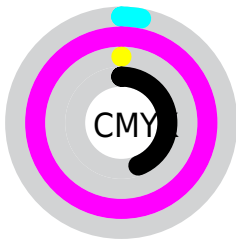
Blue (56%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (56%)

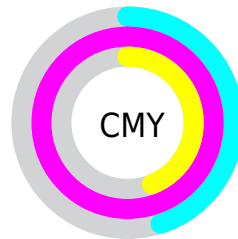


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 139, 0, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 139, 0, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 139, 0, 143

 139, 0, 143

255, 255, 255

 111, 0, 117


 196, 76, 197

 84, 0, 92

 225, 104, 226

 58, 0, 68

 255, 132, 255

 31, 0, 45

 255, 160, 255

 0, 1, 23

 255, 188, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 217, 255

 255, 247, 255

 139, 0, 143

■ 139, 14, 143

■ 140, 29, 143

■ 140, 43, 143

■ 141, 57, 143

■ 141, 72, 143

■ 141, 86, 143

■ 142, 100, 143

■ 142, 114, 143

■ 143, 129, 143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30, 58, 185



139, 0, 143



172, 0, 86

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139, 0, 143



35, 100, 0



0, 57, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139, 0, 143



0, 143, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 58, 99



139, 0, 143



0, 89, 50

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139, 0, 143



143, 59, 0



0, 96, 96



0, 63, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139, 0, 143



174, 0, 47



0, 96, 96



0, 53, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139, 0, 143



185, 130, 186



0, 5, 143



93, 60, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139, 0, 143



181, 0, 186



143, 0, 76



71, 64, 71



131, 0, 135



7, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 0, 4



186, 0, 5



0, 97, 143



71, 64, 64



135, 0, 4



8, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 139, 0, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

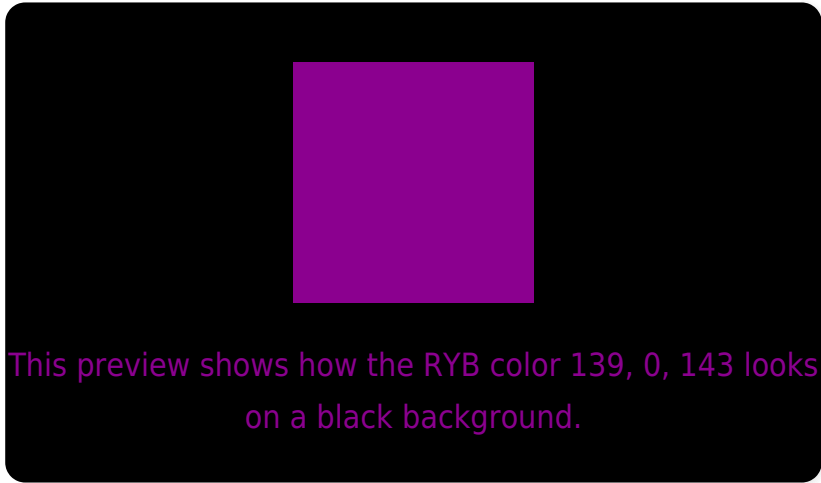
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

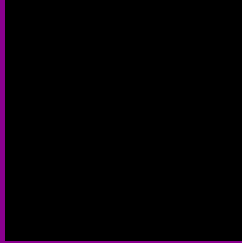
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 139, 0, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 139, 0, 143.

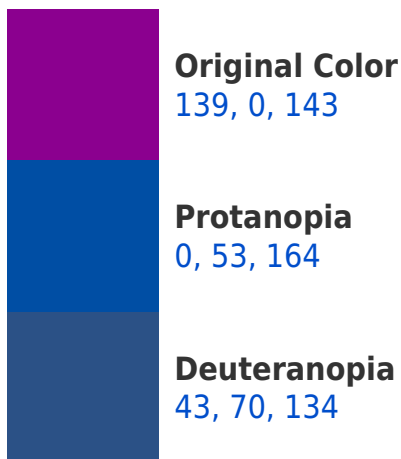


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 139, 0, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
130, 56, 60

Trichromacy



Original Color

139, 0, 143



Protanomaly

51, 50, 156



Deuteranomaly

78, 52, 137



Tritanomaly

133, 36, 90

Monochromacy



Original Color

139, 0, 143



Achromatopsia

58, 58, 58



Achromatomaly

87, 37, 89

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 139, 0, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 0, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 0, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 0, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 0, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 139, 0, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 0, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 0, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 0, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 0, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 0, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 0,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 139, 0, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 0, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 0,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor