

Converting Colors

`RYB(13, 165, 26)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(13, 165, 26) contains.

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Color

RYB(13, 165, 26)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98A50D
RGB	152, 165, 13
RGB Percent	60%, 65%, 5%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3529, 0.9490
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.92, 0.35
HSL	65°, 85%, 35%
HSV	65°, 92%, 65%
XYZ	26.4767, 33.6147, 5.4736
YIQ	143.7850, 41.0440, -50.0280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

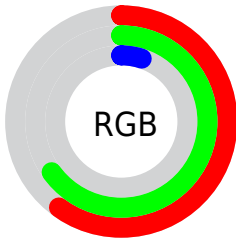
Format	Color
RYB	13, 165, 26
Decimal	10003725
CIELab	64.66, -21.11, 65.25
CIELCh	65, 68.577, 107.926
Yxy	33.6147, 0.4038, 0.5127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288193805 (0xFF98A50D)
YUV	143.7850, -64.4770, 7.2046
Hunter-Lab	57.9782, -19.9470, 34.9873

Details

The RYB color **13, 165, 26** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **26, 13, 165**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 220, 90**, and **0, 113, 17** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 165, 14**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 165, 42**.

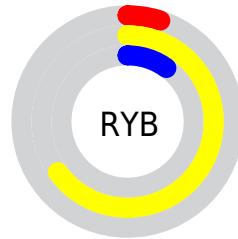
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (65%)

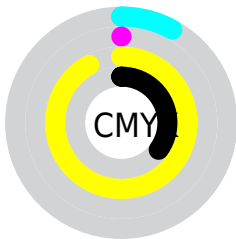
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (10%)

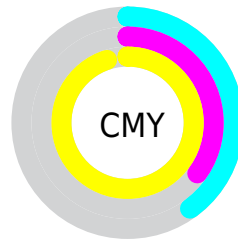


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (35%)


Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 13, 165, 26 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 13, 165, 26 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13, 165, 26

 13, 165, 26


255, 255, 255

 0, 139, 15

 80, 220, 90

 0, 113, 17

 107, 248, 116

 0, 89, 19

 135, 255, 135

 0, 66, 23

 163, 255, 163

 0, 43, 27

 191, 255, 191


 0, 25, 25

 220, 255, 220

 0, 0, 0

 250, 255, 250

 13, 165, 26

 13, 165, 26

■ 0, 165, 14

■ 30, 165, 42

■ 46, 165, 56

■ 63, 165, 72

■ 79, 165, 86

■ 96, 165, 102

■ 112, 165, 117

■ 129, 165, 132

■ 145, 165, 147

■ 162, 165, 162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108, 207, 16



13, 165, 26



68, 178, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13, 165, 26



0, 105, 247



255, 99, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 165, 26



26, 13, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205, 124, 240



13, 165, 26



0, 102, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13, 165, 26



0, 94, 193



105, 140, 255



255, 98, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 165, 26



0, 114, 182



105, 140, 255



243, 106, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 165, 26



154, 214, 159



165, 27, 13



71, 107, 74



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 165, 26



0, 214, 18



13, 165, 102



73, 82, 74



0, 145, 12



0, 18, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 13, 165



18, 0, 214



102, 13, 165



74, 73, 82



12, 0, 145



2, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 13, 165, 26 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

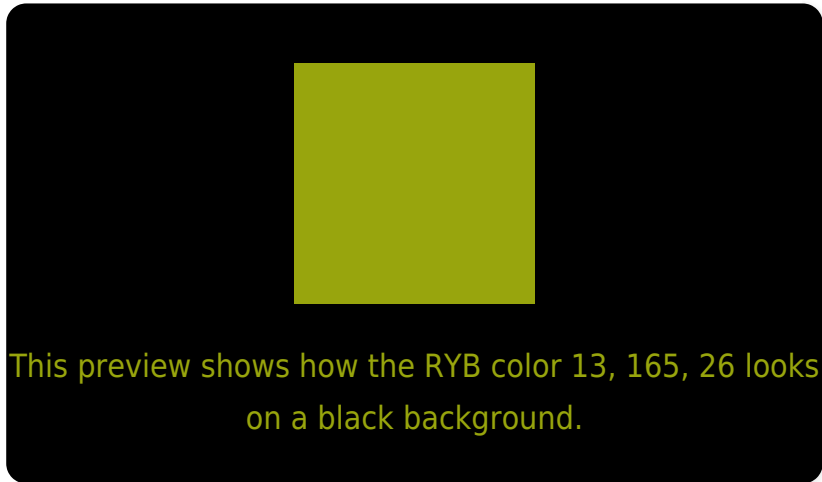
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 13, 165, 26 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 13, 165, 26.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 13, 165, 26.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


13, 165, 26

Protanopia

31, 177, 8

Deuteranopia

96, 197, 29



Tritanopia
164, 153, 165

Trichromacy



Original Color
13, 165, 26

Protanomaly
18, 168, 10

Deuteranomaly
54, 181, 23

Tritanomaly
113, 160, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color
13, 165, 26

Achromatopsia
144, 144, 144

Achromatomaly
96, 152, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 13, 165, 26 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 165, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 165, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 165, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 165, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 13, 165, 26 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 165, 13) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 165, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 165, 13)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 165, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 165, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 165,  
13) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 165, 13 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 165, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
165, 13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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