

Converting Colors

`RYB(13, 61, 108)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(13, 61, 108) contains.

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Color

`RYB(13, 61, 108)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	0D6C6A
RGB	13, 108, 106
RGB Percent	5%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.9490, 0.5765, 0.5842
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.02, 0.58
HSL	179°, 79%, 24%
HSV	179°, 88%, 42%
XYZ	8.1311, 11.8517, 15.5004
YIQ	79.3670, -55.9780, -20.7620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

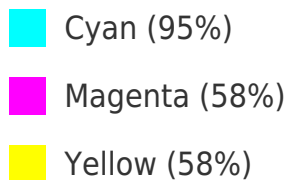
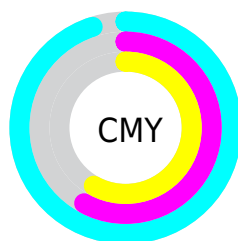
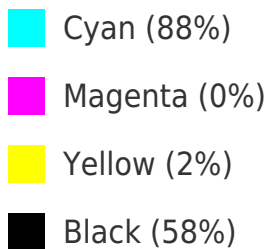
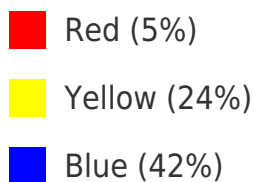
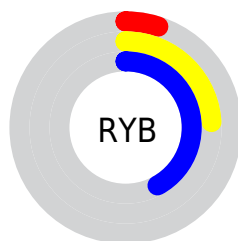
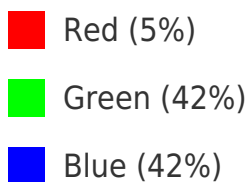
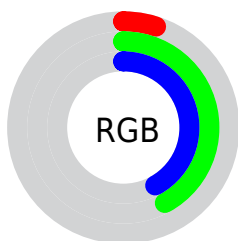
Format	Color
RYB	13, 61, 108
Decimal	879722
CIELab	40.98, -25.29, -6.19
CIELCh	41, 26.034, 193.753
Yxy	11.8517, 0.2292, 0.3340
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279069802 (0xFF0D6C6A)
YUV	79.3670, 13.1301, -58.2039
Hunter-Lab	34.4263, -18.0863, -2.5968

Details

The RYB color **13, 61, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **108, 13, 15**, and the grayscale version is **79, 79, 79**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79, 120, 160**, and **0, 30, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2, 56, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 67, 108**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 13, 61, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 13, 61, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 13, 61, 108

 13, 61, 108

255, 255, 255

 0, 42, 83


 79, 120, 160

 0, 30, 60

 107, 148, 187

 0, 19, 38

 135, 176, 215

 0, 5, 17

 163, 205, 244

 0, 0, 0




 191, 223, 255

 220, 238, 255

 249, 252, 255

 13, 61, 108

 13, 61, 108

 2, 56, 108 24, 67, 108 0, 55, 108 35, 72, 108 45, 77, 108 56, 82, 108 67, 88, 108 78, 93, 108 89, 99, 108 99, 104, 108 110, 108, 108

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49, 85, 107



13, 61, 108



0, 57, 125

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13, 61, 108



111, 87, 128



112, 121, 56

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 61, 108



108, 13, 15

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134, 89, 68



13, 61, 108



131, 81, 109

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13, 61, 108



81, 92, 138



138, 80, 88



57, 101, 54

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 61, 108



28, 72, 134



138, 80, 88



126, 113, 59

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 61, 108



104, 122, 140



13, 108, 105



49, 60, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 61, 108



0, 71, 140



13, 46, 108



48, 51, 54



0, 59, 117



0, 124, 245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 13, 15



140, 0, 3



108, 95, 13



54, 48, 48



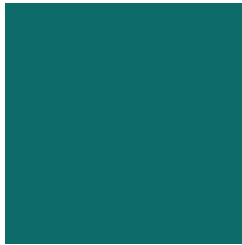
117, 0, 2



245, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 13, 61, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 13, 61, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 13, 61, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 13, 61, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 13, 61, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13, 61, 108

Protanopia

97, 96, 99

Deuteranopia

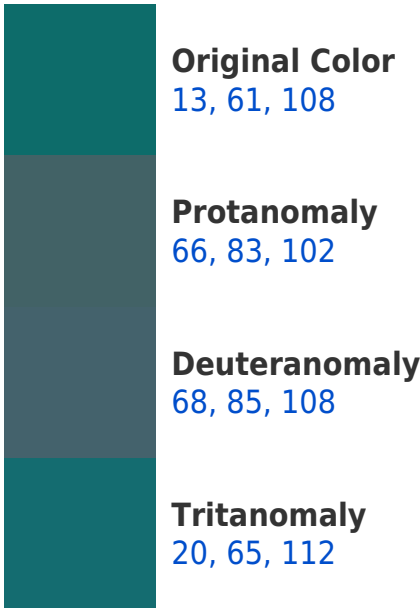
100, 94, 109



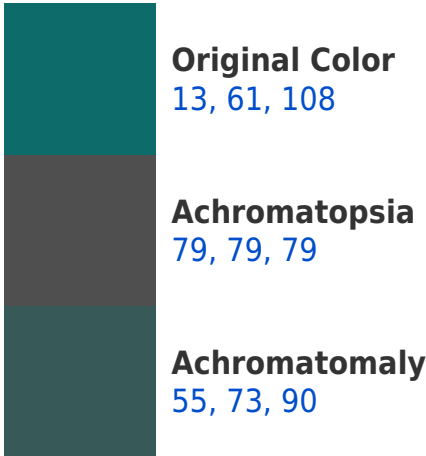
Tritanopia

24, 67, 115

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 13, 61, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 108, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 108, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 108, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 108, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 13, 61, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 108, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 108, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 108, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 108, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 108, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 108,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 13, 61, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 108, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 108,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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