

Converting Colors

`RYB(13, 92, 170)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(13, 92, 170) contains.

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Color

RYB(13, 92, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0DAAA8
RGB	13, 170, 168
RGB Percent	5%, 67%, 66%
CMY	0.9490, 0.3333, 0.3411
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 0.01, 0.33
HSL	179°, 86%, 36%
HSV	179°, 92%, 67%
XYZ	21.6098, 31.6626, 42.0245
YIQ	122.8290, -92.9300, -33.9060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

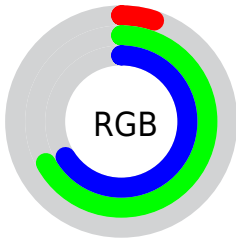
Format	Color
RYB	13, 92, 170
Decimal	895656
CIELab	63.06, -35.62, -9.30
CIELCh	63, 36.814, 194.634
Yxy	31.6626, 0.2268, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279085736 (0xFF0DAAA8)
YUV	122.8290, 22.2693, -96.3200
Hunter-Lab	56.2696, -29.9206, -4.8916

Details

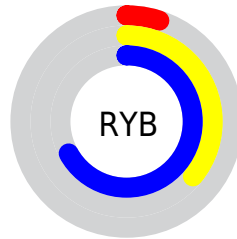
The RYB color **13, 92, 170** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **170, 13, 15**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 163, 226**, and **0, 59, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 86, 170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 101, 170**.

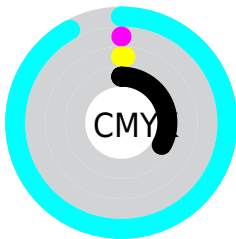
Distribution



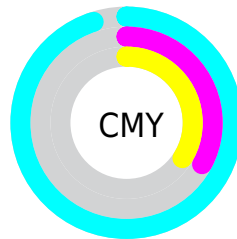
- Red (5%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 13, 92, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 13, 92, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 13, 92, 170


 13, 92, 170

255, 255, 255

 0, 72, 143

 98, 163, 226

 0, 59, 117

 130, 193, 255

 0, 46, 92


 160, 208, 255

 0, 34, 68

 190, 223, 255

 0, 23, 46

 220, 238, 255

 0, 11, 26


 251, 253, 255

 0, 0, 0

 13, 92, 170

 13, 92, 170

 0, 86, 170

 30, 101, 170

■ 47, 109, 170

■ 64, 117, 170

■ 81, 126, 170

■ 98, 134, 170

■ 115, 143, 170

■ 132, 151, 170

■ 149, 160, 170

■ 166, 168, 170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 134, 169



13, 92, 170



0, 91, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13, 92, 170



176, 138, 199



167, 188, 90

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13, 92, 170



170, 13, 15

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209, 143, 108



13, 92, 170



206, 129, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13, 92, 170



131, 147, 216



216, 127, 138



90, 158, 88

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13, 92, 170



47, 115, 211



216, 127, 138



197, 180, 94

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13, 92, 170



160, 191, 222



13, 170, 167



74, 93, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13, 92, 170



0, 112, 222



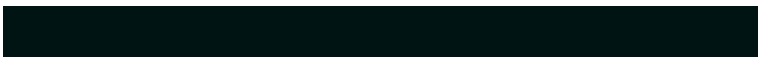
13, 66, 170



76, 80, 84



0, 75, 148



0, 10, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 13, 15



222, 0, 3



170, 160, 13



84, 76, 76



148, 0, 2



20, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 13, 92, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

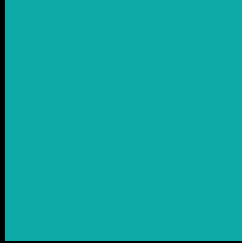
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 13, 92, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

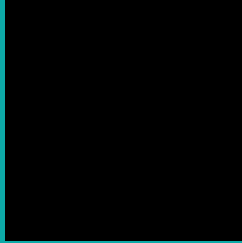
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 13, 92, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 13, 92, 170.

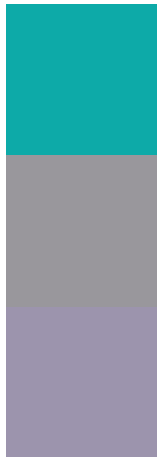


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 13, 92, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
13, 92, 170

Protanopia
153, 151, 156

Deuteranopia
156, 148, 173



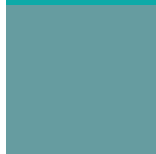
Tritanopia
35, 105, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color

13, 92, 170



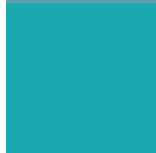
Protanomaly

102, 130, 160



Deuteranomaly

104, 133, 171



Tritanomaly

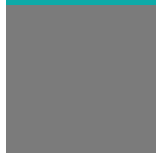
27, 100, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color

13, 92, 170



Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123



Achromatomaly

83, 112, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 13, 92, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 170, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 170, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 170, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 170, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 13, 92, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 170, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 170, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 170, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 170, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 170, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 170,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 13, 92, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 170, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 170,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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