

Converting Colors

`RYB(140, 145, 154)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(140, 145, 154) contains.

RYB(140, 145, 154)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(140, 145, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C949A
RGB	140, 148, 154
RGB Percent	55%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4205, 0.3961
CMYK	0.09, 0.04, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	207°, 6%, 58%
HSV	207°, 9%, 60%
XYZ	27.2030, 29.0187, 34.7393
YIQ	146.2920, -6.6940, 0.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

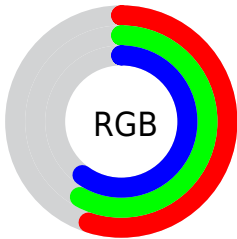
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 145, 154
Decimal	9213082
CIE Lab	60.80, -1.52, -4.25
CIE LCh	61, 4.516, 250.322
Yxy	29.0187, 0.2991, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287403162 (0xFF8C949A)
YUV	146.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181
Hunter-Lab	53.8690, -4.1310, -0.5269

Details

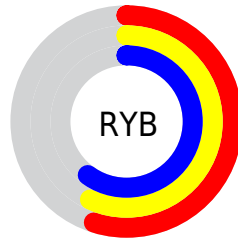
The RYB color **140, 145, 154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 151, 140**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 199, 208**, and **90, 95, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 135, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 155, 154**.

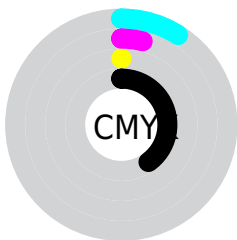
Distribution



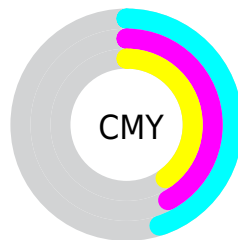
- Red (55%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 140, 145, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 140, 145, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 140, 145, 154

255, 255, 255

■ 194, 199, 208

■ 221, 227, 237

■ 250, 253, 255

■ 140, 145, 154

■ 114, 119, 128

■ 90, 95, 103

■ 66, 71, 79

■ 44, 48, 56

■ 23, 27, 35

■ 0, 4, 13

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 140, 145, 154

■ 125, 135, 154

■ 140, 145, 154

■ 154, 155, 154

■ 109, 125, 154

■ 171, 166, 154

■ 94, 115, 154

■ 186, 179, 154

■ 78, 105, 154

■ 202, 191, 154

■ 63, 96, 154

■ 217, 204, 154

■ 48, 86, 154

■ 232, 217, 154

■ 32, 76, 154

■ 248, 230, 154

■ 17, 66, 154

■ 255, 249, 154

■ 1, 56, 154

■ 238, 255, 154

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 144, 152



140, 145, 154



144, 146, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 145, 154



155, 144, 145



141, 148, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 145, 154



154, 151, 140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 149, 139



140, 145, 154



155, 144, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 145, 154



153, 144, 149



153, 150, 139



140, 146, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 145, 154



148, 146, 153



153, 150, 139



140, 148, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 145, 154



195, 197, 201



140, 150, 154



98, 99, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 145, 154



179, 187, 201



140, 141, 154



69, 72, 77



0, 50, 140



0, 5, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 140, 148



201, 179, 192



141, 154, 140



77, 69, 73



140, 0, 78



13, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 140, 145, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

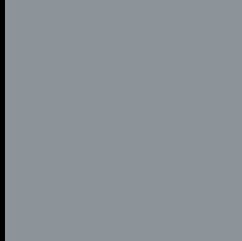
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 140, 145, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

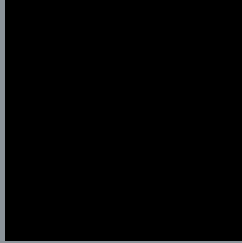
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

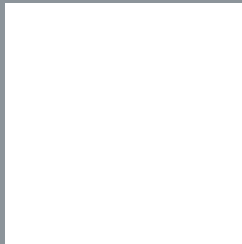
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 140, 145, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 140, 145, 154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 140, 145, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
140, 145, 154

Protanopia
147, 146, 153

Deuteranopia
157, 142, 155



Tritanopia
141, 146, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color
140, 145, 154

Protanomaly
144, 146, 153

Deuteranomaly
151, 144, 155

Tritanomaly
141, 145, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
140, 145, 154

Achromatopsia
146, 146, 146

Achromatomaly
144, 146, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 140, 145, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(140, 148, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 148, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 148, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 148, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 140, 145, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 148, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 148, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 148, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 148, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 148, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 148,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 140, 145, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 148, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
148, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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