

Converting Colors

`RYB(140, 193, 182)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(140, 193, 182) contains.

RYB(140, 193, 182)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(140, 193, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97C18C
RGB	151, 193, 140
RGB Percent	59%, 76%, 55%
CMY	0.4078, 0.2431, 0.4510
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.27, 0.24
HSL	108°, 30%, 65%
HSV	108°, 27%, 76%
XYZ	36.5661, 46.6127, 31.8809
YIQ	174.4000, -8.0190, -25.3870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

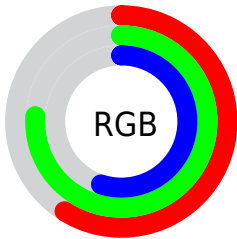
Format	Color
RYB	140, 193, 182
Decimal	9945484
CIELab	73.94, -24.03, 22.26
CIELCh	74, 32.758, 137.182
Yxy	46.6127, 0.3178, 0.4051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288135564 (0xFF97C18C)
YUV	174.4000, -16.9592, -20.5218
Hunter-Lab	68.2735, -23.8771, 20.1055

Details

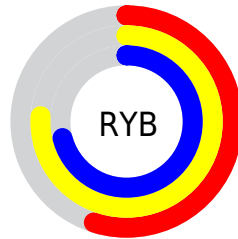
The RYB color **140, 193, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **182, 140, 193**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194, 250, 238**, and **90, 139, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121, 193, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 193, 186**.

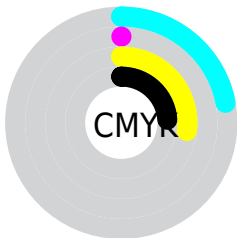
Distribution



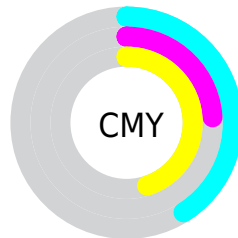
- Red (59%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 140, 193, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 140, 193, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 140, 193, 182


255, 255, 255


 194, 250, 238


 222, 255, 243

 250, 255, 250


 140, 193, 182

 114, 166, 155

 90, 139, 130

 66, 114, 106

 43, 89, 82


 21, 65, 60


 0, 43, 38

 0, 22, 22


 0, 0, 0

 140, 193, 182


 140, 193, 182

 121, 193, 178


 159, 193, 186

 101, 193, 174


 179, 193, 190

 82, 193, 170


 197, 193, 198

 63, 193, 166

 212, 193, 217

 44, 193, 162

 227, 193, 237

 24, 193, 158

 243, 193, 255

 5, 193, 154

 255, 193, 255

 0, 193, 153

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 185, 124



140, 193, 182



116, 166, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140, 193, 182



122, 164, 240



242, 160, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140, 193, 182



182, 140, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233, 161, 196



140, 193, 182



168, 178, 239

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140, 193, 182



87, 148, 225



207, 168, 223



235, 177, 139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140, 193, 182



95, 149, 198



207, 168, 223



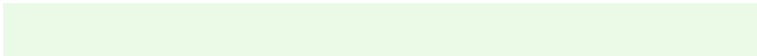
241, 159, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140, 193, 182



230, 250, 246



154, 193, 140



112, 125, 122



252, 252, 252



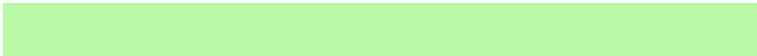
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140, 193, 182



167, 250, 232



140, 181, 193



87, 97, 95



0, 161, 128



0, 33, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 140, 193



233, 167, 250



193, 140, 178



95, 87, 97



127, 0, 161



26, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 140, 193, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

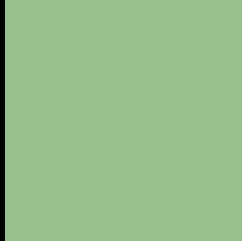
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 140, 193, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

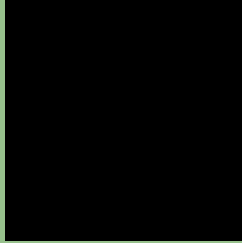
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 140, 193, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 140, 193, 182.

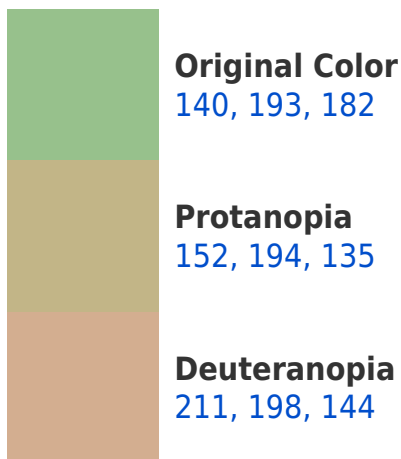


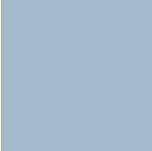
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 140, 193, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

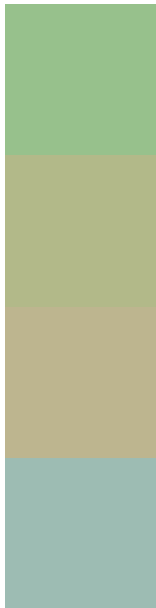
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
161, 176, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color
140, 193, 182

Protanomaly
137, 185, 144

Deuteranomaly
153, 189, 143

Tritanomaly
157, 175, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color
140, 193, 182

Achromatopsia
174, 174, 174

Achromatomaly
162, 181, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 140, 193, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 193, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 193, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 193, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 193, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 140, 193, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 193, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 193, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 193, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 193, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 193, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 193,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 140, 193, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 193, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
193, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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