

Converting Colors

`RYB(141, 226, 243)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(141, 226, 243) contains.

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Color

R_YB(141, 226, 243)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8DF3A1
RGB	141, 243, 161
RGB Percent	55%, 95%, 63%
CMY	0.4471, 0.0471, 0.3671
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.34, 0.05
HSL	132°, 81%, 75%
HSV	132°, 42%, 95%
XYZ	49.5035, 72.3512, 45.2595
YIQ	203.1540, -34.4700, -47.1260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

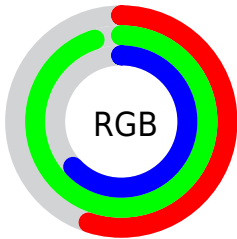
Format	Color
RYB	141, 226, 243
Decimal	9302945
CIELab	88.14, -46.58, 30.29
CIELCh	88, 55.561, 146.969
Yxy	72.3512, 0.2962, 0.4329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287493025 (0xFF8DF3A1)
YUV	203.1540, -20.7819, -54.5091
Hunter-Lab	85.0595, -44.9697, 27.9939

Details

The RYB color **141, 226, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **243, 141, 223**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 241, 255**, and **84, 166, 186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 222, 243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 230, 243**.

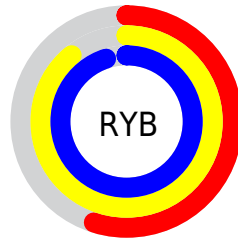
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (95%)

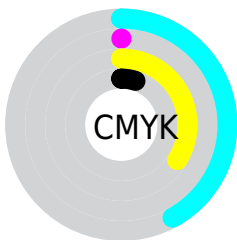
Blue (63%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (95%)

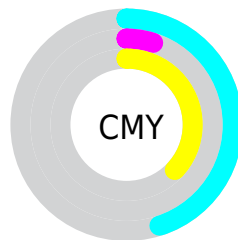


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (5%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 141, 226, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 141, 226, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 141, 226, 243


255, 255, 255


 198, 241, 255

 228, 245, 255

 141, 226, 243

 113, 196, 214

 84, 166, 186


 54, 136, 159

 14, 99, 132

 0, 79, 106

 0, 70, 81

 0, 57, 57

 0, 35, 35

 0, 0, 0

 141, 226, 243

 141, 226, 243

 117, 222, 243

 165, 230, 243

 92, 217, 243

 190, 235, 243

 68, 214, 243

 214, 238, 243

 44, 210, 243

 238, 242, 243

 20, 206, 243

 255, 243, 255

 0, 202, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 232, 151



141, 226, 243



31, 149, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 226, 243



121, 180, 255



255, 182, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 226, 243



243, 141, 223

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 178, 229



141, 226, 243



217, 209, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 226, 243



0, 124, 255



255, 190, 255



245, 255, 134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 226, 243



0, 124, 250



255, 190, 255



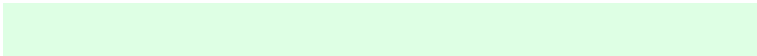
255, 179, 193

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 226, 243



222, 250, 255



141, 243, 161



107, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 226, 243



128, 234, 255



141, 201, 243



110, 120, 122



0, 155, 186



0, 49, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 141, 223



255, 128, 229



243, 141, 172



122, 110, 120



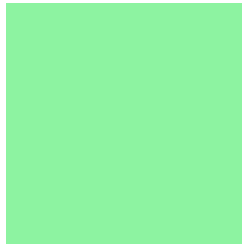
186, 0, 149



59, 0, 47

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 141, 226, 243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

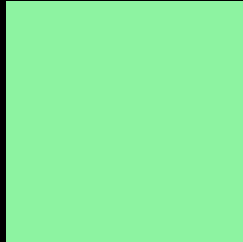
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 141, 226, 243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

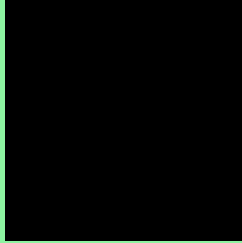
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 141, 226, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 141, 226, 243.

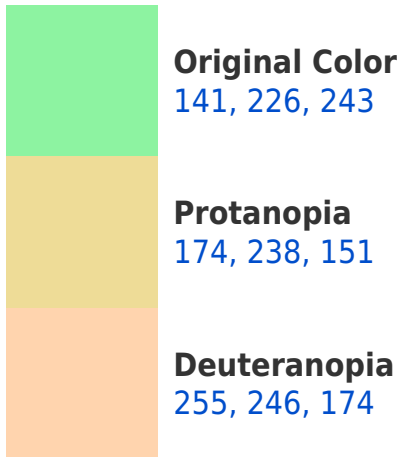


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 141, 226, 243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





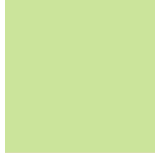
Tritanopia
160, 200, 251

Trichromacy



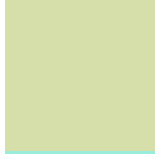
Original Color

141, 226, 243



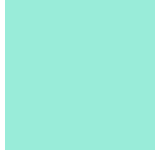
Protanomaly

155, 228, 180



Deuteranomaly

169, 223, 178



Tritanomaly

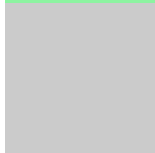
153, 200, 236

Monochromacy



Original Color

141, 226, 243



Achromatopsia

203, 203, 203



Achromatomaly

180, 211, 218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 141, 226, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 243, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 243, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 243, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 243, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 141, 226, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 243, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 243, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 243, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 243, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 243, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 243,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 141, 226, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 243, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
243, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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