

Converting Colors

`RYB(141, 97, 109)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(141, 97, 109) contains.

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Color

R_YB(141, 97, 109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D616D
RGB	141, 97, 109
RGB Percent	55%, 38%, 43%
CMY	0.4471, 0.6196, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.23, 0.45
HSL	344°, 18%, 47%
HSV	344°, 31%, 55%
XYZ	18.0195, 15.3162, 16.4746
YIQ	111.5240, 22.3720, 13.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

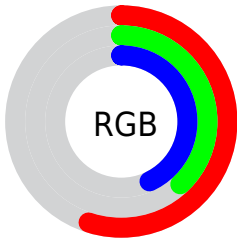
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 97, 109
Decimal	9265517
CIE _{Lab}	46.06, 19.72, 0.43
CIE _{LCh}	46, 19.722, 1.262
Yxy	15.3162, 0.3618, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287455597 (0xFF8D616D)
YUV	111.5240, -1.2443, 25.8505
Hunter-Lab	39.1360, 13.6995, 2.4366

Details

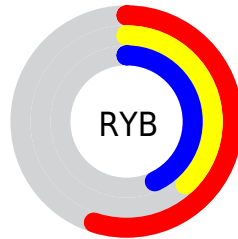
The RYB color **141, 97, 109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **97, 122, 141**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195, 148, 160**, and **90, 50, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141, 83, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141, 111, 119**.

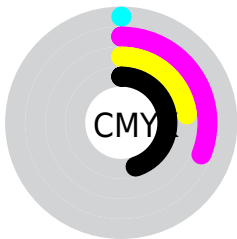
Distribution



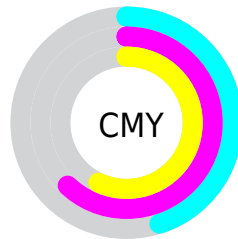
- Red (55%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 141, 97, 109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 141, 97, 109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



141, 97, 109



141, 97, 109

255, 255, 255



115, 73, 85



195, 148, 160



90, 50, 62



224, 175, 187



65, 28, 40



253, 202, 215



42, 6, 19



255, 231, 244



7, 0, 0



0, 0, 0



141, 97, 109



141, 97, 109



141, 83, 99



141, 111, 119



141, 69, 88



141, 125, 130

141, 55, 78

141, 139, 140

141, 41, 68

141, 148, 153

141, 26, 58

141, 157, 168

141, 12, 47

141, 165, 182

141, 0, 38

141, 173, 196

141, 181, 210

141, 189, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 99, 125



141, 97, 109



142, 99, 93

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141, 97, 109



81, 113, 91



68, 96, 138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141, 97, 109



97, 122, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59, 90, 126



141, 97, 109



84, 110, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141, 97, 109



93, 120, 76



67, 95, 118



89, 104, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141, 97, 109



138, 109, 84



67, 95, 118



63, 93, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141, 97, 109



184, 167, 172



129, 97, 141



92, 82, 84



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141, 97, 109



184, 116, 134



141, 110, 97



71, 64, 66



135, 0, 37



8, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 97, 109



184, 116, 134



97, 116, 141



71, 64, 66



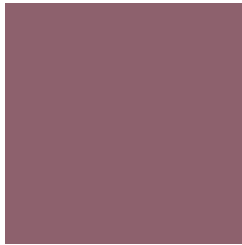
135, 0, 37



8, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 141, 97, 109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

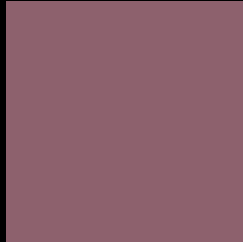
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 141, 97, 109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

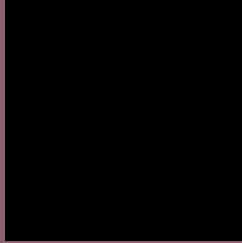
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 141, 97, 109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 141, 97, 109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 141, 97, 109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
141, 97, 109

Protanopia
109, 109, 116

Deuteranopia
121, 106, 107



Tritanopia
141, 98, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

141, 97, 109

Protanomaly

121, 105, 113

Deuteranomaly

128, 103, 108

Tritanomaly

141, 98, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

141, 97, 109

Achromatopsia

112, 112, 112

Achromatomaly

123, 107, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 141, 97, 109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 97, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 97, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 97, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 97, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 141, 97, 109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 97, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 97, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 97, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 97, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 97, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 97,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 141, 97, 109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 97, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 97,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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