

Converting Colors

`RYB(142, 128, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(142, 128, 158) contains.

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Color

R_YB(142, 128, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E809E
RGB	142, 128, 158
RGB Percent	56%, 50%, 62%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4980, 0.3804
CMYK	0.10, 0.19, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	268°, 13%, 56%
HSV	268°, 19%, 62%
XYZ	25.0461, 23.6577, 35.5941
YIQ	135.6060, -1.2860, 12.2980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

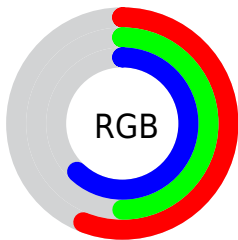
Format	Color
R _Y B	142, 128, 158
Decimal	9339038
CIE Lab	55.74, 11.32, -14.08
CIE LCh	56, 18.063, 308.792
Yxy	23.6577, 0.2971, 0.2806
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287529118 (0xFF8E809E)
YUV	135.6060, 11.0402, 5.6075
Hunter-Lab	48.6392, 6.7973, -9.3408

Details

The RYB color `142, 128, 158` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be `128, 158, 142`, and the grayscale version is `136, 136, 136`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `196, 181, 213`, and `92, 79, 107` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `134, 112, 158`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `150, 144, 158`.

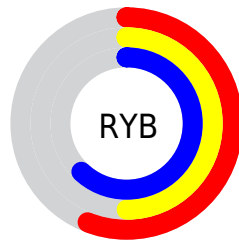
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (50%)

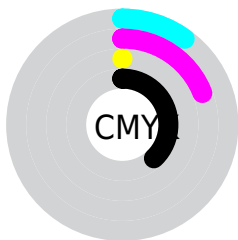
Blue (62%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (62%)

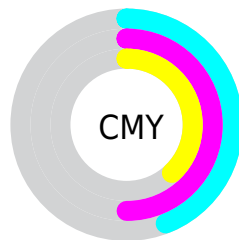


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 142, 128, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 142, 128, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 142, 128, 158

255, 255, 255

 196, 181, 213


 224, 208, 241

 253, 237, 255

 142, 128, 158

 116, 103, 132

 92, 79, 107

 68, 56, 82

 45, 34, 59


 25, 13, 37

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

 142, 128, 158

 134, 112, 158

 142, 128, 158

 150, 144, 158

125, 96, 158

158, 160, 159

117, 81, 158

158, 175, 166

108, 65, 158

158, 191, 173

100, 49, 158

158, 207, 181

91, 33, 158

158, 223, 188

83, 17, 158

158, 239, 196

75, 2, 158

158, 254, 203

74, 0, 158

158, 255, 195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 130, 164



142, 128, 158



158, 124, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 128, 158



155, 151, 105



93, 119, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 128, 158



128, 158, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 131, 142



142, 128, 158



112, 141, 103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 128, 158



164, 126, 115



109, 139, 125



90, 118, 153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 128, 158



164, 122, 135



109, 139, 125



96, 122, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 128, 158



200, 194, 207



128, 138, 158



101, 97, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 128, 158



181, 159, 207



157, 128, 158



75, 71, 79



67, 0, 143



7, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 128, 144



207, 159, 184



128, 158, 157



79, 71, 75



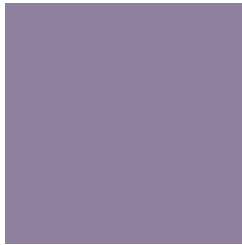
143, 0, 76



15, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 128, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

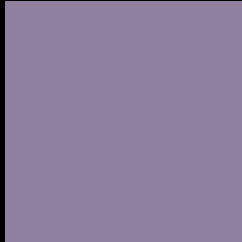
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 128, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

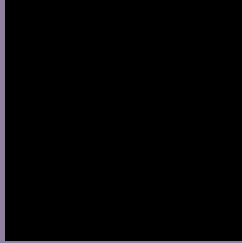
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 142, 128, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 128, 158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 128, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
142, 128, 158

Protanopia
127, 131, 161

Deuteranopia
135, 130, 158



Tritanopia
139, 131, 141

Trichromacy



Original Color
142, 128, 158

Protanomaly
132, 131, 160

Deuteranomaly
138, 129, 158

Tritanomaly
140, 130, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color
142, 128, 158

Achromatopsia
136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly
138, 133, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 142, 128, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(142, 128, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 128, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 128, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 128, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 142, 128, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 128, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 128, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 128, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 128, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 128, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 128,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 142, 128, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 128, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
128, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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