

Converting Colors

`RYB(142, 138, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(142, 138, 100) contains.

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Color

R_YB(142, 138, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E7864
RGB	142, 120, 100
RGB Percent	56%, 47%, 39%
CMY	0.4431, 0.5296, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.30, 0.44
HSL	28°, 17%, 47%
HSV	28°, 30%, 56%
XYZ	20.1660, 20.0918, 14.8718
YIQ	124.2980, 19.5320, -1.5560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

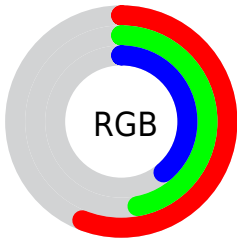
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 138, 100
Decimal	9336932
CIE _{Lab}	51.94, 5.37, 14.14
CIE _{LCh}	52, 15.125, 69.215
Yxy	20.0918, 0.3658, 0.3644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287527012 (0xFF8E7864)
YUV	124.2980, -11.9789, 15.5247
Hunter-Lab	44.8239, 1.8645, 11.7053

Details

The RYB color **142, 138, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **100, 114, 142**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 190, 151**, and **91, 91, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 135, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 138, 114**.

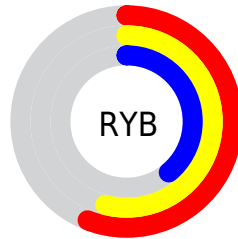
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (47%)

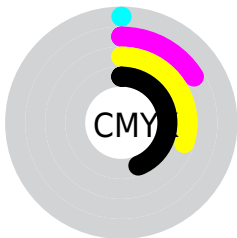
Blue (39%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (39%)

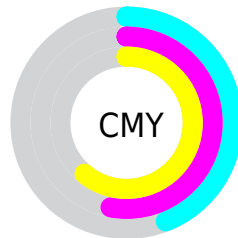


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 142, 138, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 142, 138, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 142, 138, 100

255, 255, 255

 196, 190, 151


 224, 217, 178

 253, 249, 205

 233, 255, 233

 142, 138, 100

 116, 112, 76

 91, 91, 53

 67, 65, 32

 38, 44, 9

 21, 4, 0


 0, 0, 0

 142, 138, 100

 142, 135, 86

 142, 134, 72

 142, 138, 100

 142, 138, 114

 142, 142, 128

■ 142, 136, 57

■ 142, 142, 143

■ 142, 132, 43

■ 142, 147, 157

■ 142, 132, 29

■ 142, 152, 171

■ 142, 129, 15

■ 142, 157, 185

■ 142, 129, 1

■ 142, 162, 199

■ 142, 127, 0

■ 142, 167, 214

■ 142, 172, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 118, 108



142, 138, 100



105, 130, 98

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 138, 100



91, 112, 131



131, 119, 144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 138, 100



100, 114, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 122, 149



142, 138, 100



89, 112, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 138, 100



101, 122, 131



98, 117, 148



144, 116, 133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 138, 100



101, 127, 108



98, 117, 148



126, 121, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 138, 100



184, 182, 167



142, 100, 122



92, 89, 82



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 138, 100



184, 178, 119



101, 142, 100



69, 71, 64



135, 122, 0



8, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 114, 142



119, 141, 184



100, 101, 142



64, 67, 71



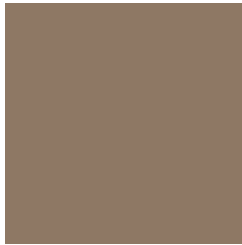
0, 47, 135



0, 3, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 138, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

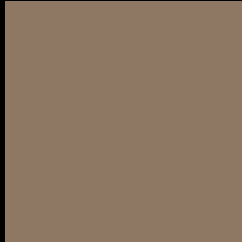
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 138, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

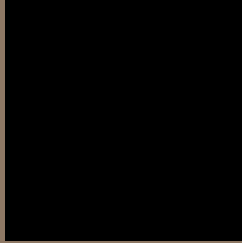
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 142, 138, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 138, 100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 138, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


142, 138, 100

Protanopia

111, 131, 102

Deuteranopia

144, 133, 100



Tritanopia
145, 116, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 138, 100

Protanomaly

120, 135, 101

Deuteranomaly

143, 134, 100

Tritanomaly

144, 117, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 138, 100

Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly

131, 131, 115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 142, 138, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 120, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 120, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 120, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 120, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 142, 138, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 120, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 120, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 120, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 120, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 120, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 120,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 142, 138, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 120, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
120, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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