

Converting Colors

`RYB(142, 147, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(142, 147, 152) contains.

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Color

R_YB(142, 147, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E9898
RGB	142, 152, 152
RGB Percent	56%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4039, 0.4039
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	180°, 5%, 58%
HSV	180°, 7%, 60%
XYZ	28.0511, 30.4743, 34.1094
YIQ	149.0100, -5.9600, -2.1200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

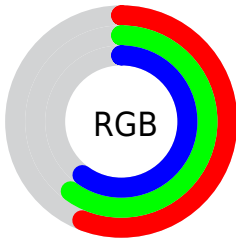
Format	Color
RYB	142, 147, 152
Decimal	9345176
CIELab	62.06, -3.58, -1.24
CIELCh	62, 3.786, 199.171
Yxy	30.4743, 0.3028, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287535256 (0xFF8E9898)
YUV	149.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478
Hunter-Lab	55.2035, -5.9033, 2.0080

Details

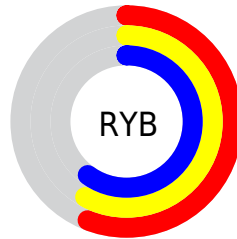
The RYB color **142, 147, 152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **152, 142, 142**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 201, 206**, and **92, 97, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 140, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 152, 152**.

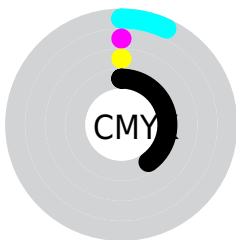
Distribution



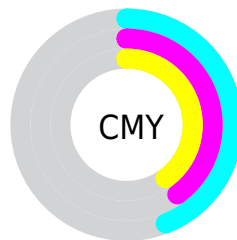
- Red (56%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 142, 147, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 142, 147, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 142, 147, 152

255, 255, 255

 196, 201, 206


 224, 229, 234

 252, 254, 255

 142, 147, 152

 116, 121, 126

 92, 97, 101

 68, 73, 77

 46, 50, 55

 25, 29, 33

 0, 5, 10

 0, 0, 0

 142, 147, 152

 127, 140, 152

 142, 147, 152

 157, 152, 152

■ 112, 132, 152

■ 172, 152, 152

■ 96, 124, 152

■ 188, 152, 152

■ 81, 117, 152

■ 203, 152, 152

■ 66, 109, 152

■ 218, 152, 152

■ 51, 102, 152

■ 233, 152, 152

■ 36, 94, 152

■ 248, 152, 152

■ 20, 86, 152

■ 255, 152, 152

■ 5, 79, 152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 148, 152



142, 147, 152



143, 148, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 147, 152



153, 148, 154



152, 154, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 147, 152



152, 142, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 149, 145



142, 147, 152



156, 148, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 147, 152



149, 150, 156



158, 148, 148



144, 150, 144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 147, 152



144, 148, 156



158, 148, 148



155, 153, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 147, 152



192, 194, 196



142, 152, 152



97, 98, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 147, 152



181, 189, 196



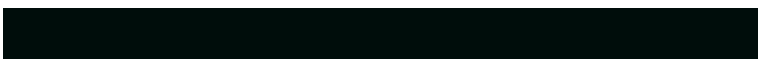
142, 145, 152



69, 73, 77



0, 70, 140



0, 7, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 142, 152



196, 181, 196



152, 152, 142



77, 69, 77



140, 0, 140



13, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 147, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 147, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

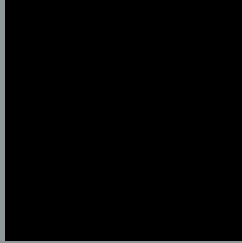
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

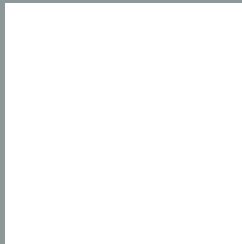
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 142, 147, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 142, 147, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 142, 147, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
142, 147, 152

Protanopia
152, 149, 150

Deuteranopia
163, 145, 153



Tritanopia

144, 149, 162

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 147, 152

Protanomaly

148, 149, 151

Deuteranomaly

155, 148, 153

Tritanomaly

143, 148, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 147, 152

Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly

146, 148, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 142, 147, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(142, 152, 152) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 152, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 152, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 152, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 142, 147, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 152, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 152, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 152, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 152, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 152, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 152,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 142, 147, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 152, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
152, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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