

Converting Colors

`RYB(142, 159, 122)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(142, 159, 122) contains.

RYB(142, 159, 122)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(142, 159, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F927A
RGB	159, 146, 122
RGB Percent	62%, 57%, 48%
CMY	0.3765, 0.4274, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.23, 0.38
HSL	39°, 16%, 55%
HSV	39°, 23%, 62%
XYZ	28.0925, 29.3392, 22.5948
YIQ	147.1510, 15.4520, -4.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

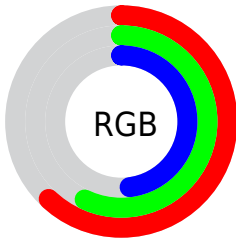
Format	Color
RYB	142, 159, 122
Decimal	10457722
CIELab	61.08, 0.82, 14.49
CIELCh	61, 14.512, 86.769
Yxy	29.3392, 0.3510, 0.3666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288647802 (0xFF9F927A)
YUV	147.1510, -12.3994, 10.3916
Hunter-Lab	54.1657, -2.2127, 13.1837

Details

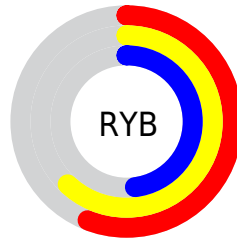
The RYB color **142, 159, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **122, 132, 159**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 214, 174**, and **89, 107, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136, 159, 106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 159, 138**.

Distribution



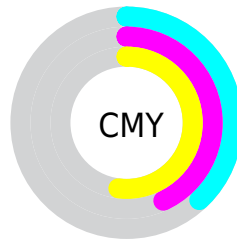
- Red (62%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 142, 159, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 142, 159, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 142, 159, 122

255, 255, 255

 196, 214, 174

 226, 243, 202

 230, 255, 230

 142, 159, 122

 117, 133, 97

 89, 107, 73

 68, 83, 51

 42, 59, 29


 16, 37, 5


 8, 5, 0

 0, 0, 0

 142, 159, 122

 136, 159, 106

 142, 159, 122

 149, 159, 138

■ 127, 159, 90

■ 157, 159, 154

■ 120, 159, 74

■ 159, 162, 170

■ 112, 159, 58

■ 159, 166, 186

■ 106, 159, 43

■ 159, 170, 202

■ 98, 159, 27

■ 159, 174, 217

■ 91, 159, 11

■ 159, 178, 233

■ 86, 159, 0

■ 159, 183, 249

■ 159, 186, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170, 151, 126



142, 159, 122



124, 150, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 159, 122



114, 135, 158



163, 141, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 159, 122



122, 132, 159

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148, 145, 170



142, 159, 122



118, 139, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 159, 122



119, 140, 155



131, 144, 173



172, 139, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 159, 122



130, 152, 147



131, 144, 173



158, 142, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 159, 122



202, 207, 192



159, 122, 136



101, 105, 96



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 159, 122



182, 207, 149



122, 159, 127



76, 79, 71



77, 143, 0



8, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 132, 159



149, 164, 207



127, 122, 159



71, 73, 79



0, 37, 143



0, 4, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 159, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 159, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

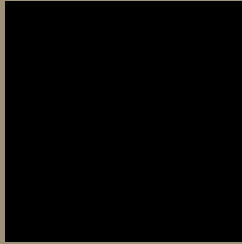
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 142, 159, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 159, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 159, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
142, 159, 122

Protanopia
135, 156, 123

Deuteranopia
170, 155, 123



Tritanopia
163, 142, 153

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 159, 122

Protanomaly

137, 157, 123

Deuteranomaly

166, 160, 123

Tritanomaly

162, 143, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 159, 122

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

144, 151, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 142, 159, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(159, 146, 122) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 146, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 146, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 146, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 142, 159, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 146, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 146, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 146, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 146, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 146, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 146,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 142, 159, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 146, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
146, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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