

Converting Colors

`RYB(142, 224, 126)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(142, 224, 126) contains.

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Color

R_YB(142, 224, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0D27E
RGB	224, 210, 126
RGB Percent	88%, 82%, 49%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1755, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.44, 0.12
HSL	52°, 61%, 69%
HSV	52°, 44%, 88%
XYZ	57.6136, 63.5682, 28.9720
YIQ	204.6100, 35.3080, -23.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

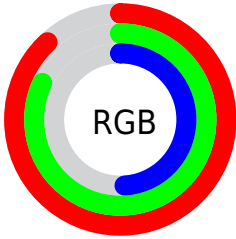
Format	Color
RYB	142, 224, 126
Decimal	14733950
CIELab	83.74, -6.76, 43.33
CIELCh	84, 43.853, 98.869
Yxy	63.5682, 0.3837, 0.4234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292924030 (0xFFE0D27E)
YUV	204.6100, -38.7547, 17.0050
Hunter-Lab	79.7297, -10.5406, 34.2661

Details

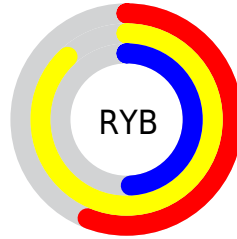
The RYB color **142, 224, 126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **126, 138, 224**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180, 255, 180**, and **87, 167, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124, 224, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 224, 148**.

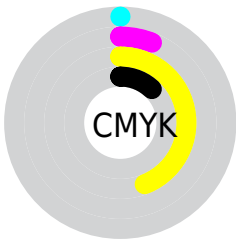
Distribution



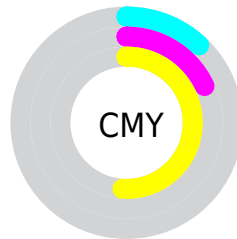
- Red (88%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 142, 224, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 142, 224, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 142, 224, 126


255, 255, 255

 180, 255, 180


 208, 255, 208

 237, 255, 237

 142, 224, 126

 114, 195, 100

 87, 167, 75


 61, 140, 50

 33, 113, 24

 6, 87, 0

 4, 62, 0

 0, 37, 0

 0, 17, 14

 0, 0, 0

 142, 224, 126

 142, 224, 126

 124, 224, 104

 161, 224, 148

 104, 224, 81

 179, 224, 171

 86, 224, 59


 198, 224, 193

 66, 224, 36

 217, 224, 216

 48, 224, 14

 224, 226, 238

 36, 224, 0

 224, 228, 255

 224, 230, 255

 224, 232, 255

 224, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



245, 255, 132



142, 224, 126



143, 222, 186

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 224, 126



28, 135, 255



255, 181, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 224, 126



126, 138, 224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 194, 255



142, 224, 126



96, 166, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 224, 126



69, 153, 231



169, 196, 255



255, 177, 198

Rectangle

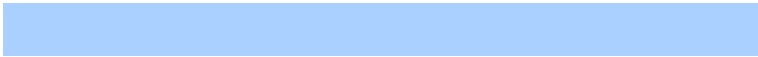
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 224, 126



146, 212, 227



169, 196, 255



255, 184, 252

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 224, 126



228, 255, 222



224, 126, 141



111, 128, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 224, 126



142, 255, 120



126, 224, 160



102, 112, 101



29, 176, 0



7, 48, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 138, 224



120, 137, 255



160, 126, 224



101, 103, 112



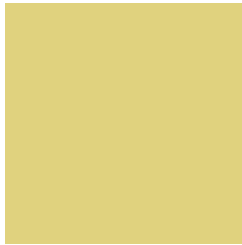
0, 22, 176



0, 6, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 224, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

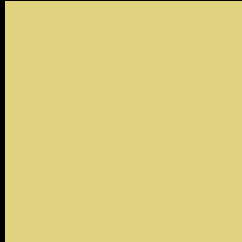
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 224, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

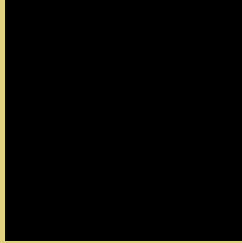
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 142, 224, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 224, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 224, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
142, 224, 126

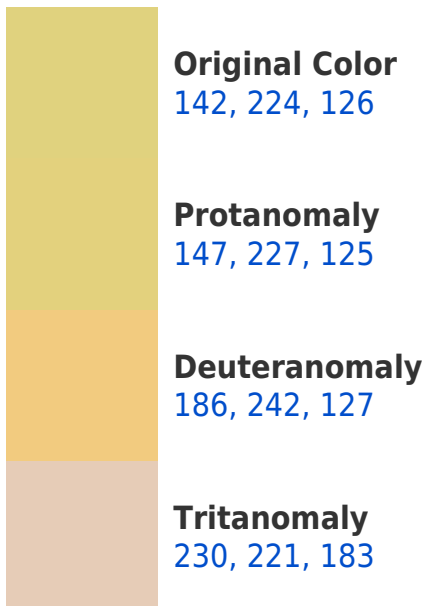
Protanopia
148, 228, 125

Deuteranopia
223, 253, 128



Tritanopia
233, 200, 215

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 142, 224, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 210, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 210, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 210, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 210, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 142, 224, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 210, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 210, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 210, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 210, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 210, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 210,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 142, 224, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 210, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
210, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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