

Converting Colors

`RYB(142, 64, 132)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(142, 64, 132) contains.

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Color

R_YB(142, 64, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E4084
RGB	142, 64, 132
RGB Percent	56%, 25%, 52%
CMY	0.4431, 0.7490, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.07, 0.44
HSL	308°, 38%, 40%
HSV	308°, 55%, 56%
XYZ	17.1536, 11.0835, 23.0650
YIQ	95.0740, 24.6600, 37.6840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

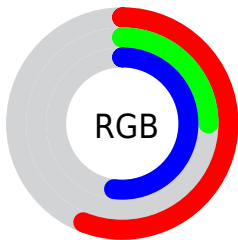
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 64, 132
Decimal	9322628
CIE _{Lab}	39.72, 42.38, -23.15
CIE _{LCh}	40, 48.295, 331.353
Yxy	11.0835, 0.3344, 0.2160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287512708 (0xFF8E4084)
YUV	95.0740, 18.2045, 41.1541
Hunter-Lab	33.2919, 33.7109, -17.7725

Details

The RYB color **142, 64, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **64, 133, 142**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 115, 185**, and **89, 8, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 50, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 78, 134**.

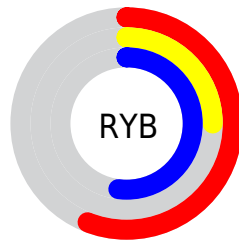
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (25%)

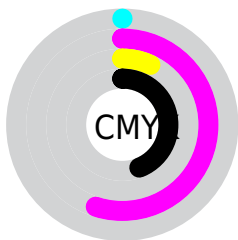
Blue (52%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (52%)

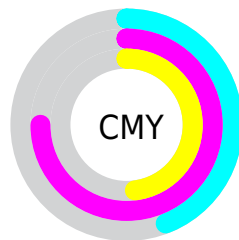


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (75%)


Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 142, 64, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 142, 64, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 142, 64, 132

 142, 64, 132

255, 255, 255

 115, 38, 107

 198, 115, 185

 89, 8, 82

 226, 142, 213

 64, 0, 59

 255, 169, 242

 43, 0, 37

 255, 197, 255

 0, 1, 13

 255, 226, 255

 0, 0, 0

 142, 64, 132

 142, 64, 132

 142, 50, 130

 142, 78, 134

 142, 36, 128

 142, 92, 136

■ 142, 21, 127

■ 142, 107, 137

■ 142, 7, 125

■ 142, 121, 139

■ 142, 0, 124

■ 142, 135, 141

■ 142, 148, 149

■ 142, 160, 163

■ 142, 174, 178

■ 142, 187, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 82, 161



142, 64, 132



162, 53, 93

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 64, 132



23, 111, 0



0, 61, 134

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 64, 132



64, 133, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 61, 112



142, 64, 132



16, 103, 48

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 64, 132



142, 125, 21



0, 73, 109



0, 64, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 64, 132



163, 56, 67



0, 73, 109



0, 58, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 64, 132



184, 154, 180



73, 64, 142



92, 74, 90



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 64, 132



184, 62, 168



142, 64, 94



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 118



8, 0, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 64, 132



184, 62, 168



64, 112, 142



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 118



8, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 64, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 142, 64, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

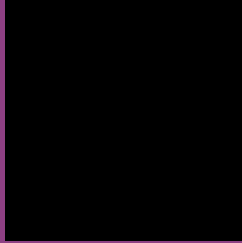
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 142, 64, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 64, 132.

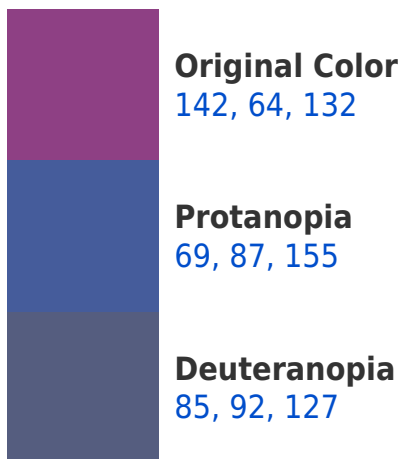


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 142, 64, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
136, 76, 82

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 64, 132

Protanomaly

96, 82, 147

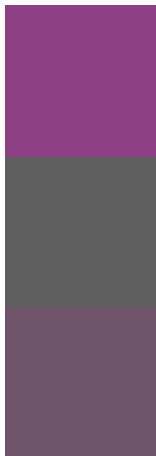
Deuteranomaly

106, 82, 129

Tritanomaly

138, 72, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 64, 132

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

112, 84, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 142, 64, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 64, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 64, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 64, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 64, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 142, 64, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 64, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 64, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 64, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 64, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 64, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 64,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 142, 64, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 64, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 64,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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