

Converting Colors

`RYB(143, 149, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(143, 149, 159) contains.

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Color

RYB(143, 149, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F999F
RGB	143, 153, 159
RGB Percent	56%, 60%, 62%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4016, 0.3765
CMYK	0.10, 0.04, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	204°, 8%, 59%
HSV	204°, 10%, 62%
XYZ	28.9116, 30.9946, 37.2596
YIQ	150.6940, -7.8860, -0.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

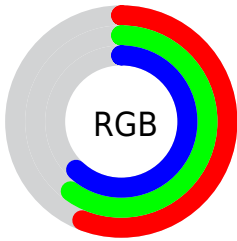
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 149, 159
Decimal	9410975
CIE _{Lab}	62.50, -2.11, -4.54
CIE _{LCh}	63, 5.007, 245.070
Y _{xy}	30.9946, 0.2975, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287601055 (0xFF8F999F)
Y _{UV}	150.6940, 4.0949, -6.7476
Hunter-Lab	55.6728, -4.7301, -0.7096

Details

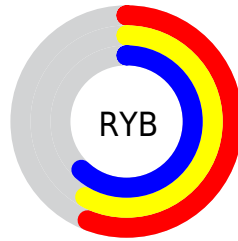
The RYB color **143, 149, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **159, 153, 143**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 203, 214**, and **93, 99, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 139, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 159, 159**.

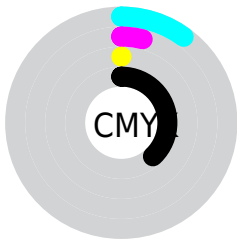
Distribution



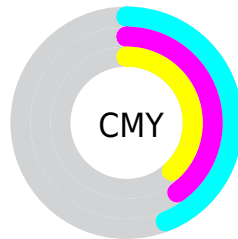
- Red (56%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 143, 149, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 143, 149, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 143, 149, 159


255, 255, 255

 197, 203, 214

 225, 231, 242

253, 254, 255

 143, 149, 159

 117, 123, 133

 93, 99, 108

 69, 74, 83

 47, 52, 60


 26, 31, 39

 0, 7, 18

 0, 0, 0

 143, 149, 159

 127, 139, 159

 143, 149, 159

 159, 159, 159

■ 111, 129, 159

■ 175, 169, 159

■ 95, 119, 159

■ 191, 181, 159

■ 79, 109, 159

■ 207, 190, 159

■ 64, 100, 159

■ 223, 200, 159

■ 48, 89, 159

■ 238, 213, 159

■ 32, 80, 159

■ 254, 222, 159

■ 16, 70, 159

■ 255, 240, 159

■ 0, 59, 159

■ 244, 255, 159

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141, 148, 156



143, 149, 159



148, 150, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143, 149, 159



161, 148, 150



144, 152, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143, 149, 159



159, 153, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 154, 142



143, 149, 159



161, 150, 146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143, 149, 159



158, 149, 155



158, 156, 143



144, 151, 153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143, 149, 159



151, 150, 159



158, 156, 143



143, 152, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143, 149, 159



200, 203, 207



143, 155, 159



100, 102, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143, 149, 159



182, 191, 207



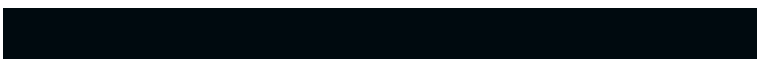
143, 145, 159



71, 74, 79



0, 54, 143



0, 6, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 143, 153



207, 182, 197



145, 159, 143



79, 71, 76



143, 0, 86



15, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 143, 149, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

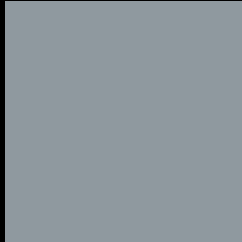
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 143, 149, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

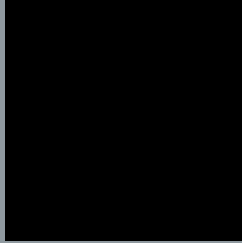
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

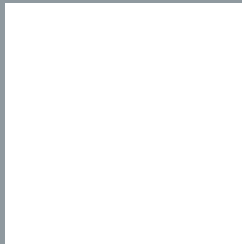
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 143, 149, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 143, 149, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 143, 149, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

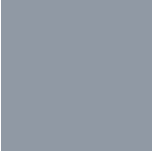
143, 149, 159

Protanopia

152, 150, 158

Deuteranopia

161, 147, 160



Tritanopia
144, 150, 164

Trichromacy



Original Color

143, 149, 159

Protanomaly

149, 151, 158

Deuteranomaly

154, 149, 160

Tritanomaly

144, 150, 162

Monochromacy



Original Color

143, 149, 159

Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly

147, 149, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 143, 149, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 153, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 153, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 153, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 153, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 143, 149, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 153, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 153, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 153, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 153, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 153, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 153,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 143, 149, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 153, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
153, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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