

Converting Colors

`RYB(143, 186, 247)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(143, 186, 247) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(143, 186, 247)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FD8F7
RGB	143, 216, 247
RGB Percent	56%, 85%, 97%
CMY	0.4392, 0.1517, 0.0314
CMYK	0.42, 0.12, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	198°, 87%, 76%
HSV	198°, 42%, 97%
XYZ	52.7519, 61.8265, 97.1491
YIQ	197.7070, -53.4590, -5.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

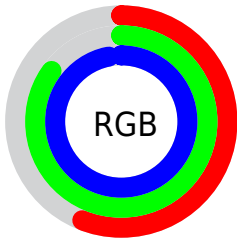
Format	Color
R _Y B	143, 186, 247
Decimal	9427191
CIE Lab	82.82, -15.05, -22.16
CIE LCh	83, 26.789, 235.813
Yxy	61.8265, 0.2492, 0.2920
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287617271 (0xFF8FD8F7)
YUV	197.7070, 24.3014, -47.9780
Hunter-Lab	78.6298, -17.8485, -18.2133

Details

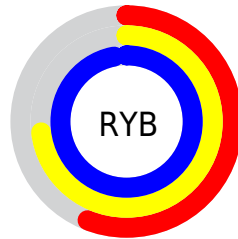
The RYB color **143, 186, 247** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **247, 187, 143**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 228, 255**, and **86, 130, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118, 171, 247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 201, 247**.

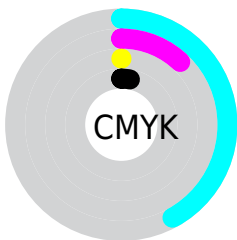
Distribution



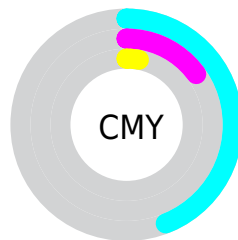
- Red (56%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 143, 186, 247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 143, 186, 247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 143, 186, 247


255, 255, 255


 200, 228, 255

 230, 243, 255

 143, 186, 247

 115, 158, 218

 86, 130, 191


 56, 101, 163

 17, 69, 137

 0, 48, 112

 0, 36, 87

 0, 25, 64

 0, 14, 42

 0, 1, 20

■ 143, 186, 247

■ 143, 186, 247

■ 118, 171, 247

■ 168, 201, 247

■ 94, 157, 247

■ 192, 215, 247

■ 69, 142, 247

■ 217, 229, 247

■ 44, 128, 247

■ 242, 244, 247

■ 20, 114, 247

■ 250, 255, 247

■ 0, 102, 247

■ 247, 255, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 179, 227



143, 186, 247



171, 198, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143, 186, 247



254, 188, 211



161, 211, 170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143, 186, 247



247, 187, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 228, 156



143, 186, 247



255, 189, 185

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143, 186, 247



235, 193, 235



248, 212, 165



173, 213, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143, 186, 247



194, 203, 254



248, 212, 165



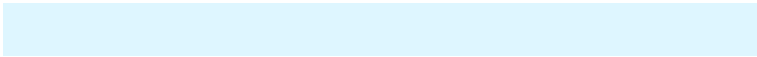
160, 211, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143, 186, 247



222, 236, 255



143, 224, 247



107, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



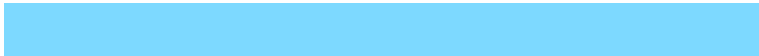
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143, 186, 247



125, 179, 255



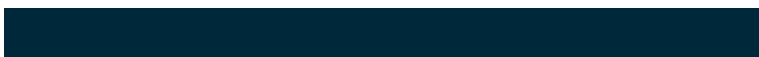
143, 162, 247



110, 115, 122



0, 77, 186



0, 24, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 143, 216



255, 125, 217



173, 247, 143



122, 110, 119



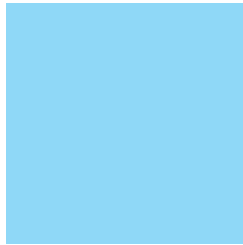
186, 0, 131



59, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 143, 186, 247 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

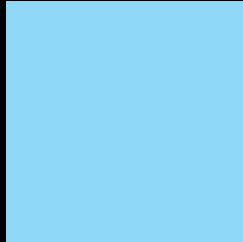
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 143, 186, 247 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 143, 186, 247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 143, 186, 247.

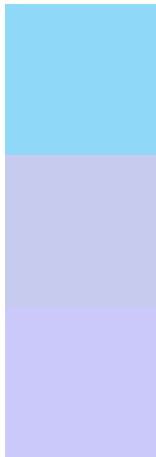


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 143, 186, 247.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

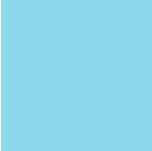
Dichromacy



Original Color
143, 186, 247

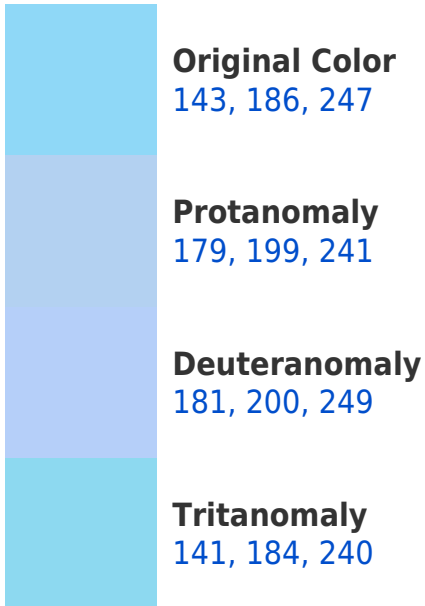
Protanopia
199, 203, 238

Deuteranopia
203, 201, 250

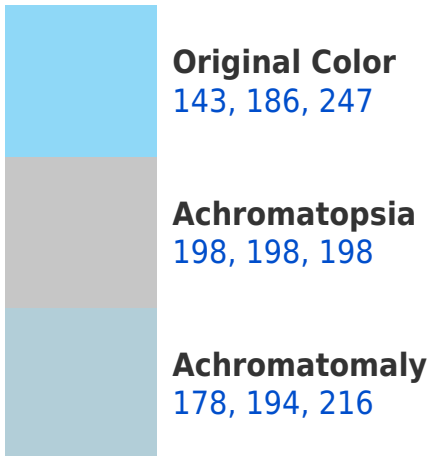


Tritanopia
140, 183, 236

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 143, 186, 247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 216, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 216, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 216, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 216, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 143, 186, 247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 216, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 216, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 216, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 216, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 216, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 216,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 143, 186, 247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 216, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
216, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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