

Converting Colors

`RYB(143, 232, 111)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(143, 232, 111) contains.

RYB(143, 232, 111)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(143, 232, 111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8CF6F
RGB	232, 207, 111
RGB Percent	91%, 81%, 44%
CMY	0.0902, 0.1894, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.52, 0.09
HSL	47°, 72%, 67%
HSV	47°, 52%, 91%
XYZ	58.3864, 62.7804, 24.0795
YIQ	203.5310, 45.7160, -24.5560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

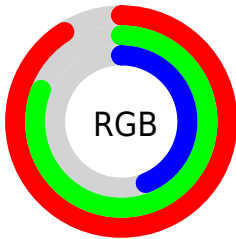
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 232, 111
Decimal	15257455
CIE Lab	83.33, -3.09, 50.31
CIE LCh	83, 50.402, 93.520
Yxy	62.7804, 0.4020, 0.4322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293447535 (0xFFE8CF6F)
YUV	203.5310, -45.6178, 24.9673
Hunter-Lab	79.2341, -7.1257, 37.4455

Details

The RYB color **143, 232, 111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **111, 132, 232**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 255, 165**, and **85, 174, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126, 232, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 232, 134**.

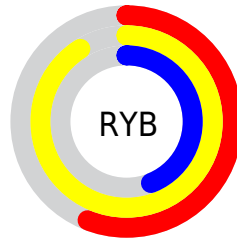
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (81%)

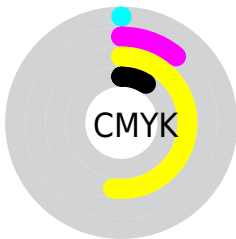
Blue (44%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (44%)

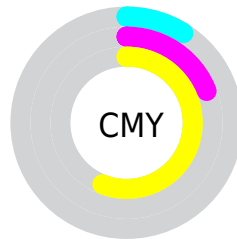


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 143, 232, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 143, 232, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 143, 232, 111

 143, 232, 111


255, 255, 255


 115, 203, 85

 165, 255, 165

 85, 174, 59

 192, 255, 192

 56, 146, 33

 221, 255, 221

 19, 118, 0

 250, 255, 250

 17, 92, 0

 12, 66, 0

 6, 40, 0

 0, 14, 3

 0, 0, 0

■ 143, 232, 111

■ 143, 232, 111

■ 126, 232, 88

■ 159, 232, 134

■ 109, 232, 65

■ 177, 232, 157

■ 92, 232, 41

■ 195, 232, 181

■ 75, 232, 18

■ 212, 232, 204

■ 62, 232, 0

■ 228, 232, 227

■ 232, 235, 250

■ 232, 238, 255

■ 232, 241, 255

■ 232, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



251, 255, 123



143, 232, 111



126, 220, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143, 232, 111



0, 121, 255



255, 177, 251

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143, 232, 111



111, 132, 232

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



220, 193, 255



143, 232, 111



0, 119, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143, 232, 111



14, 128, 232



143, 185, 255



255, 169, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143, 232, 111



144, 222, 227



143, 185, 255



255, 182, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



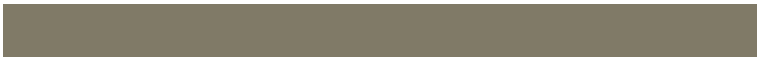
143, 232, 111



226, 255, 214



232, 111, 137



111, 128, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143, 232, 111



137, 255, 94



111, 232, 145



107, 115, 103



48, 179, 0



14, 51, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 132, 232



94, 122, 255



145, 111, 232



103, 105, 115



0, 31, 179



0, 9, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 143, 232, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

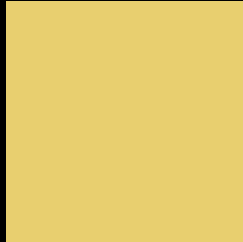
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 143, 232, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 143, 232, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 143, 232, 111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 143, 232, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
143, 232, 111

Protanopia
137, 229, 111

Deuteranopia
206, 254, 113



Tritanopia
241, 195, 211

Trichromacy



Original Color
143, 232, 111

Protanomaly
138, 230, 111

Deuteranomaly
180, 246, 112

Tritanomaly
238, 214, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color
143, 232, 111

Achromatopsia
203, 203, 203

Achromatomaly
183, 214, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 143, 232, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 207, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 207, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 207, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 207, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 143, 232, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 207, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 207, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 207, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 207, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 207, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 207,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 143, 232, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 207, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
207, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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