

Converting Colors

`RYB(144, 118, 217)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(144, 118, 217) contains.

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Color

R_YB(144, 118, 217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9076D9
RGB	144, 118, 217
RGB Percent	56%, 46%, 85%
CMY	0.4353, 0.5373, 0.1490
CMYK	0.34, 0.46, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	256°, 57%, 66%
HSV	256°, 46%, 85%
XYZ	30.5044, 23.8959, 68.6503
YIQ	137.0600, -16.2830, 36.3010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

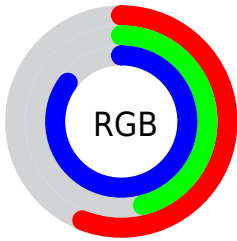
Format	Color
RYB	144, 118, 217
Decimal	9467609
CIELab	55.98, 32.06, -47.39
CIELCh	56, 57.212, 304.077
Yxy	23.8959, 0.2479, 0.1942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287657689 (0xFF9076D9)
YUV	137.0600, 39.4104, 6.0864
Hunter-Lab	48.8834, 25.8422, -49.0465

Details

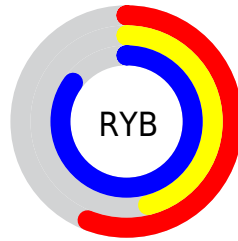
The RYB color **144, 118, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **118, 217, 144**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 171, 255**, and **90, 69, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 96, 217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 140, 217**.

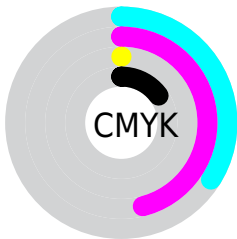
Distribution



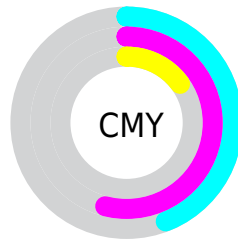
- Red (56%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 144, 118, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 144, 118, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 144, 118, 217

255, 255, 255

 200, 171, 255

 229, 198, 255

 255, 226, 255

 144, 118, 217

 117, 93, 189

 90, 69, 161

 62, 46, 135

 33, 24, 109

 0, 3, 84

 0, 0, 60

 0, 2, 37

 0, 1, 14

 0, 0, 0

■ 144, 118, 217

■ 144, 118, 217

■ 128, 96, 217

■ 160, 140, 217

■ 112, 75, 217

■ 176, 161, 217

■ 96, 53, 217

■ 192, 183, 217

■ 80, 31, 217

■ 208, 205, 217

■ 64, 10, 217

■ 217, 227, 220

■ 57, 0, 217

■ 217, 248, 225

■ 217, 255, 217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 87, 234



144, 118, 217



199, 97, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 118, 217



193, 185, 41



0, 84, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 118, 217



118, 217, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 99, 155



144, 118, 217



42, 153, 20

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 118, 217



219, 97, 81



44, 147, 89



0, 86, 189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 118, 217



218, 87, 146



44, 147, 89



0, 88, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 118, 217



229, 219, 255



118, 160, 217



112, 106, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 118, 217



152, 115, 255



192, 118, 217



102, 99, 110



46, 0, 173



12, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 118, 191



255, 115, 218



118, 217, 192



110, 99, 107



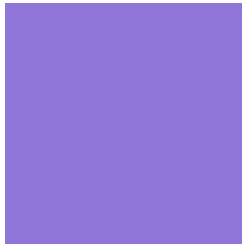
173, 0, 128



46, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 144, 118, 217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

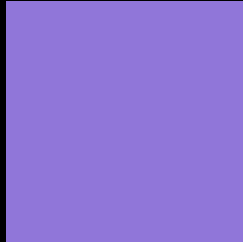
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 144, 118, 217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

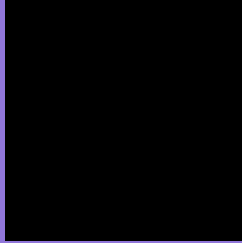
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 144, 118, 217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 144, 118, 217.

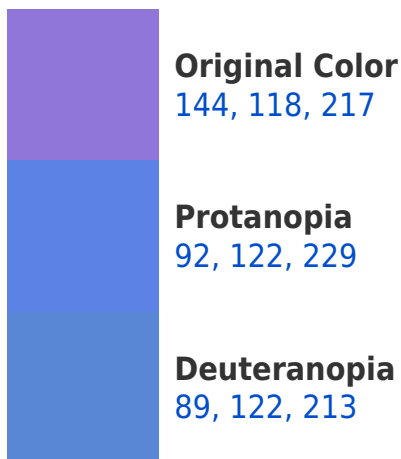


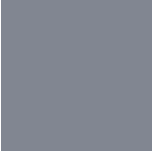
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 144, 118, 217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
129, 133, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color
144, 118, 217

Protanomaly
111, 124, 225

Deuteranomaly
109, 125, 214

Tritanomaly
134, 128, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color
144, 118, 217

Achromatopsia
137, 137, 137

Achromatomaly
140, 130, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 144, 118, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 118, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 118, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 118, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 118, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 144, 118, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 118, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 118, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 118, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 118, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 118, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 118,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 144, 118, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 118, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
118, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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