

Converting Colors

`RYB(144, 145, 161)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(144, 145, 161) contains.

RYB(144, 145, 161)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(144, 145, 161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9091A1
RGB	144, 145, 161
RGB Percent	56%, 57%, 63%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4311, 0.3686
CMYK	0.11, 0.10, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	236°, 8%, 60%
HSV	236°, 11%, 63%
XYZ	28.0696, 28.7724, 37.7924
YIQ	146.5250, -5.7320, 4.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

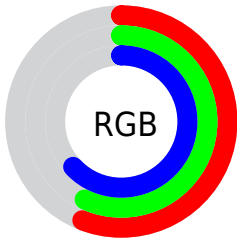
Format	Color
RYB	144, 145, 161
Decimal	9474465
CIELab	60.58, 2.88, -8.52
CIELCh	61, 8.993, 288.682
Yxy	28.7724, 0.2966, 0.3040
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287664545 (0xFF9091A1)
YUV	146.5250, 7.1362, -2.2144
Hunter-Lab	53.6399, -0.4614, -4.2253

Details

The RYB color **144, 145, 161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **145, 161, 144**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 199, 216**, and **94, 95, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 130, 161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 160, 161**.

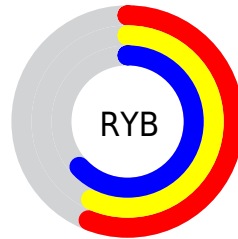
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (57%)

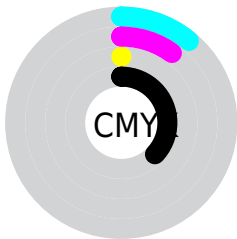
Blue (63%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (63%)

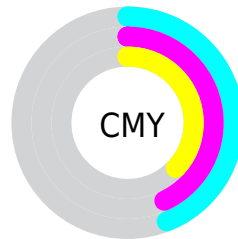


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 144, 145, 161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 144, 145, 161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 144, 145, 161

255, 255, 255

■ 198, 199, 216

■ 226, 227, 244

■ 144, 145, 161

■ 118, 119, 135

■ 94, 95, 109

■ 70, 71, 85

■ 47, 49, 62

■ 26, 28, 40

■ 0, 1, 20

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 144, 145, 161

■ 128, 130, 161

■ 144, 145, 161

■ 160, 160, 161

■ 112, 115, 161

■ 162, 176, 161

■ 96, 100, 161

■ 163, 192, 161

■ 80, 85, 161

■ 164, 208, 161

■ 64, 70, 161

■ 165, 225, 161

■ 47, 54, 161

■ 166, 241, 161

■ 31, 39, 161

■ 165, 255, 161

■ 15, 23, 161

■ 161, 255, 161

■ 0, 9, 161

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 143, 161



144, 145, 161



154, 143, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 145, 161



162, 145, 134



130, 143, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 145, 161



145, 161, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 149, 146



144, 145, 161



151, 156, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 145, 161



163, 141, 141



131, 147, 131



126, 139, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 145, 161



159, 141, 152



131, 147, 131



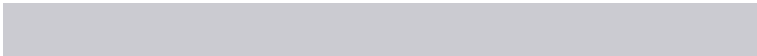
133, 145, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 145, 161



203, 203, 209



144, 153, 161



100, 101, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 145, 161



182, 184, 209



151, 144, 161



73, 74, 82



0, 8, 145



0, 1, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161, 144, 145



209, 182, 184



144, 161, 151



82, 73, 74



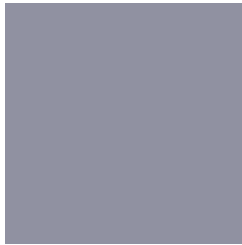
145, 0, 9



18, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 144, 145, 161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

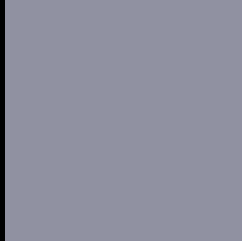
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 144, 145, 161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

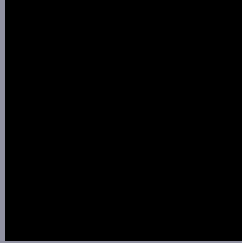
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

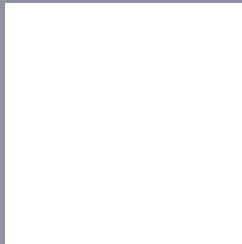
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 144, 145, 161 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 144, 145, 161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 144, 145, 161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[144](#), [145](#), [161](#)

Protanopia
[144](#), [145](#), [161](#)

Deuteranopia
[153](#), [142](#), [162](#)



Tritanopia

143, 145, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color

144, 145, 161

Protanomaly

144, 145, 161

Deuteranomaly

150, 143, 162

Tritanomaly

143, 146, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color

144, 145, 161

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

146, 146, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 144, 145, 161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(144, 145, 161) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 145, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 145, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 145, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 144, 145, 161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 145, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 145, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 145, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 145, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 145, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 145,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 144, 145, 161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 145, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
145, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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