

Converting Colors

`RYB(144, 164, 210)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(144, 164, 210) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(144, 164, 210)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90ADD2
RGB	144, 173, 210
RGB Percent	56%, 68%, 82%
CMY	0.4353, 0.3228, 0.1765
CMYK	0.31, 0.18, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	214°, 42%, 69%
HSV	214°, 31%, 82%
XYZ	38.0197, 40.3530, 66.7578
YIQ	168.5470, -29.1610, 5.3590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

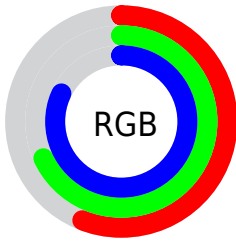
Format	Color
RYB	144, 164, 210
Decimal	9481682
CIELab	69.72, -1.08, -22.11
CIELCh	70, 22.140, 267.210
Yxy	40.3530, 0.2620, 0.2780
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287671762 (0xFF90ADD2)
YUV	168.5470, 20.4363, -21.5277
Hunter-Lab	63.5240, -4.3330, -17.8415

Details

The RYB color **144, 164, 210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **196, 210, 144**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199, 218, 255**, and **91, 111, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **123, 149, 210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 179, 210**.

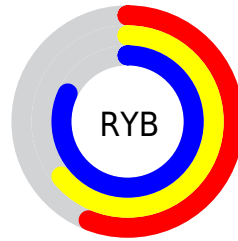
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (68%)

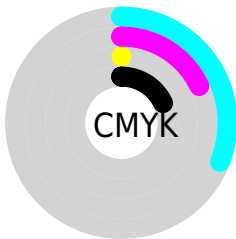
Blue (82%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (82%)

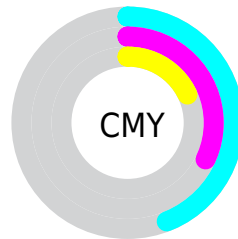


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 144, 164, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 144, 164, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 144, 164, 210

255, 255, 255

■ 199, 218, 255

■ 228, 242, 255

■ 144, 164, 210

■ 117, 137, 182

■ 91, 111, 155

■ 66, 86, 129

■ 40, 61, 104

■ 11, 36, 80

■ 0, 19, 57

■ 0, 2, 35

■ 0, 0, 11

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 144, 164, 210

■ 144, 164, 210

■ 123, 149, 210

■ 165, 179, 210

■ 102, 135, 210

■ 186, 193, 210

■ 81, 120, 210

■ 207, 208, 210

■ 60, 105, 210

■ 224, 228, 210

■ 39, 91, 210

■ 240, 249, 210

■ 18, 76, 210

■ 225, 255, 210

■ 0, 63, 210

■ 210, 255, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 155, 203



144, 164, 210



171, 166, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 164, 210



212, 157, 153



143, 175, 179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 164, 210



196, 210, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134, 175, 143



144, 164, 210



204, 177, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 164, 210



209, 156, 173



159, 187, 130



123, 156, 182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 164, 210



188, 161, 198



159, 187, 130



143, 178, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 164, 210



232, 239, 255



144, 187, 210



113, 118, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 164, 210



158, 187, 255



147, 144, 210



94, 97, 105



0, 51, 168



0, 13, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 144, 173



255, 158, 200



144, 210, 147



105, 94, 99



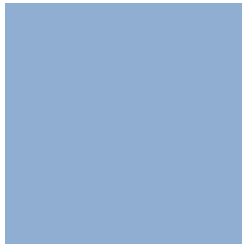
168, 0, 73



41, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 144, 164, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

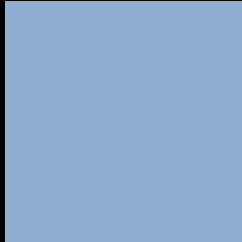
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 144, 164, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

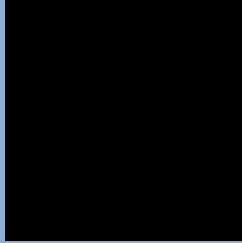
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

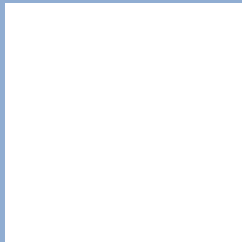
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 144, 164, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 144, 164, 210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 144, 164, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

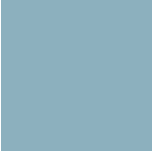
Dichromacy



Original Color
144, 164, 210

Protanopia
161, 167, 207

Deuteranopia
165, 167, 211



Tritanopia
140, 161, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color
144, 164, 210

Protanomaly
155, 167, 208

Deuteranomaly
157, 167, 211

Tritanomaly
141, 162, 197

Monochromacy



Original Color
144, 164, 210

Achromatopsia
168, 168, 168

Achromatomaly
159, 167, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 144, 164, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 173, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 173, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 173, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 173, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 144, 164, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 173, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 173, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 173, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 173, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 173, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 173,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 144, 164, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 173, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
173, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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