

Converting Colors

`RYB(145, 72, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(145, 72, 145) contains.

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Color

`RYB(145, 72, 145)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	914891
RGB	145, 72, 145
RGB Percent	57%, 28%, 57%
CMY	0.4314, 0.7176, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	300°, 34%, 43%
HSV	300°, 50%, 57%
XYZ	19.1053, 12.6988, 28.2322
YIQ	102.1490, 20.0750, 38.1790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

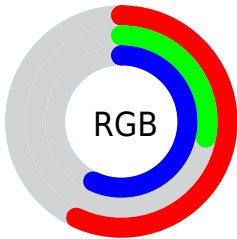
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 72, 145
Decimal	9521297
CIE _{Lab}	42.31, 41.57, -27.01
CIE _{LCh}	42, 49.576, 326.992
Yxy	12.6988, 0.3182, 0.2115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287711377 (0xFF914891)
YUV	102.1490, 21.1255, 37.5803
Hunter-Lab	35.6354, 33.3376, -22.0279

Details

The RYB color **145, 72, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **72, 145, 145**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 123, 199**, and **92, 20, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 58, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 86, 145**.

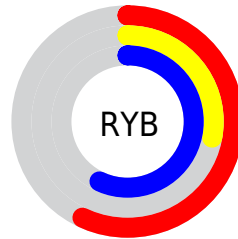
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (28%)

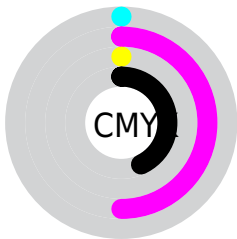
Blue (57%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (57%)

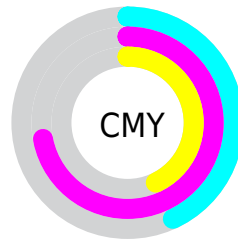


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 145, 72, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 145, 72, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



145, 72, 145



145, 72, 145

255, 255, 255



118, 47, 119



201, 123, 199



92, 20, 94



229, 150, 227



67, 0, 70



255, 177, 255



44, 0, 48



255, 205, 255



6, 0, 26



255, 234, 255



0, 0, 0



145, 72, 145



145, 72, 145



145, 58, 145



145, 86, 145





145, 43, 145



145, 101, 145


 145, 29, 145

 145, 116, 145

 145, 14, 145

 145, 130, 145

 145, 0, 145

 145, 145, 145

 145, 159, 159

 145, 174, 174

 145, 188, 188

 145, 203, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91, 91, 173



145, 72, 145



170, 59, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145, 72, 145



33, 123, 0



0, 63, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145, 72, 145



72, 145, 145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 66, 119



145, 72, 145



15, 108, 39

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145, 72, 145



154, 114, 30



16, 88, 115



0, 68, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145, 72, 145



173, 60, 78



16, 88, 115



0, 60, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145, 72, 145



189, 160, 189



72, 72, 145



94, 77, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145, 72, 145



189, 75, 189



145, 72, 109



71, 64, 71



135, 0, 135



8, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 72, 145



189, 75, 189



72, 120, 145



71, 64, 71



135, 0, 135



8, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 145, 72, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

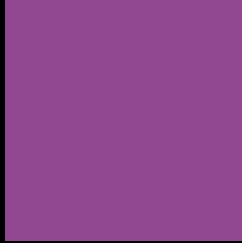
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 145, 72, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

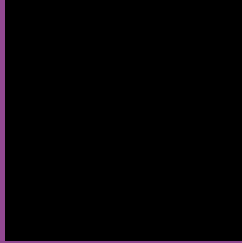
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 145, 72, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 145, 72, 145.

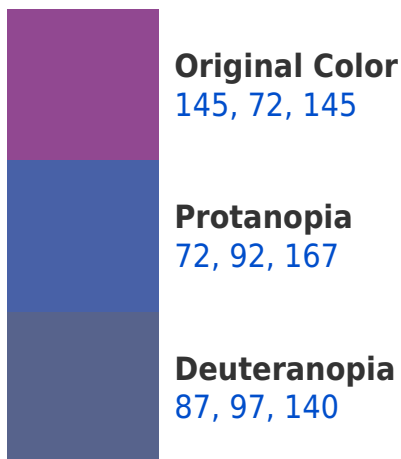



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 145, 72, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
138, 85, 91

Trichromacy



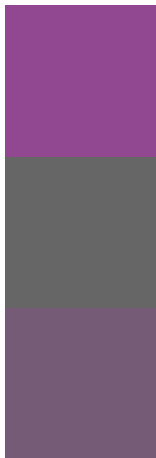
Original Color
145, 72, 145

Protanomaly
99, 89, 159

Deuteranomaly
108, 89, 142

Tritanomaly
141, 80, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color
145, 72, 145

Achromatopsia
102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly
118, 91, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 145, 72, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 72, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 72, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 72, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 72, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 145, 72, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 72, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 72, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 72, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 72, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 72, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 72,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 145, 72, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 72, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 72,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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