

Converting Colors

`RYB(145, 72, 88)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(145, 72, 88) contains.

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Color

R_YB(145, 72, 88)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	914858
RGB	145, 72, 88
RGB Percent	57%, 28%, 35%
CMY	0.4314, 0.7176, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.39, 0.43
HSL	347°, 34%, 43%
HSV	347°, 50%, 57%
XYZ	15.7559, 11.3591, 10.5946
YIQ	95.6510, 38.3720, 20.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

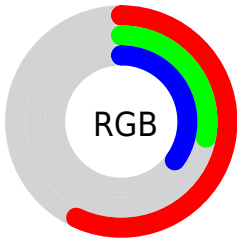
Format	Color
RYB	145, 72, 88
Decimal	9521240
CIELab	40.18, 32.52, 4.87
CIELCh	40, 32.879, 8.519
Yxy	11.3591, 0.4178, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287711320 (0xFF914858)
YUV	95.6510, -3.7719, 43.2791
Hunter-Lab	33.7032, 24.4662, 4.9544

Details

The RYB color **145, 72, 88** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **72, 113, 145**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 123, 138**, and **91, 23, 43** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 58, 77**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 86, 99**.

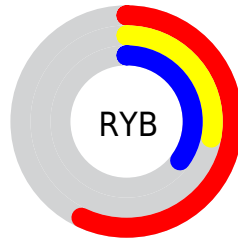
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (28%)

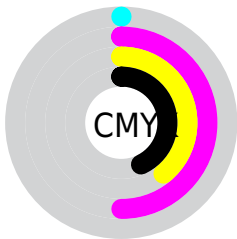
Blue (35%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (35%)

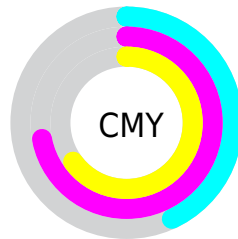


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 145, 72, 88 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 145, 72, 88 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



145, 72, 88



145, 72, 88

255, 255, 255



118, 48, 65



201, 123, 138



91, 23, 43



230, 149, 164



65, 0, 23



255, 176, 191



45, 0, 1



255, 204, 219



0, 0, 0



255, 232, 247



145, 72, 88



145, 72, 88



145, 58, 77



145, 86, 99



145, 43, 65




145, 101, 111


 145, 29, 54

 145, 116, 122


 145, 14, 43

 145, 130, 133

 145, 0, 32

 145, 145, 145

 145, 153, 159

 145, 161, 174

 145, 169, 188

 145, 178, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 75, 115



145, 72, 88



142, 80, 63

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145, 72, 88



51, 103, 80



0, 60, 144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145, 72, 88



72, 113, 145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 58, 127



145, 72, 88



36, 82, 107

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145, 72, 88



48, 103, 40



0, 56, 108



63, 86, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145, 72, 88



133, 106, 49



0, 56, 108



0, 60, 140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145, 72, 88



189, 160, 167



128, 72, 145



94, 77, 81



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145, 72, 88



189, 75, 100



145, 98, 72



71, 64, 66



135, 0, 30



8, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 72, 88



189, 75, 100



72, 103, 145



71, 64, 66



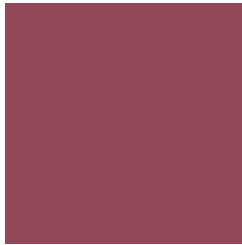
135, 0, 30



8, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 145, 72, 88 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

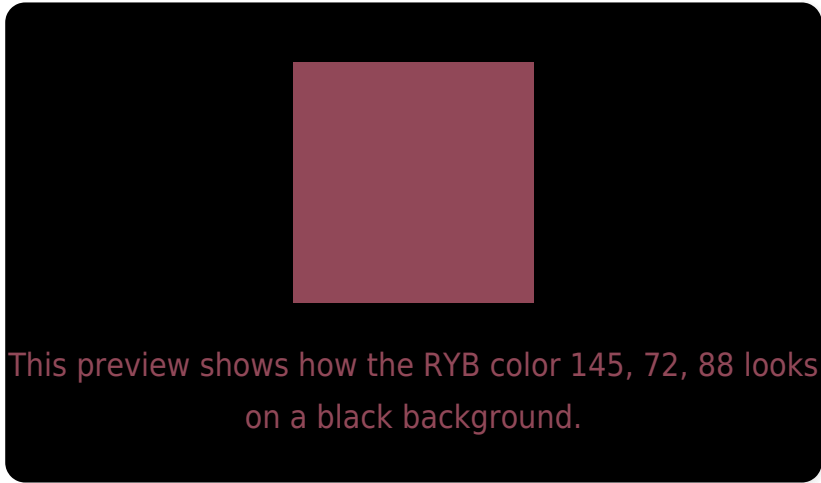
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

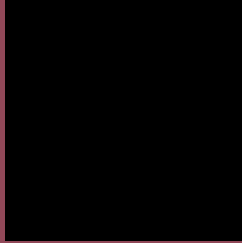
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 145, 72, 88 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 145, 72, 88.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 145, 72, 88.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
145, 72, 88

Protanopia
95, 95, 101

Deuteranopia
108, 95, 85



Tritanopia
144, 74, 79

Trichromacy



Original Color

145, 72, 88

Protanomaly

113, 87, 96

Deuteranomaly

121, 85, 86

Tritanomaly

144, 73, 82

Monochromacy



Original Color

145, 72, 88

Achromatopsia

96, 96, 96

Achromatomaly

114, 87, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 145, 72, 88 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(145, 72, 88) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 72, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 72, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 72, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 145, 72, 88 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 72, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 72, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 72, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 72, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 72, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 72,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 145, 72, 88 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 72, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 72,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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