

# Converting Colors

`RYB(146, 141, 140)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(146, 141, 140) contains.

|                                                |    |
|------------------------------------------------|----|
| <b>RYB(146, 141, 140)</b> .....                | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                  | 11 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                   | 23 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> ..... | 26 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....               | 29 |

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(146, 141, 140)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | 928D8C                    |
| RGB           | 146, 141, 140             |
| RGB Percent   | 57%, 55%, 55%             |
| CMY           | 0.4275, 0.4476, 0.4510    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.43    |
| HSL           | 9°, 3%, 56%               |
| HSV           | 9°, 4%, 57%               |
| XYZ           | 26.0915, 27.0121, 28.6496 |
| YIQ           | 142.3810, 3.3010, 0.7490  |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

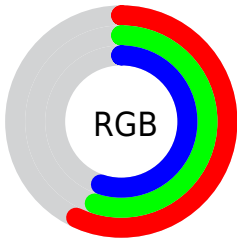
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 146, 141, 140                |
| Decimal                             | 9604492                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 58.99, 1.74, 1.13            |
| CIE LCh                             | 59, 2.074, 32.885            |
| Yxy                                 | 27.0121, 0.3191,<br>0.3304   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4287794572<br>(0xFF928D8C)   |
| YUV                                 | 142.3810, -1.1738,<br>3.1739 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 51.9732, -1.3426,<br>3.6983  |

# Details

The RYB color **146, 141, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **140, 143, 146**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 196, 193**, and **96, 91, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **146, 129, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 150, 155**.

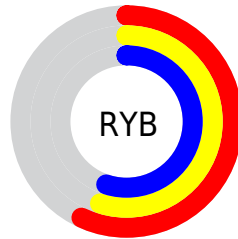
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (55%)

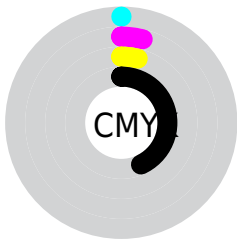
Blue (55%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (55%)

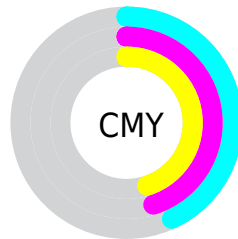


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 146, 141, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 146, 141, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 146, 141, 140

255, 255, 255

 200, 194, 193

 228, 222, 221

 255, 251, 250

 146, 141, 140

 120, 115, 115

 96, 91, 90

 72, 67, 67

 49, 45, 45

 28, 25, 24

 0, 0, 0

 146, 141, 140

 146, 129, 125

 146, 117, 111

 146, 141, 140

 146, 150, 155

 146, 157, 169

■ 146, 104, 96

■ 146, 163, 184

■ 146, 92, 82

■ 146, 170, 198

■ 146, 80, 67

■ 146, 177, 213

■ 146, 68, 52

■ 146, 184, 228

■ 146, 55, 38

■ 146, 190, 242

■ 146, 44, 23

■ 146, 197, 255

■ 146, 31, 9

■ 146, 200, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 141, 142



146, 141, 140



145, 142, 139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146, 141, 140



139, 142, 143



140, 141, 145

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146, 141, 140



140, 143, 146

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139, 141, 145



146, 141, 140



138, 141, 143

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146, 141, 140



139, 142, 140



138, 141, 144



143, 141, 145

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146, 141, 140



141, 144, 138



138, 141, 144



140, 141, 145



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146, 141, 140



189, 187, 187



146, 140, 145



93, 94, 93



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146, 141, 140



189, 182, 179



143, 146, 140



74, 70, 70



138, 23, 0



10, 1, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 143, 146



179, 183, 189



140, 142, 146



70, 72, 74



0, 64, 138



0, 5, 10



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 141, 140 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

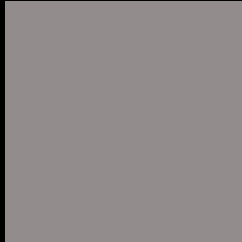
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 141, 140 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

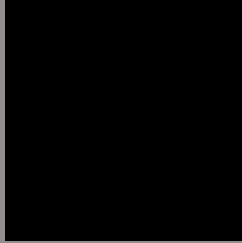
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

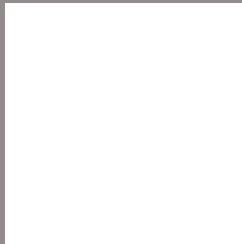
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 146, 141, 140 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 141, 140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 141, 140.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


146, 141, 140

### Protanopia

145, 141, 140

### Deuteranopia

156, 137, 141



**Tritanopia**  
148, 139, 150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

146, 141, 140

## Protanomaly

145, 141, 140

## Deuteranomaly

152, 138, 141

## Tritanomaly

147, 140, 146

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

146, 141, 140

## Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142

## Achromatomaly

143, 143, 141

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 146, 141, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(146, 141, 140) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 141, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 141, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 141, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 146, 141, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 141, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 141, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 141, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 141, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 141, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 141,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 146, 141, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 141, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
141, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor