

Converting Colors

`RYB(146, 158, 179)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(146, 158, 179) contains.

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Color

R_YB(146, 158, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A5B3
RGB	146, 165, 179
RGB Percent	57%, 65%, 70%
CMY	0.4275, 0.3535, 0.2980
CMYK	0.18, 0.08, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	206°, 18%, 64%
HSV	206°, 18%, 70%
XYZ	33.4201, 36.2244, 47.8784
YIQ	160.9150, -15.8180, 0.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

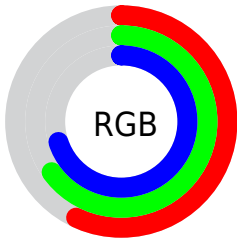
Format	Color
RYB	146, 158, 179
Decimal	9610675
CIELab	66.69, -3.52, -9.52
CIElCh	67, 10.146, 249.698
Yxy	36.2244, 0.2844, 0.3082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287800755 (0xFF92A5B3)
YUV	160.9150, 8.9159, -13.0805
Hunter-Lab	60.1867, -6.2104, -5.0344

Details

The RYB color **146, 158, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **179, 170, 146**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 213, 235**, and **95, 106, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 146, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 170, 179**.

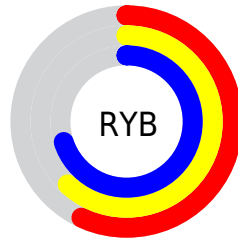
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (65%)

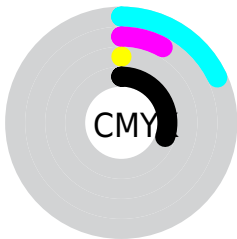
Blue (70%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (70%)

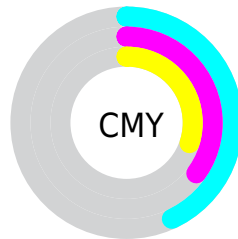


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 146, 158, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 146, 158, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 146, 158, 179

255, 255, 255


 200, 213, 235


 228, 239, 255

 146, 158, 179


 120, 132, 152

 95, 106, 126

 71, 82, 101

 48, 59, 77

 26, 37, 55

 3, 15, 33

 0, 0, 9

 0, 0, 0

 146, 158, 179

 146, 158, 179

■ 128, 146, 179

■ 164, 170, 179

■ 110, 135, 179

■ 182, 181, 179

■ 92, 124, 179

■ 200, 195, 179

■ 74, 112, 179

■ 218, 209, 179

■ 57, 101, 179

■ 235, 221, 179

■ 39, 90, 179

■ 253, 235, 179

■ 21, 78, 179

■ 247, 255, 179

■ 3, 67, 179

■ 226, 255, 179

■ 0, 65, 179

■ 208, 255, 179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140, 155, 173



146, 158, 179



156, 161, 180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146, 158, 179



182, 156, 159



148, 165, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146, 158, 179



179, 170, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



149, 167, 144



146, 158, 179



181, 159, 151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146, 158, 179



177, 157, 169



176, 174, 145



146, 160, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146, 158, 179



164, 160, 178



176, 174, 145



146, 164, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146, 158, 179



218, 223, 232



146, 169, 179



109, 112, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146, 158, 179



181, 199, 232



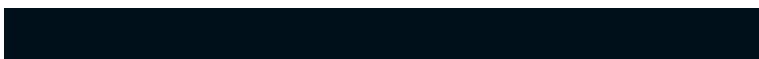
146, 149, 179



80, 83, 89



0, 55, 153



0, 10, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 146, 165



232, 181, 210



149, 179, 146



89, 80, 85



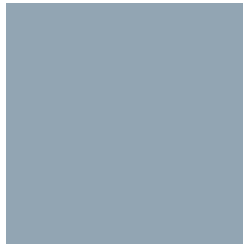
153, 0, 87



26, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 158, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

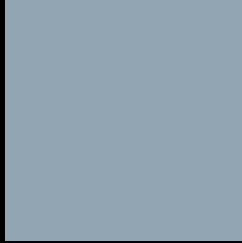
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 158, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

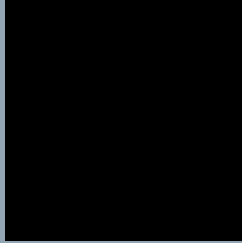
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

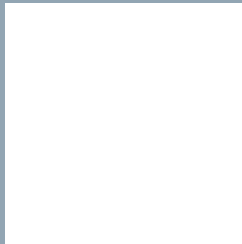
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 146, 158, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 158, 179.

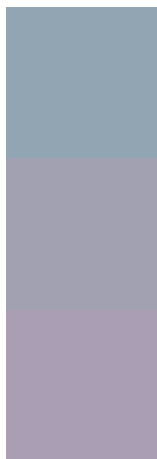


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 158, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

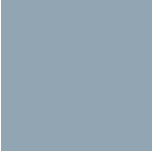
146, 158, 179

Protanopia

161, 161, 177

Deuteranopia

169, 158, 180



Tritanopia
146, 158, 178

Trichromacy



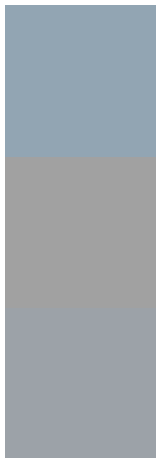
Original Color
146, 158, 179

Protanomaly
156, 161, 178

Deuteranomaly
161, 160, 180

Tritanomaly
146, 158, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color
146, 158, 179

Achromatopsia
161, 161, 161

Achromatomaly
156, 160, 168

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 146, 158, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 165, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 165, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 165, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 165, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 146, 158, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 165, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 165, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 165, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 165, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 165, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 165,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 146, 158, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 165, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
165, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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