

Converting Colors

`RYB(146, 158, 188)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(146, 158, 188) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(146, 158, 188)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A3BC
RGB	146, 163, 188
RGB Percent	57%, 64%, 74%
CMY	0.4275, 0.3616, 0.2627
CMYK	0.22, 0.13, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	216°, 24%, 65%
HSV	216°, 22%, 74%
XYZ	33.9929, 35.8652, 52.7080
YIQ	160.7670, -18.1570, 4.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

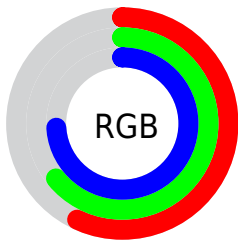
Format	Color
RYB	146, 158, 188
Decimal	9610172
CIELab	66.42, -0.33, -14.94
CIElCh	66, 14.943, 268.720
Yxy	35.8652, 0.2773, 0.2926
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287800252 (0xFF92A3BC)
YUV	160.7670, 13.4259, -12.9507
Hunter-Lab	59.8876, -3.4847, -10.2607

Details

The RYB color **146, 158, 188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **175, 188, 146**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 213, 244**, and **95, 106, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 145, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 171, 188**.

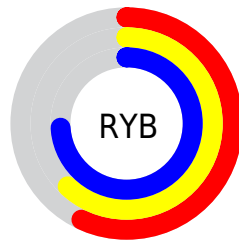
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (64%)

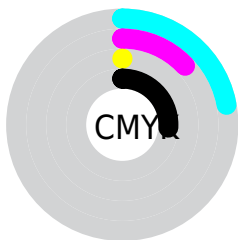
Blue (74%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (74%)

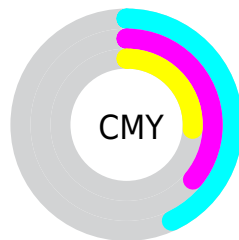


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 146, 158, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 146, 158, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 146, 158, 188


255, 255, 255

 200, 213, 244

 229, 239, 255

 146, 158, 188

 120, 132, 161


 95, 106, 135

 70, 82, 109

 47, 59, 85

 24, 36, 62

 1, 14, 40

 0, 1, 19

 0, 0, 0

 146, 158, 188

 146, 158, 188

■ 127, 145, 188

■ 165, 171, 188

■ 108, 131, 188

■ 184, 185, 188

■ 90, 118, 188

■ 196, 202, 188

■ 71, 105, 188

■ 209, 221, 188

■ 52, 91, 188

■ 223, 240, 188

■ 33, 77, 188

■ 228, 255, 188

■ 14, 64, 188

■ 204, 255, 188

■ 0, 54, 188

■ 190, 255, 188

■ 188, 255, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 153, 184



146, 158, 188



163, 158, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146, 158, 188



190, 153, 149



143, 165, 168

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146, 158, 188



175, 188, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 165, 145



146, 158, 188



184, 166, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146, 158, 188



188, 152, 163



155, 173, 135



131, 153, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146, 158, 188



174, 155, 179



155, 173, 135



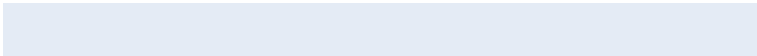
143, 167, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146, 158, 188



228, 233, 245



146, 172, 188



113, 116, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146, 158, 188



179, 198, 245



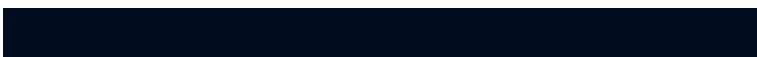
150, 146, 188



85, 88, 94



0, 45, 158



0, 9, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 146, 163



245, 179, 205



146, 188, 150



94, 85, 89



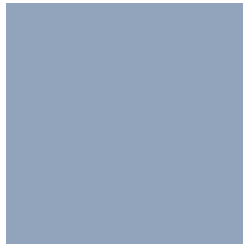
158, 0, 63



31, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 158, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

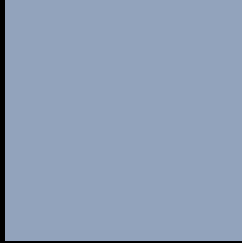
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 158, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

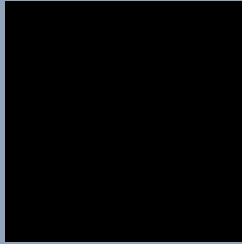
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 146, 158, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 158, 188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 158, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

146, 158, 188

Protanopia

157, 160, 186

Deuteranopia

163, 157, 189



Tritanopia

144, 157, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

146, 158, 188

Protanomaly

153, 159, 187

Deuteranomaly

157, 159, 189

Tritanomaly

145, 158, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color

146, 158, 188

Achromatopsia

161, 161, 161

Achromatomaly

156, 160, 171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 146, 158, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(146, 163, 188) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 163, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 163, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 163, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 146, 158, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 163, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 163, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 163, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 163, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 163, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 163, 188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 146, 158, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 163, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
163, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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