

Converting Colors

`RYB(146, 239, 218)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(146, 239, 218) contains.

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Color

R_YB(146, 239, 218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7EF92
RGB	167, 239, 146
RGB Percent	65%, 94%, 57%
CMY	0.3451, 0.0627, 0.4275
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.39, 0.06
HSL	106°, 74%, 75%
HSV	106°, 39%, 94%
XYZ	51.9912, 72.0238, 38.3559
YIQ	206.8700, -13.0590, -44.1870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

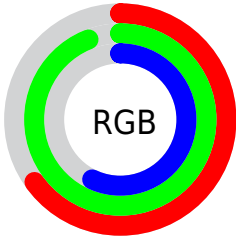
Format	Color
RYB	146, 239, 218
Decimal	11005842
CIELab	87.98, -39.27, 38.03
CIELCh	88, 54.667, 135.925
Yxy	72.0238, 0.3202, 0.4436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289195922 (0xFFA7EF92)
YUV	206.8700, -30.0089, -34.9660
Hunter-Lab	84.8668, -39.1642, 32.6105

Details

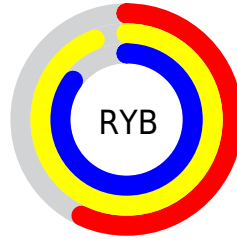
The RYB color **146, 239, 218** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **218, 146, 239**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 255, 232**, and **94, 183, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 239, 213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 239, 223**.

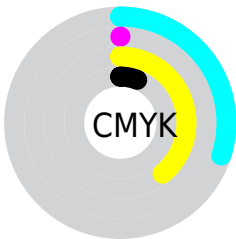
Distribution



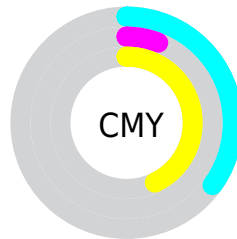
- Red (65%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 146, 239, 218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 146, 239, 218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 146, 239, 218


255, 255, 255


 201, 255, 232


 229, 255, 231

 146, 239, 218

 120, 210, 191

 94, 183, 165


 69, 155, 139

 44, 129, 115

 19, 103, 93

 0, 79, 79

 0, 55, 55

 0, 35, 35

 0, 0, 0

 146, 239, 218

 146, 239, 218

 122, 239, 213

 170, 239, 223

 98, 239, 207

 194, 239, 229

 74, 239, 202

 218, 239, 234

 50, 239, 196

 241, 239, 242

 27, 239, 192

 255, 239, 255

 3, 239, 186

 0, 239, 185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118, 226, 118



146, 239, 218



90, 184, 246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146, 239, 218



74, 159, 255



255, 179, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146, 239, 218



218, 146, 239

Split Complementary

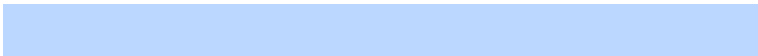
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 181, 247



146, 239, 218



187, 207, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146, 239, 218



0, 125, 255



255, 197, 255



255, 220, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146, 239, 218



0, 129, 248



255, 197, 255



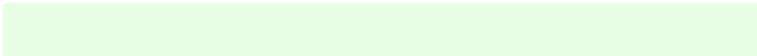
255, 178, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146, 239, 218



224, 255, 248



175, 239, 146



110, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



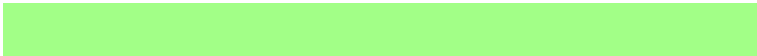
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146, 239, 218



135, 255, 228



146, 219, 239



108, 120, 117



0, 184, 143



0, 56, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 146, 239



228, 135, 255



239, 146, 214



117, 108, 120



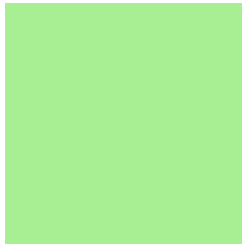
142, 0, 184



43, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 239, 218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 146, 239, 218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

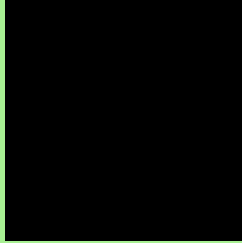
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 146, 239, 218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 239, 218.

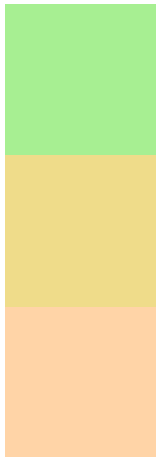


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 146, 239, 218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
146, 239, 218

Protanopia
161, 239, 138

Deuteranopia
251, 255, 167



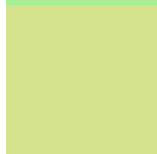
Tritanopia
184, 209, 245

Trichromacy



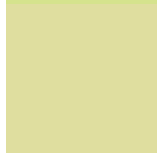
Original Color

146, 239, 218



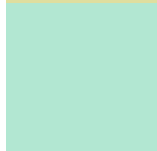
Protanomaly

141, 227, 155



Deuteranomaly

160, 223, 159



Tritanomaly

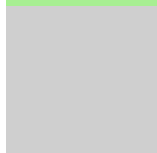
178, 211, 231

Monochromacy



Original Color

146, 239, 218



Achromatopsia

207, 207, 207



Achromatomaly

185, 219, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 146, 239, 218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 239, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 239, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 239, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 239, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 146, 239, 218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 239, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 239, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 239, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 239, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 239, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 239,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 146, 239, 218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 239, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
239, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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