

Converting Colors

`RYB(147, 110, 121)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(147, 110, 121) contains.

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Color

R_YB(147, 110, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	936E79
RGB	147, 110, 121
RGB Percent	58%, 43%, 47%
CMY	0.4235, 0.5686, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.18, 0.42
HSL	342°, 15%, 50%
HSV	342°, 25%, 58%
XYZ	21.0597, 18.7354, 20.5955
YIQ	122.3170, 18.5210, 11.2650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

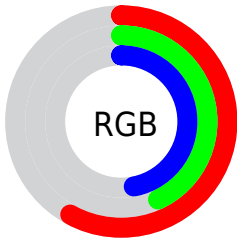
Format	Color
R_{YB}	147, 110, 121
Decimal	9662073
CIE Lab	50.38, 16.45, -0.37
CIE LCh	50, 16.458, 358.729
Yxy	18.7354, 0.3487, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287852153 (0xFF936E79)
YUV	122.3170, -0.6493, 21.6470
Hunter-Lab	43.2844, 11.1004, 2.0878

Details

The RYB color **147, 110, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **110, 132, 147**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202, 162, 173**, and **96, 62, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 95, 111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147, 125, 131**.

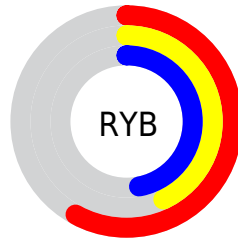
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (43%)

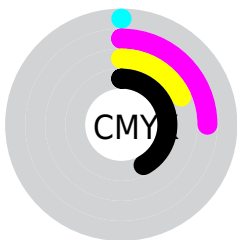
Blue (47%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (47%)

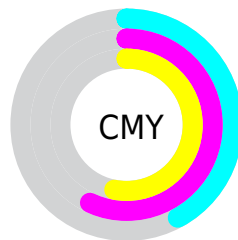


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 147, 110, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 147, 110, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 147, 110, 121


255, 255, 255

 202, 162, 173

 230, 189, 201

 255, 217, 229


 255, 245, 255

 147, 110, 121


 147, 95, 111


 147, 81, 100

 147, 110, 121

 121, 85, 96

 96, 62, 73


 71, 40, 50


 48, 19, 29

 30, 0, 3

 0, 0, 0

 147, 110, 121

 147, 125, 131

 147, 139, 142

■ 147, 66, 90

■ 147, 151, 154

■ 147, 51, 80

■ 147, 160, 169

■ 147, 37, 69

■ 147, 169, 184

■ 147, 22, 59

■ 147, 177, 198

■ 147, 7, 49

■ 147, 186, 213

■ 147, 0, 44

■ 147, 195, 228

■ 147, 203, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138, 112, 135



147, 110, 121



149, 111, 107

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147, 110, 121



95, 123, 102



87, 110, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147, 110, 121



110, 132, 147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81, 106, 133



147, 110, 121



100, 122, 126

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147, 110, 121



109, 131, 92



87, 110, 128



103, 116, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147, 110, 121



145, 119, 99



87, 110, 128



83, 108, 140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147, 110, 121



191, 176, 180



136, 110, 147



97, 87, 90



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147, 110, 121



191, 134, 151



147, 119, 110



74, 67, 69



138, 0, 41



10, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 110, 121



191, 134, 151



110, 127, 147



74, 67, 69



138, 0, 41



10, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 110, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

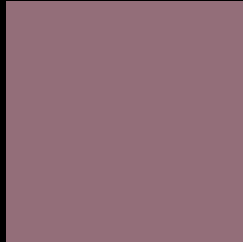
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 110, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

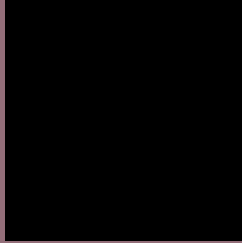
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 147, 110, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 110, 121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 110, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

147, 110, 121

Protanopia

120, 119, 127

Deuteranopia

132, 116, 120



Tritanopia
147, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

147, 110, 121

Protanomaly

130, 116, 125

Deuteranomaly

137, 114, 120

Tritanomaly

147, 110, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

147, 110, 121

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

131, 118, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 147, 110, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(147, 110, 121) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 110, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 110, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 110, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 147, 110, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 110, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 110, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 110, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 110, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 110, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 110,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 147, 110, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 110, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
110, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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