

Converting Colors

`RYB(147, 165, 180)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(147, 165, 180) contains.

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Color

R_YB(147, 165, 180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93B4AF
RGB	147, 180, 175
RGB Percent	58%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.4235, 0.2941, 0.3157
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.03, 0.29
HSL	170°, 18%, 64%
HSV	170°, 18%, 71%
XYZ	36.0427, 41.9211, 46.4924
YIQ	169.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

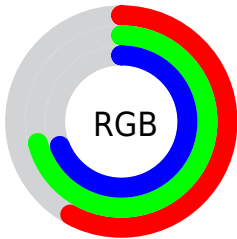
Format	Color
RYB	147, 165, 180
Decimal	9680047
CIELab	70.82, -12.30, -0.92
CIELCh	71, 12.337, 184.280
Yxy	41.9211, 0.2896, 0.3368
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287870127 (0xFF93B4AF)
YUV	169.5630, 2.6804, -19.7878
Hunter-Lab	64.7465, -13.9400, 2.7483

Details

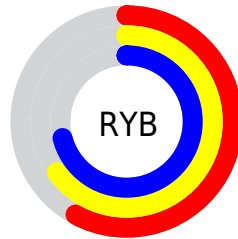
The RYB color **147, 165, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **180, 147, 153**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 220, 236**, and **96, 113, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129, 157, 180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 173, 180**.

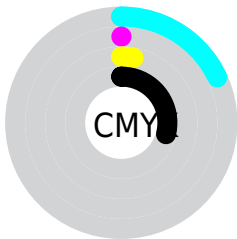
Distribution



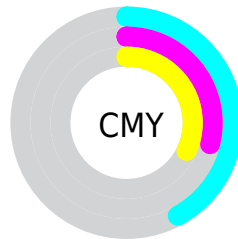
- Red (58%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 147, 165, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 147, 165, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 147, 165, 180


255, 255, 255


 201, 220, 236

 230, 243, 255

 147, 165, 180

 121, 138, 153

 96, 113, 127

 71, 88, 102


 48, 64, 78


 26, 42, 55

 3, 20, 34

 0, 3, 6

 0, 0, 0

 147, 165, 180

 147, 165, 180

■ 129, 157, 180

■ 165, 173, 180

■ 111, 148, 180

■ 183, 180, 181

■ 93, 141, 180

■ 201, 180, 184

■ 75, 132, 180

■ 219, 180, 187

■ 57, 124, 180

■ 237, 180, 190

■ 39, 116, 180

■ 255, 180, 193

■ 21, 108, 180

■ 255, 180, 196

■ 3, 100, 180

■ 255, 180, 199

■ 0, 98, 180

■ 255, 180, 202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 174, 179



147, 165, 180



145, 163, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147, 165, 180



178, 170, 192



191, 181, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147, 165, 180



180, 147, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197, 168, 161



147, 165, 180



190, 167, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147, 165, 180



163, 171, 195



196, 166, 172



162, 181, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147, 165, 180



148, 166, 191



196, 166, 172



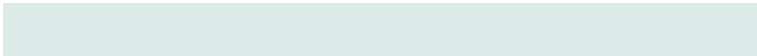
194, 175, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147, 165, 180



221, 229, 235



147, 180, 174



109, 113, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147, 165, 180



183, 211, 235



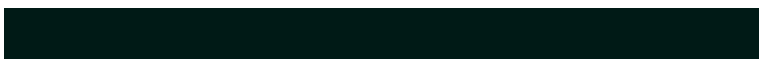
147, 161, 180



80, 85, 89



0, 84, 153



0, 14, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 147, 153



235, 183, 192



180, 164, 147



89, 80, 82



153, 0, 26



26, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 165, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

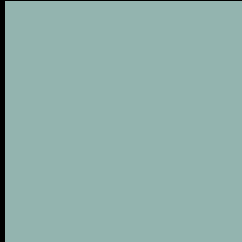
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 165, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 147, 165, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 165, 180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 165, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
150, 166, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color
147, 165, 180

Protanomaly
166, 171, 175

Deuteranomaly
173, 172, 176

Tritanomaly
149, 165, 186

Monochromacy



Original Color
147, 165, 180

Achromatopsia
170, 170, 170

Achromatomaly
162, 169, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 147, 165, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 180, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 180, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 180, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 180, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 147, 165, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 180, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 180, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 180, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 180, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 180, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 180,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 147, 180, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 180, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
180, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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