

Converting Colors

`RYB(147, 198, 134)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(147, 198, 134) contains.

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Color

R_YB(147, 198, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6BB86
RGB	198, 187, 134
RGB Percent	78%, 73%, 53%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2659, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.32, 0.22
HSL	50°, 36%, 65%
HSV	50°, 32%, 78%
XYZ	45.4035, 49.3504, 29.6868
YIQ	184.2470, 23.5690, -14.1510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

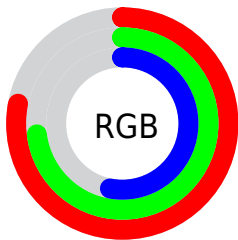
Format	Color
RYB	147, 198, 134
Decimal	13024134
CIELab	75.67, -4.26, 28.36
CIELCh	76, 28.681, 98.552
Yxy	49.3504, 0.3649, 0.3966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291214214 (0xFFC6BB86)
YUV	184.2470, -24.7718, 12.0614
Hunter-Lab	70.2498, -7.5701, 24.1196

Details

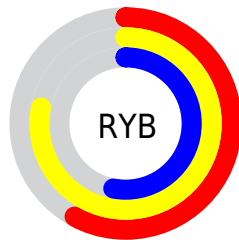
The RYB color **147, 198, 134** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **134, 143, 198**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 255, 188**, and **95, 143, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 198, 114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 198, 154**.

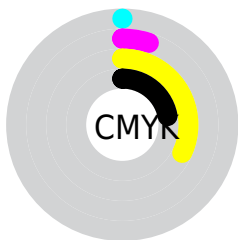
Distribution



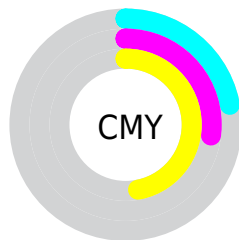
- Red (78%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 147, 198, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 147, 198, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 147, 198, 134

255, 255, 255


 203, 255, 188

 216, 255, 216

 244, 255, 244


 147, 198, 134

 120, 170, 108

 95, 143, 84

 69, 117, 60


 44, 91, 37

 21, 67, 15

 4, 44, 0

 0, 20, 1

 0, 0, 0

 147, 198, 134

 147, 198, 134

■ 131, 198, 114

■ 162, 198, 154

■ 114, 198, 94

■ 179, 198, 174

■ 100, 198, 75

■ 194, 198, 193

■ 84, 198, 55

■ 198, 201, 213

■ 69, 198, 35

■ 198, 203, 233

■ 52, 198, 15

■ 198, 206, 253

■ 40, 198, 0

■ 198, 209, 255

■ 198, 210, 255

■ 198, 212, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 214, 138



147, 198, 134



144, 195, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147, 198, 134



107, 158, 218



227, 170, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147, 198, 134



134, 143, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200, 177, 228



147, 198, 134



128, 169, 235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147, 198, 134



114, 160, 201



164, 181, 238



239, 167, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147, 198, 134



148, 190, 198



164, 181, 238



219, 172, 214

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147, 198, 134



235, 255, 230



198, 134, 146



116, 128, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147, 198, 134



177, 255, 156



134, 198, 154



91, 99, 90



32, 163, 0



7, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 143, 198



156, 170, 255



154, 134, 198



90, 91, 99



0, 24, 163



0, 5, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 198, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

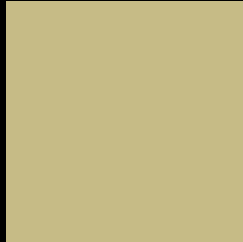
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 198, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

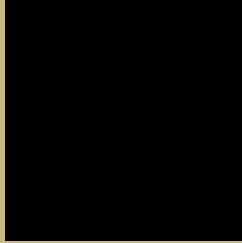
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

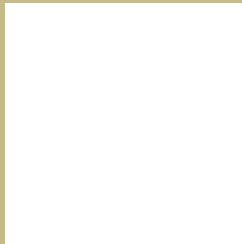
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 147, 198, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 198, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 198, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
147, 198, 134

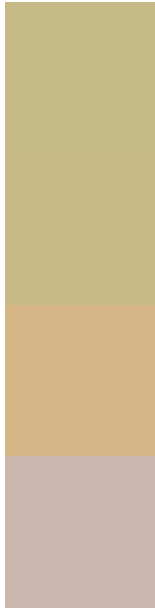
Protanopia
153, 201, 134

Deuteranopia
219, 221, 136



Tritanopia
205, 179, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color
147, 198, 134

Protanomaly
152, 200, 134

Deuteranomaly
186, 213, 135

Tritanomaly
202, 187, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color
147, 198, 134

Achromatopsia
184, 184, 184

Achromatomaly
171, 189, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 147, 198, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(198, 187, 134) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 187, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 187, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 187, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 147, 198, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 187, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 187, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 187, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 187, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 187, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 187,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 147, 198, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 187, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
187, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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