

# Converting Colors

`RYB(147, 206, 196)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(147, 206, 196) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(147, 206, 196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DCE93
RGB	157, 206, 147
RGB Percent	62%, 81%, 58%
CMY	0.3843, 0.1922, 0.4235
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.29, 0.19
HSL	110°, 38%, 69%
HSV	110°, 29%, 81%
XYZ	41.2424, 53.4173, 35.7406
YIQ	184.6230, -10.2650, -28.7370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

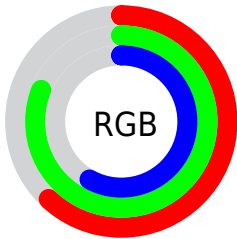
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	147, 206, 196
Decimal	10342035
CIELab	78.12, -27.16, 24.31
CIELCh	78, 36.452, 138.164
Yxy	53.4173, 0.3163, 0.4096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288532115 (0xFF9DCE93)
YUV	184.6230, -18.5481, -24.2254
Hunter-Lab	73.0871, -27.1766, 22.1674

# Details

The RYB color **147, 206, 196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **196, 147, 206**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 255, 244**, and **96, 151, 143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **126, 206, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 206, 200**.

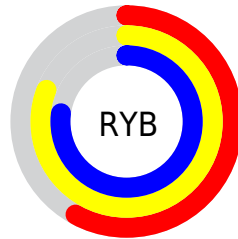
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (81%)

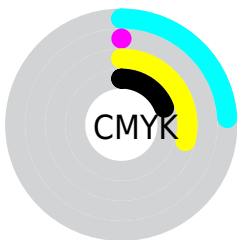
Blue (58%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (77%)

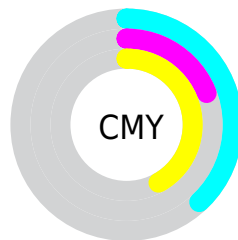


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 147, 206, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 147, 206, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 147, 206, 196

 147, 206, 196


255, 255, 255


 121, 178, 169

 201, 255, 244

 96, 151, 143

 230, 255, 244

 72, 125, 118

 49, 100, 95

 26, 76, 72

 2, 53, 52

 0, 33, 33

 0, 0, 0

 147, 206, 196

 147, 206, 196

 126, 206, 192

 168, 206, 200

 106, 206, 189

 188, 206, 203

 85, 206, 185

 208, 206, 209

 65, 206, 182

 225, 206, 229

 44, 206, 179

 243, 206, 250

 23, 206, 175

 255, 206, 255

 3, 206, 172

 0, 206, 171

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 198, 131



147, 206, 196



116, 173, 211

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147, 206, 196



126, 173, 255



255, 168, 174

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147, 206, 196



196, 147, 206

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



251, 169, 208



147, 206, 196



179, 188, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147, 206, 196



82, 153, 243



223, 177, 239



252, 187, 144

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147, 206, 196



91, 154, 212



223, 177, 239



255, 167, 185



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147, 206, 196



232, 255, 251



161, 206, 147



113, 128, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

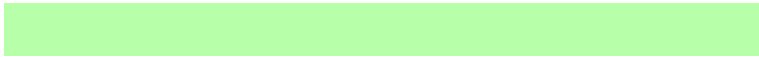


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147, 206, 196



168, 255, 240



147, 192, 206



92, 102, 100



0, 166, 138



0, 38, 32



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 147, 206



240, 168, 255



206, 147, 187



100, 92, 102



138, 0, 166

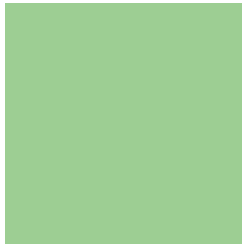


32, 0, 38



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 206, 196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

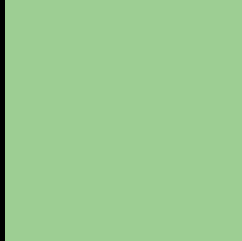
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 147, 206, 196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

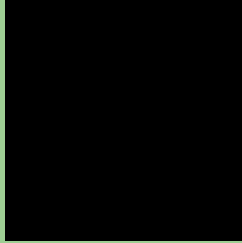
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 147, 206, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 206, 196.

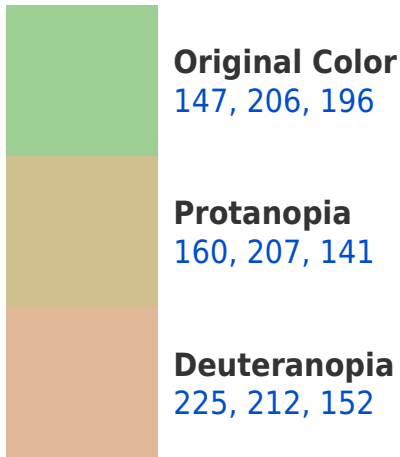


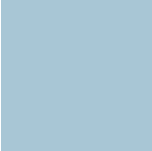
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 147, 206, 196.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
168, 186, 213

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

147, 206, 196



**Protanomaly**

143, 197, 151



**Deuteranomaly**

158, 200, 150



**Tritanomaly**

164, 185, 200

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

147, 206, 196



**Achromatopsia**

185, 185, 185



**Achromatomaly**

171, 193, 189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 147, 206, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 206, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 206, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 206, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 206, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 147, 206, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 206, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 206, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 206, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 206, 147); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 206, 147); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 206, 147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 147, 206, 196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 206, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
206, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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