

Converting Colors

`RYB(148, 122, 102)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(148, 122, 102) contains.

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Color

R_YB(148, 122, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	947466
RGB	148, 116, 102
RGB Percent	58%, 45%, 40%
CMY	0.4196, 0.5453, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.31, 0.42
HSL	18°, 18%, 49%
HSV	18°, 31%, 58%
XYZ	20.8494, 19.7320, 15.2801
YIQ	123.9720, 23.5660, 2.4300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

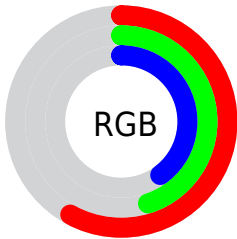
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 122, 102
Decimal	9729126
CIE _{Lab}	51.53, 10.46, 12.50
CIE _{LCh}	52, 16.300, 50.092
Yxy	19.7320, 0.3732, 0.3532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287919206 (0xFF947466)
YUV	123.9720, -10.8322, 21.0726
Hunter-Lab	44.4207, 6.0449, 10.6995

Details

The RYB color **148, 122, 102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **102, 121, 148**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 174, 153**, and **96, 74, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 115, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148, 130, 117**.

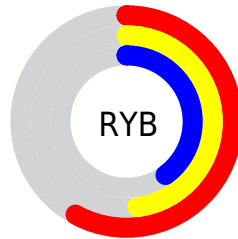
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (45%)

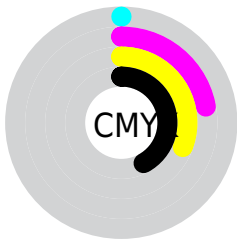
Blue (40%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (40%)

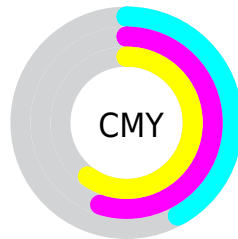


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 148, 122, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 148, 122, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 148, 122, 102

255, 255, 255


 203, 174, 153


 231, 201, 180

 255, 231, 207

 240, 255, 236

 148, 122, 102

 148, 115, 87

 148, 105, 72

 148, 122, 102

 122, 96, 78

 96, 74, 55


 72, 49, 34


 48, 32, 12

 27, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 148, 122, 102

 148, 130, 117

 148, 139, 132

■ 148, 97, 58

■ 148, 148, 146

■ 148, 89, 43

■ 148, 153, 161

■ 148, 79, 28

■ 148, 160, 176

■ 148, 72, 13

■ 148, 166, 191

■ 148, 65, 0

■ 148, 172, 206

■ 148, 178, 220

■ 148, 184, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 113, 114



148, 122, 102



128, 138, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148, 122, 102



93, 116, 131



119, 121, 149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148, 122, 102



102, 121, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101, 117, 150



148, 122, 102



85, 108, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148, 122, 102



105, 128, 125



87, 111, 144



136, 116, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148, 122, 102



102, 129, 95



87, 111, 144



113, 120, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148, 122, 102



191, 181, 174



148, 102, 134



97, 90, 86



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148, 122, 102



191, 152, 120



113, 148, 102



74, 70, 67



138, 60, 0



10, 4, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102, 121, 148



120, 149, 191



102, 110, 148



67, 70, 74



0, 57, 138



0, 4, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 148, 122, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

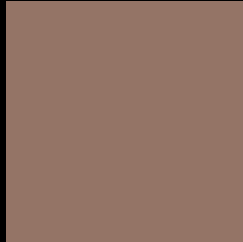
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 148, 122, 102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

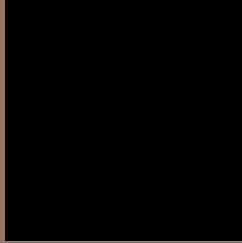
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 148, 122, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 148, 122, 102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 148, 122, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


148, 122, 102

Protanopia

113, 129, 105

Deuteranopia

142, 129, 102



Tritanopia
150, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

148, 122, 102

Protanomaly

136, 136, 104

Deuteranomaly

144, 125, 102

Tritanomaly

149, 114, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color

148, 122, 102

Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly

133, 123, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 148, 122, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(148, 116, 102) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 116, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 116, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 116, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 148, 122, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 116, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 116, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 116, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 116, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 116, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 116,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 148, 122, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 116, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
116, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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