

Converting Colors

`RYB(148, 70, 154)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(148, 70, 154) contains.

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Color

`RYB(148, 70, 154)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94469A
RGB	148, 70, 154
RGB Percent	58%, 27%, 60%
CMY	0.4196, 0.7255, 0.3961
CMYK	0.04, 0.55, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	296°, 37%, 44%
HSV	296°, 55%, 60%
XYZ	20.2356, 13.0093, 32.0164
YIQ	102.8980, 19.5240, 42.6600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

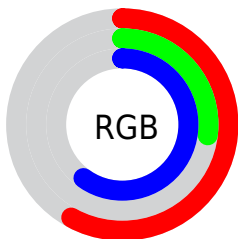
Format	Color
RYB	148, 70, 154
Decimal	9717402
CIELab	42.78, 45.21, -31.65
CIELCh	43, 55.189, 325.001
Yxy	13.0093, 0.3101, 0.1993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287907482 (0xFF94469A)
YUV	102.8980, 25.1933, 39.5545
Hunter-Lab	36.0684, 37.0249, -27.3812

Details

The RYB color **148, 70, 154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **70, 154, 148**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 122, 209**, and **95, 15, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 55, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 85, 154**.

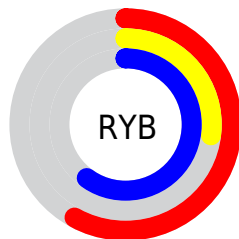
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (27%)

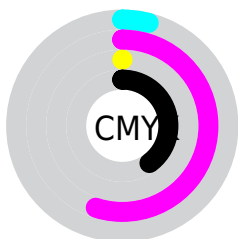
Blue (60%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (60%)

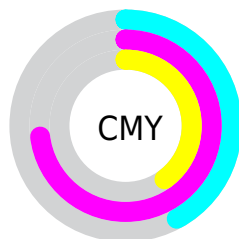


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (73%)

Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 148, 70, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 148, 70, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 148, 70, 154

255, 255, 255


 204, 122, 209


 233, 149, 237

 255, 176, 255

 255, 204, 255

 255, 233, 255

 148, 70, 154

 121, 44, 128

 95, 15, 102

 69, 0, 78

 46, 0, 55


 13, 0, 33

 0, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

 148, 70, 154


 147, 55, 154


 148, 70, 154

 149, 85, 154

 146, 39, 154

 150, 101, 154

 145, 24, 154

 151, 116, 154

 144, 8, 154


 152, 132, 154

 143, 0, 154

 154, 147, 154

 154, 162, 161

 154, 178, 176

 154, 193, 190

 154, 209, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83, 91, 184



148, 70, 154



177, 52, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148, 70, 154



43, 128, 0



0, 65, 138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148, 70, 154



70, 154, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 69, 121



148, 70, 154



0, 110, 25

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148, 70, 154



161, 112, 23



0, 85, 117



0, 70, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148, 70, 154



182, 53, 80



0, 85, 117



0, 61, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148, 70, 154



199, 169, 201



70, 76, 154



101, 83, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148, 70, 154



192, 71, 201



154, 70, 119



76, 69, 77



130, 0, 140



12, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 70, 76



201, 71, 80



70, 129, 154



77, 69, 69



140, 0, 10



13, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 148, 70, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 148, 70, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

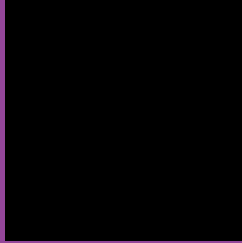
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 148, 70, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 148, 70, 154.

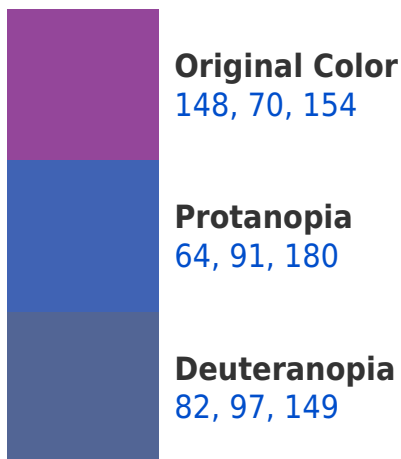


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 148, 70, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
140, 86, 92

Trichromacy



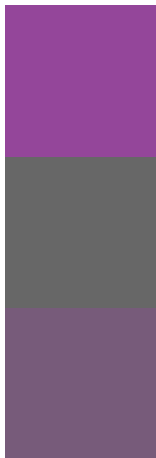
Original Color
148, 70, 154

Protanomaly
95, 88, 171

Deuteranomaly
106, 90, 151

Tritanomaly
143, 80, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color
148, 70, 154

Achromatopsia
103, 103, 103

Achromatomaly
119, 91, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 148, 70, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(148, 70, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 70, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 70, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 70, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 148, 70, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 70, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 70, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 70, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 70, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 70, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 70,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 148, 70, 154 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 70, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 70,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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