

Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 129, 138)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(149, 129, 138) contains.

RYB(149, 129, 138)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(149, 129, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95818A
RGB	149, 129, 138
RGB Percent	58%, 51%, 54%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4941, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.07, 0.42
HSL	333°, 9%, 55%
HSV	333°, 13%, 58%
XYZ	24.8321, 23.9251, 27.3540
YIQ	136.0060, 9.0310, 7.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

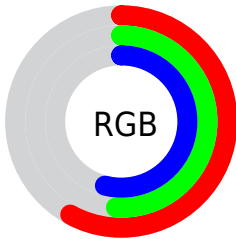
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 129, 138
Decimal	9798026
CIE _{Lab}	56.01, 9.24, -2.04
CIE _{LCh}	56, 9.463, 347.566
Yxy	23.9251, 0.3263, 0.3143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287988106 (0xFF95818A)
YUV	136.0060, 0.9830, 11.3957
Hunter-Lab	48.9132, 5.0222, 1.0823

Details

The RYB color **149, 129, 138** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **129, 142, 149**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 182, 191**, and **98, 80, 88** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 114, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 144, 146**.

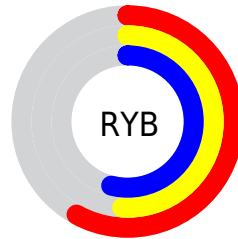
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (51%)

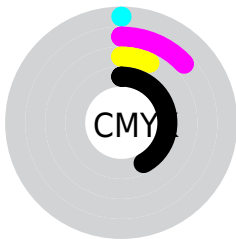
Blue (54%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (54%)

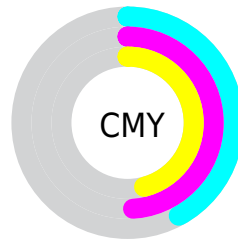


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 129, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 129, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 149, 129, 138

255, 255, 255

 203, 182, 191


 231, 209, 219


 255, 238, 248

 149, 129, 138

 123, 104, 113

 98, 80, 88

 74, 57, 65

 51, 35, 43

 30, 14, 22

 0, 0, 0


 149, 129, 138

 149, 114, 130

 149, 99, 122

 149, 129, 138

 149, 144, 146

 149, 156, 159

■ 149, 84, 113

■ 149, 165, 174

■ 149, 69, 105

■ 149, 175, 189

■ 149, 54, 97

■ 149, 185, 204

■ 149, 40, 89

■ 149, 193, 218

■ 149, 25, 81

■ 149, 203, 233

■ 149, 10, 72

■ 149, 213, 248

■ 149, 0, 67

■ 149, 215, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 131, 145



149, 129, 138



152, 129, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 129, 138



120, 136, 119



115, 128, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 129, 138



129, 142, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 127, 139



149, 129, 138



123, 138, 135

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 129, 138



137, 144, 118



118, 131, 139



122, 131, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 129, 138



151, 131, 125



118, 131, 139



114, 128, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 129, 138



194, 186, 190



140, 129, 149



97, 92, 94



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 129, 138



194, 163, 177



149, 130, 129



74, 67, 70



138, 0, 62



10, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149, 129, 138



194, 163, 177



129, 139, 149



74, 67, 70



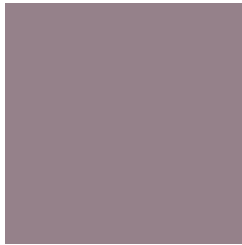
138, 0, 62



10, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 129, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 129, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

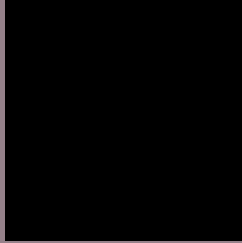
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 149, 129, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 129, 138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 129, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

149, 129, 138

Protanopia

135, 134, 141

Deuteranopia

146, 130, 138



Tritanopia
149, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color

149, 129, 138

Protanomaly

140, 132, 140

Deuteranomaly

147, 130, 138

Tritanomaly

149, 129, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

149, 129, 138

Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly

141, 133, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 129, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(149, 129, 138) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 129, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 129, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 129, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 129, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 129, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 129, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 129, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 129, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 129, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 129,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 149, 129, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 129, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
129, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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