

Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 147, 106)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(149, 147, 106) contains.

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Color

R_YB(149, 147, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	957F6A
RGB	149, 127, 106
RGB Percent	58%, 50%, 42%
CMY	0.4157, 0.5020, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.29, 0.42
HSL	29°, 17%, 50%
HSV	29°, 29%, 58%
XYZ	22.5838, 22.6058, 16.8087
YIQ	131.1840, 19.8530, -1.8670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

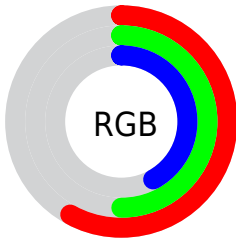
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 147, 106
Decimal	9797482
CIE _{Lab}	54.66, 5.10, 14.55
CIE _{LCh}	55, 15.414, 70.676
Yxy	22.6058, 0.3643, 0.3646
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287987562 (0xFF957F6A)
YUV	131.1840, -12.4157, 15.6246
Hunter-Lab	47.5456, 1.5813, 12.3212

Details

The RYB color **149, 147, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **106, 121, 149**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 202, 157**, and **97, 97, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 145, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 149, 121**.

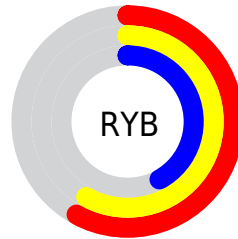
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (50%)

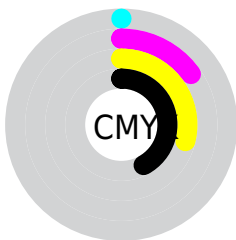
Blue (42%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (42%)

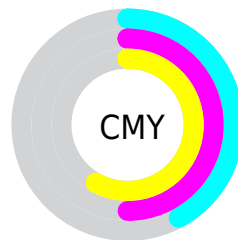


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 147, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 147, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 149, 147, 106

255, 255, 255


 204, 202, 157


 232, 228, 184


 249, 255, 212

 240, 255, 240

 149, 147, 106


 149, 145, 91

 149, 147, 76

 149, 147, 106

 123, 121, 82


 97, 97, 59

 73, 73, 37


 46, 50, 16

 29, 20, 0

 0, 0, 0

 149, 147, 106

 149, 149, 121

 149, 147, 136

■ 149, 145, 61

■ 149, 150, 151

■ 149, 143, 46

■ 149, 154, 166

■ 149, 145, 31

■ 149, 160, 181

■ 149, 141, 17

■ 149, 165, 195

■ 149, 143, 2

■ 149, 170, 210

■ 149, 143, 0

■ 149, 175, 225

■ 149, 180, 240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157, 125, 114



149, 147, 106



111, 136, 105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 147, 106



97, 119, 139



139, 126, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 147, 106



106, 121, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 129, 157



149, 147, 106



96, 119, 148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 147, 106



107, 128, 138



105, 124, 156



152, 122, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 147, 106



108, 134, 116



105, 124, 156



134, 127, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 147, 106



194, 194, 176



149, 106, 128



97, 95, 86



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 147, 106



194, 190, 126



107, 149, 106



74, 72, 67



138, 130, 0



10, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 121, 149



126, 149, 194



106, 107, 149



67, 69, 74



0, 46, 138



0, 3, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 147, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

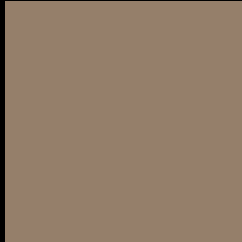
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 147, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 149, 147, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 147, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 147, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

149, 147, 106

Protanopia

117, 138, 108

Deuteranopia

152, 141, 106



Tritanopia
152, 123, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

149, 147, 106

Protanomaly

125, 142, 107

Deuteranomaly

151, 142, 106

Tritanomaly

151, 124, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

149, 147, 106

Achromatopsia

131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly

138, 138, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 147, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(149, 127, 106) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 127, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 127, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 127, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 147, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 127, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 127, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 127, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 127, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 127, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 127,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 149, 127, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 127, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
127, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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