

# Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 149, 143)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(149, 149, 143) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(149, 149, 143)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	95928F
RGB	149, 146, 143
RGB Percent	58%, 57%, 56%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4275, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.04, 0.42
HSL	30°, 3%, 57%
HSV	30°, 4%, 58%
XYZ	27.6312, 28.9305, 30.1144
YIQ	146.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

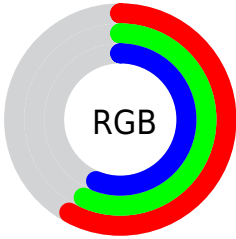
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 149, 143
Decimal	9802383
CIE Lab	60.72, 0.53, 1.97
CIE LCh	61, 2.041, 74.801
Yxy	28.9305, 0.3188, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287992463 (0xFF95928F)
YUV	146.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443
Hunter-Lab	53.7871, -2.4292, 4.4555

# Details

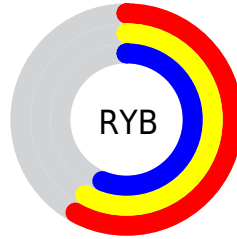
The RYB color **149, 149, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **143, 145, 149**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 203, 197**, and **96, 98, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 149, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 152, 158**.

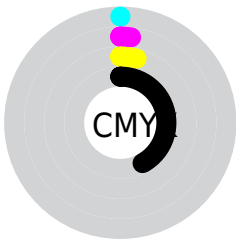
# Distribution



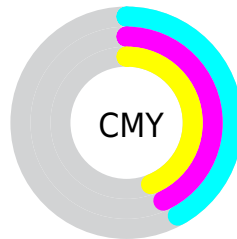
- Red (58%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 149, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 149, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 149, 149, 143


255, 255, 255

 203, 203, 197


 231, 231, 225

253, 255, 253

 149, 149, 143

 123, 123, 117

 96, 98, 93

 75, 75, 69

 52, 50, 47

 29, 31, 26

 5, 3, 0

 0, 0, 0

 149, 149, 143


 147, 149, 128

 149, 149, 143

 149, 152, 158

 149, 149, 113

 149, 157, 173

 147, 149, 98

 149, 162, 188

 149, 149, 83

 149, 167, 203


 149, 149, 69

 149, 172, 218

 149, 147, 54

 149, 177, 232

 149, 149, 39

 149, 182, 247

 149, 147, 24

 149, 186, 255

 149, 149, 9

 149, 189, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 147, 144



149, 149, 143



143, 147, 143

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 149, 143



142, 145, 148



148, 146, 149

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 149, 143



143, 145, 149

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 146, 150



149, 149, 143



142, 145, 149

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 149, 143



143, 146, 147



144, 146, 150



150, 145, 147

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 149, 143



143, 147, 144



144, 146, 150



147, 146, 149



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 149, 143



194, 194, 192



149, 143, 146



97, 96, 96



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 149, 143



194, 194, 184



143, 149, 143



74, 74, 70



138, 138, 0



10, 10, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 145, 149



184, 187, 194



143, 143, 149



70, 71, 74



0, 46, 138



0, 3, 10



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 149, 143 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 149, 143 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

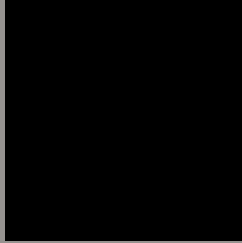
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

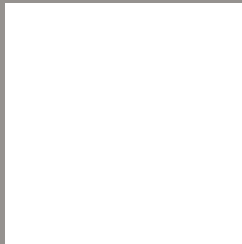
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 149, 149, 143 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 149, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 149, 143.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
149, 149, 143

**Protanopia**  
150, 148, 143

**Deuteranopia**  
161, 142, 144



**Tritanopia**  
151, 144, 155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149, 149, 143

## Protanomaly

150, 148, 143

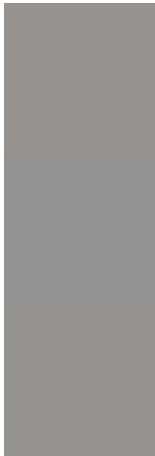
## Deuteranomaly

157, 143, 144

## Tritanomaly

150, 145, 151

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149, 149, 143

## Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

## Achromatomaly

148, 148, 146

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 149, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(149, 146, 143) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 146, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 146, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 146, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 149, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 146, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 146, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 146, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 146, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 146, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 146,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 149, 149, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 146, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
146, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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