

Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 149, 201)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(149, 149, 201) contains.

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Color

R_YB(149, 149, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9595C9
RGB	149, 149, 201
RGB Percent	58%, 58%, 79%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4157, 0.2118
CMYK	0.26, 0.26, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	240°, 32%, 69%
HSV	240°, 26%, 79%
XYZ	33.6845, 32.1015, 59.6792
YIQ	154.9280, -16.6920, 16.1720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

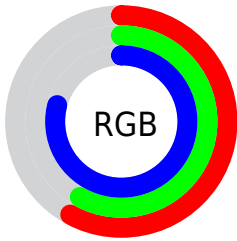
Format	Color
RYB	149, 149, 201
Decimal	9803209
CIELab	63.43, 11.48, -26.73
CIELCh	63, 29.093, 293.237
Yxy	32.1015, 0.2685, 0.2559
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287993289 (0xFF9595C9)
YUV	154.9280, 22.7135, -5.1989
Hunter-Lab	56.6582, 6.9702, -22.7906

Details

The RYB color **149, 149, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **149, 201, 149**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 203, 255**, and **97, 98, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129, 129, 201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 169, 201**.

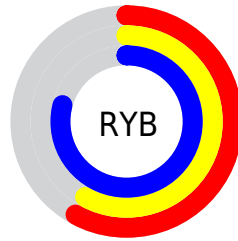
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (58%)

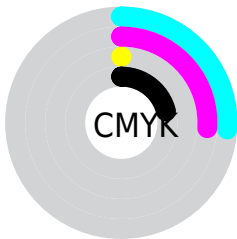
Blue (79%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (79%)

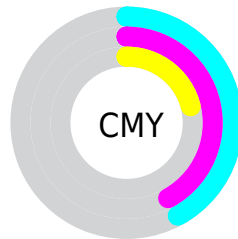


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 149, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 149, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 149, 149, 201

255, 255, 255

■ 204, 203, 255

■ 232, 231, 255

■ 149, 149, 201

■ 123, 123, 174

■ 97, 98, 147

■ 72, 75, 121

■ 48, 52, 96

■ 23, 30, 72

■ 0, 6, 49

■ 0, 1, 28

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 149, 149, 201

■ 149, 149, 201

■ 129, 129, 201

■ 169, 169, 201

■ 109, 109, 201

■ 189, 189, 201

■ 89, 89, 201

■ 201, 209, 201

■ 69, 69, 201

■ 201, 229, 201

■ 49, 49, 201

■ 201, 250, 201

■ 28, 28, 201

■ 201, 255, 201

■ 8, 8, 201

■ 0, 0, 201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 142, 204



149, 149, 201



181, 140, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 149, 201



196, 155, 113



91, 135, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 149, 201



149, 201, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121, 163, 164



149, 149, 201



144, 177, 102

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 149, 201



205, 135, 134



105, 158, 112



69, 119, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 149, 201



195, 136, 169



105, 158, 112



101, 143, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 149, 201



235, 235, 255



149, 175, 201



115, 115, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 149, 201



176, 176, 255



175, 149, 201



90, 90, 99



0, 0, 163



0, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 149, 201



255, 176, 255



149, 201, 175



99, 90, 99



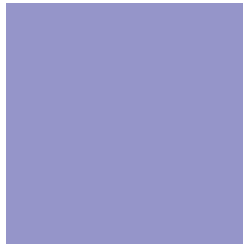
163, 0, 163



36, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 149, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

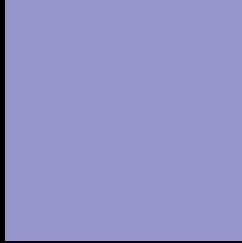
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 149, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

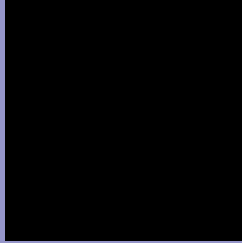
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 149, 149, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 149, 201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 149, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

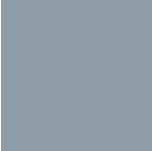
Dichromacy



Original Color
149, 149, 201

Protanopia
139, 150, 203

Deuteranopia
143, 150, 201



Tritanopia

142, 151, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color

149, 149, 201

Protanomaly

143, 150, 202

Deuteranomaly

145, 150, 201

Tritanomaly

145, 152, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

149, 149, 201

Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly

153, 153, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 149, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 149, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 149, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 149, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 149, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 149, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 149, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 149, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 149, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 149, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 149, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 149,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 149, 149, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 149, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
149, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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