

# Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 174, 190)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(149, 174, 190) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(149, 174, 190)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95BEAF
RGB	149, 190, 175
RGB Percent	58%, 75%, 69%
CMY	0.4157, 0.2549, 0.3128
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.08, 0.25
HSL	158°, 24%, 66%
HSV	158°, 22%, 75%
XYZ	38.5693, 46.3211, 47.5892
YIQ	176.0310, -19.6210, -13.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

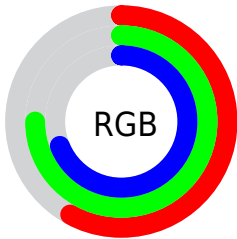
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 174, 190</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9813679</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.75, -16.70, 2.97</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 16.957, 169.920</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">46.3211, 0.2911, 0.3496</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288003759 (0xFF95BEAF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">176.0310, -0.5083, -23.7062</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.0596, -17.9483, 6.1845</a>

# Details

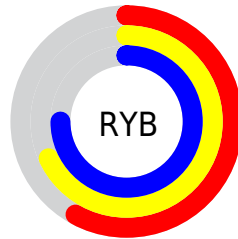
The RYB color **149, 174, 190** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **190, 149, 164**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 230, 246**, and **97, 121, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 167, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 181, 190**.

# Distribution



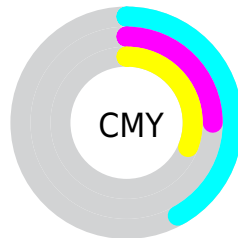
- Red (58%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 174, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 174, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 149, 174, 190


255, 255, 255

 204, 230, 246

 232, 244, 255

 149, 174, 190

 123, 147, 163

 97, 121, 137

 73, 96, 111

 49, 72, 87

 26, 48, 63

 2, 24, 41

 0, 17, 22


 0, 0, 0


 149, 174, 190


 149, 174, 190

 130, 167, 190


 168, 181, 190

 111, 159, 190


 187, 189, 190


 92, 152, 190


 206, 190, 196

 73, 144, 190


 225, 190, 203

 54, 137, 190

 244, 190, 209

 35, 130, 190

 255, 190, 216

 16, 122, 190

 255, 190, 223

 0, 116, 190

 255, 190, 230

 255, 190, 237

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 188, 184



149, 174, 190



141, 166, 191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 174, 190



177, 179, 210



210, 181, 158

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 174, 190



190, 149, 164

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214, 171, 171



149, 174, 190



196, 174, 201

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 174, 190



158, 175, 211



210, 171, 187



188, 199, 151

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 174, 190



141, 168, 201



210, 171, 187



212, 175, 162



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 174, 190



233, 242, 247



149, 190, 175



116, 121, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 174, 190



183, 222, 247



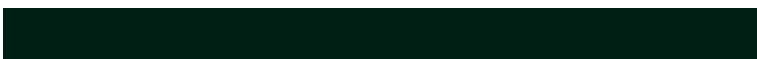
149, 168, 190



85, 90, 94



0, 96, 158



0, 19, 31



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 149, 164



247, 183, 206



190, 155, 149



94, 85, 88



158, 0, 57



31, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 174, 190 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

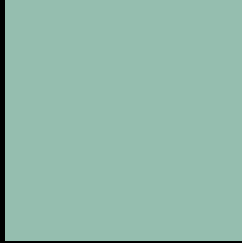
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 174, 190 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

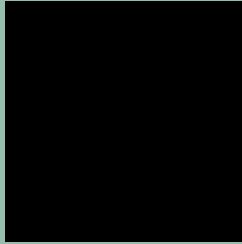
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

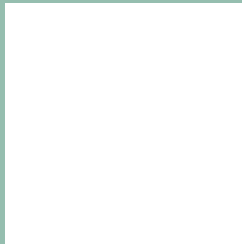
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 149, 174, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 174, 190.

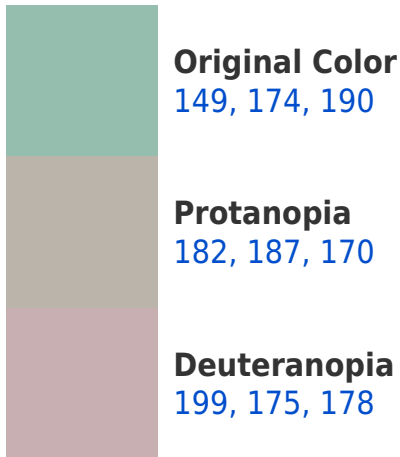


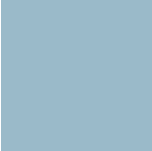
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 174, 190.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

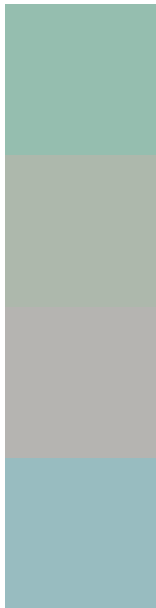
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
154, 173, 201

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
149, 174, 190

**Protanomaly**  
172, 184, 183

**Deuteranomaly**  
178, 181, 177

**Tritanomaly**  
152, 171, 192

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
149, 174, 190

**Achromatopsia**  
176, 176, 176

**Achromatomaly**  
166, 175, 181

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 174, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 190, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 190, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 190, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 190, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 174, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 190, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 190, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 190, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 190, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 190, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 190,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 149, 174, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 190, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
190, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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