

# Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 196, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(149, 196, 145) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(149, 196, 145)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C091
RGB	196, 192, 145
RGB Percent	77%, 75%, 57%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2459, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.26, 0.23
HSL	56°, 30%, 67%
HSV	56°, 26%, 77%
XYZ	46.7894, 51.6073, 34.2832
YIQ	187.8380, 17.4710, -13.7690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

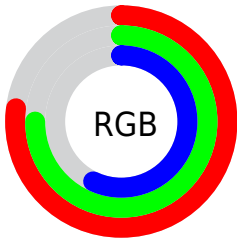
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	149, 196, 145
Decimal	12894353
CIELab	77.05, -6.26, 24.36
CIElCh	77, 25.153, 104.415
Yxy	51.6073, 0.3526, 0.3890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291084433 (0xFFC4C091)
YUV	187.8380, -21.1191, 7.1581
Hunter-Lab	71.8382, -9.4569, 21.9919

# Details

The RYB color **149, 196, 145** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **145, 149, 196**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 253, 199**, and **97, 142, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130, 196, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167, 196, 165**.

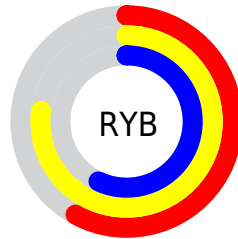
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (75%)

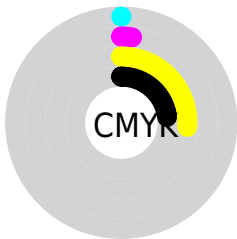
Blue (57%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (57%)

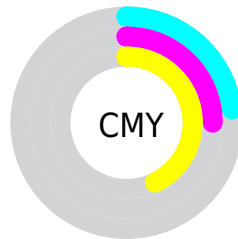


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 196, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 196, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 149, 196, 145


255, 255, 255

 203, 253, 199

 227, 255, 227

 149, 196, 145


 122, 168, 119

 97, 142, 94

 73, 116, 70

 49, 91, 47

 25, 66, 25

 0, 44, 0

 0, 24, 4

 0, 0, 0

 149, 196, 145

 149, 196, 145

■ 130, 196, 125

■ 167, 196, 165

■ 114, 196, 106

■ 185, 196, 184

■ 95, 196, 86

■ 196, 197, 204

■ 77, 196, 67

■ 196, 198, 223

■ 59, 196, 47

■ 196, 199, 243

■ 40, 196, 27

■ 196, 201, 255

■ 23, 196, 8

■ 196, 201, 255

■ 15, 196, 0

■ 196, 203, 255

■ 196, 204, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 219, 146



149, 196, 145



156, 199, 185

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 196, 145



126, 168, 222



229, 175, 203

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 196, 145



145, 149, 196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



208, 181, 224



149, 196, 145



147, 178, 234

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 196, 145



126, 165, 203



178, 187, 235



238, 174, 180

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 196, 145



152, 189, 202



178, 187, 235



223, 176, 211

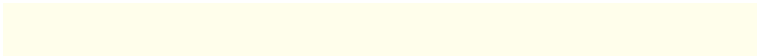


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 196, 145



236, 255, 235



196, 145, 149



116, 128, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 196, 145



182, 255, 176



145, 196, 166



88, 97, 87



13, 161, 0



2, 33, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 149, 196



176, 182, 255



166, 145, 196



87, 88, 97



0, 11, 161



0, 2, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 196, 145 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

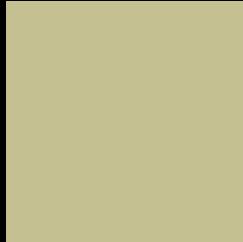
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 196, 145 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

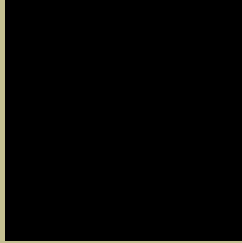
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 149, 196, 145 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 196, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 196, 145.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
149, 196, 145

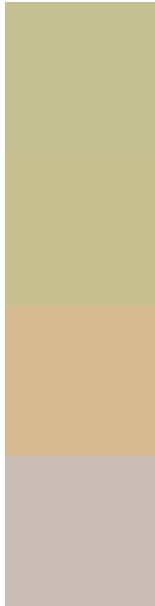
**Protanopia**  
161, 203, 144

**Deuteranopia**  
223, 212, 147



**Tritanopia**  
203, 185, 200

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

149, 196, 145

**Protanomaly**

155, 200, 144

**Deuteranomaly**

191, 213, 146

**Tritanomaly**

200, 193, 180

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

149, 196, 145

**Achromatopsia**

188, 188, 188

**Achromatomaly**

173, 191, 172

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 196, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 192, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 192, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 192, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 192, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 196, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

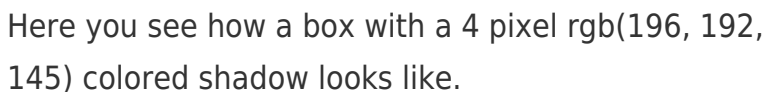
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 192, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 192, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 192, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192, 145); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192, 145); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192, 145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 149, 196, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 192, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
192, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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