

Converting Colors

`RYB(149, 79, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(149, 79, 152) contains.

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Color

R_YB(149, 79, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	954F98
RGB	149, 79, 152
RGB Percent	58%, 31%, 60%
CMY	0.4157, 0.6902, 0.4039
CMYK	0.02, 0.48, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	298°, 32%, 45%
HSV	298°, 48%, 60%
XYZ	20.8579, 14.2485, 31.3567
YIQ	108.2520, 18.2870, 37.5430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

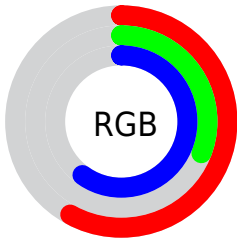
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 79, 152
Decimal	9785240
CIE _{Lab}	44.59, 40.44, -27.61
CIE _{LCh}	45, 48.965, 325.671
Yxy	14.2485, 0.3138, 0.2144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287975320 (0xFF954F98)
YUV	108.2520, 21.5678, 35.7360
Hunter-Lab	37.7472, 32.5758, -22.8292

Details

The RYB color **149, 79, 152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **79, 152, 149**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 131, 207**, and **96, 29, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 64, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150, 94, 152**.

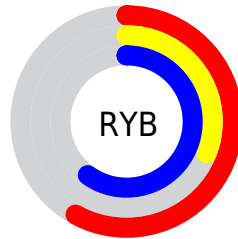
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (31%)

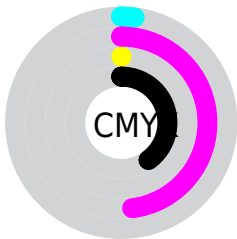
Blue (60%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (60%)

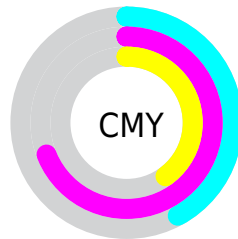


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 149, 79, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 149, 79, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



149, 79, 152



149, 79, 152

255, 255, 255



122, 54, 126



205, 131, 207



96, 29, 101



233, 157, 235



71, 0, 76



255, 185, 255



47, 0, 53



255, 213, 255



20, 0, 32



255, 242, 255



0, 0, 3



0, 0, 0



149, 79, 152



149, 79, 152



148, 64, 152



150, 94, 152

■ 148, 49, 152

■ 150, 109, 152

■ 147, 33, 152

■ 151, 125, 152

■ 147, 18, 152

■ 151, 140, 152

■ 146, 3, 152

■ 152, 155, 155

■ 146, 0, 152

■ 152, 170, 169

■ 152, 185, 184

■ 152, 201, 199

■ 152, 216, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 97, 179



149, 79, 152



175, 66, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 79, 152



52, 131, 12



0, 66, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 79, 152



79, 152, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 69, 124



149, 79, 152



23, 114, 45

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 79, 152



161, 115, 37



33, 102, 121



0, 71, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 79, 152



179, 67, 86



33, 102, 121



0, 63, 126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 79, 152



195, 169, 196



79, 83, 152



99, 83, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 79, 152



192, 82, 196



152, 79, 119



76, 69, 77



134, 0, 140



12, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 79, 82



196, 82, 87



79, 129, 152



77, 69, 69



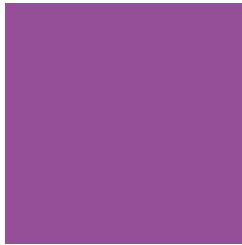
140, 0, 6



13, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 79, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

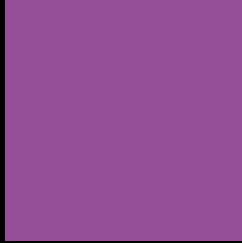
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 149, 79, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

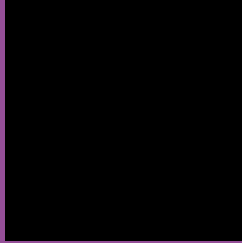
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 149, 79, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 79, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 149, 79, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
149, 79, 152

Protanopia
78, 98, 173

Deuteranopia
92, 103, 147



Tritanopia
142, 92, 99

Trichromacy



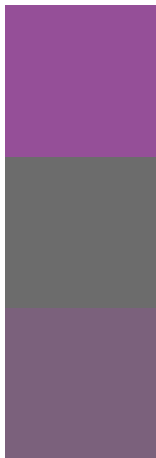
Original Color
149, 79, 152

Protanomaly
104, 95, 165

Deuteranomaly
113, 96, 149

Tritanomaly
145, 87, 118

Monochromacy



Original Color
149, 79, 152

Achromatopsia
108, 108, 108

Achromatomaly
123, 97, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 149, 79, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 79, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 79, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 79, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 79, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 149, 79, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 79, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 79, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 79, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 79, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 79, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 79,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 149, 79, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 79, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149, 79,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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