

Converting Colors

R_YB(14, 63, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(14, 63, 111) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(14, 63, 111)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E6F6D
RGB	14, 111, 109
RGB Percent	5%, 44%, 43%
CMY	0.9451, 0.5647, 0.5725
CMYK	0.87, 0.00, 0.02, 0.56
HSL	179°, 78%, 25%
HSV	179°, 87%, 44%
XYZ	8.6270, 12.5668, 16.4447
YIQ	81.7690, -57.1700, -21.1860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

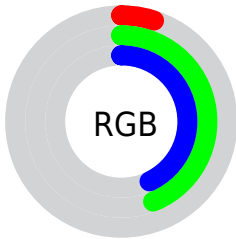
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 63, 111
Decimal	946029
CIE _{Lab}	42.10, -25.74, -6.33
CIE _{LCh}	42, 26.508, 193.817
Yxy	12.5668, 0.2292, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279136109 (0xFF0E6F6D)
YUV	81.7690, 13.4249, -59.4334
Hunter-Lab	35.4497, -18.5976, -2.6892

Details

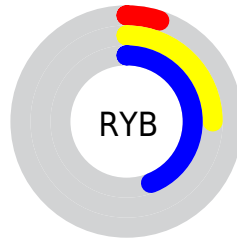
The RYB color **14, 63, 111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **111, 14, 16**, and the grayscale version is **82, 82, 82**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 122, 163**, and **0, 32, 63** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3, 58, 111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 69, 111**.

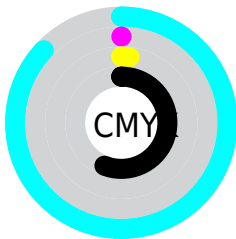
Distribution



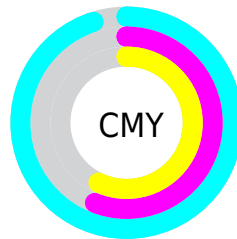
- Red (5%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (56%)



















- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 14, 63, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 14, 63, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14, 63, 111	 14, 63, 111
255, 255, 255	 0, 43, 86
 80, 122, 163	 0, 32, 63
 108, 150, 190	 0, 20, 40
 136, 178, 218	 0, 9, 20
 164, 206, 247	 0, 0, 0
 193, 224, 255	
 222, 239, 255	
 251, 253, 255	
 14, 63, 111	 14, 63, 111

■ 3, 58, 111

■ 25, 69, 111

■ 0, 56, 111

■ 36, 74, 111

■ 47, 79, 111

■ 58, 85, 111

■ 70, 91, 111

■ 81, 96, 111

■ 92, 102, 111

■ 103, 107, 111

■ 114, 111, 111

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51, 88, 110



14, 63, 111



0, 59, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14, 63, 111



115, 90, 131



113, 124, 58

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 63, 111



111, 14, 16

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 93, 70



14, 63, 111



134, 84, 112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14, 63, 111



84, 95, 142



142, 82, 90



59, 104, 56

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 63, 111



30, 75, 138



142, 82, 90



129, 115, 61

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 63, 111



108, 127, 145



14, 111, 108



51, 63, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 63, 111



0, 73, 145



14, 48, 111



50, 53, 56



0, 61, 120



0, 125, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 14, 16



145, 0, 3



111, 98, 14



56, 50, 51



120, 0, 2



247, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 14, 63, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 14, 63, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 14, 63, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 14, 63, 111.

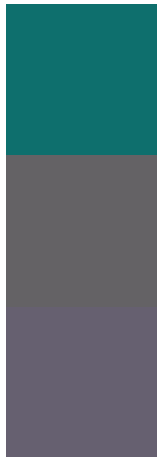


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 14, 63, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14, 63, 111

Protanopia

100, 98, 101

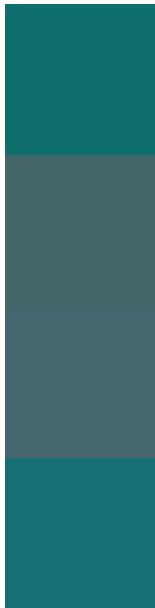
Deuteranopia

102, 96, 112



Tritanopia
25, 69, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color

14, 63, 111

Protanomaly

69, 86, 104

Deuteranomaly

70, 88, 111

Tritanomaly

21, 67, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color

14, 63, 111

Achromatopsia

82, 82, 82

Achromatomaly

57, 75, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 14, 63, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 111, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 111, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 111, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 111, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 14, 63, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 111, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 111, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 111, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 111, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 111, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 111,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 14, 63, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 111, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 111,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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