

Converting Colors

`RYB(150, 153, 193)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(150, 153, 193) contains.

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Color

R_YB(150, 153, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9699C1
RGB	150, 153, 193
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 76%
CMY	0.4118, 0.3991, 0.2431
CMYK	0.22, 0.21, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	236°, 26%, 67%
HSV	236°, 22%, 76%
XYZ	33.6314, 33.1905, 55.0859
YIQ	156.6630, -14.6280, 11.8040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

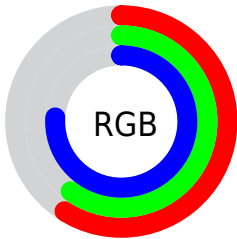
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 153, 193
Decimal	9869761
CIE _{Lab}	64.31, 7.46, -20.89
CIE _{LCh}	64, 22.184, 289.662
Yxy	33.1905, 0.2759, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288059841 (0xFF9699C1)
YUV	156.6630, 17.9141, -5.8435
Hunter-Lab	57.6112, 3.3826, -16.3633

Details

The RYB color **150, 153, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **153, 193, 150**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 207, 250**, and **98, 102, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131, 135, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 171, 193**.

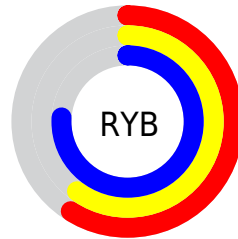
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (60%)

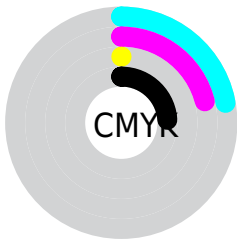
Blue (76%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (76%)

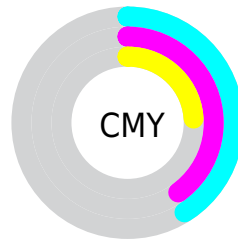


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 150, 153, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 150, 153, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 150, 153, 193


255, 255, 255

 205, 207, 250

 233, 236, 255

 150, 153, 193

 124, 127, 166


 98, 102, 139

 74, 78, 114

 50, 55, 89

 27, 33, 66

 5, 11, 43

 0, 1, 22

 0, 0, 0

 150, 153, 193

 150, 153, 193

■ 131, 135, 193

■ 169, 171, 193

■ 111, 117, 193

■ 189, 189, 193

■ 92, 99, 193

■ 194, 208, 193

■ 73, 81, 193

■ 195, 227, 193

■ 54, 63, 193

■ 199, 247, 193

■ 34, 45, 193

■ 193, 255, 193

■ 15, 27, 193

■ 0, 13, 193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123, 147, 194



150, 153, 193



175, 147, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 153, 193



191, 154, 127



113, 146, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 153, 193



153, 193, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 164, 160



150, 153, 193



160, 177, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 153, 193



197, 142, 143



118, 159, 120



100, 134, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 153, 193



187, 143, 170



118, 159, 120



120, 151, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 153, 193



232, 234, 250



150, 173, 193



115, 116, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 153, 193



182, 187, 250



168, 150, 193



87, 88, 97



0, 11, 161



0, 2, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 150, 153



250, 182, 187



150, 193, 168



97, 87, 88



161, 0, 12



33, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 153, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

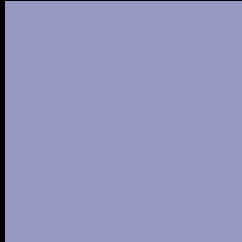
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 150, 153, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

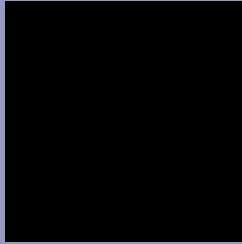
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 150, 153, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 153, 193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 150, 153, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[150](#), [153](#), [193](#)

Protanopia
[146](#), [153](#), [194](#)

Deuteranopia
[152](#), [153](#), [193](#)



Tritanopia
146, 154, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color
150, 153, 193

Protanomaly
147, 153, 194

Deuteranomaly
151, 153, 193

Tritanomaly
147, 154, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color
150, 153, 193

Achromatopsia
157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly
154, 156, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 150, 153, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 153, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 153, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 153, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 153, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 150, 153, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 153, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 153, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 153, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 153, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 153, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 153,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 150, 153, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 153, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
153, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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